

**SENATE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND  
TRANSPORTATION**

Full Committee  
Nominations Hearing  
Wednesday, July 16, 2025, at 10:00 A.M.

**REPUBLICAN QUESTIONS FOR THE RECORD**

*Mr. Paul Roberti*

**COVER PAGE**

## SENATOR JERRY MORAN (R-KS)

1. Next to agriculture, the aviation industry is central to the Kansas economy.

As the Aviation Subcommittee Chair, I've seen how FAA's information sharing systems have proven to be successful at encouraging collaboration between stakeholders. I've worked with the Commerce Committee to establish a similar mechanism at PHMSA to accelerate pipeline monitoring and raise safety standards.

How does voluntary information sharing among natural gas infrastructure operators enhance safety, security, efficiency, and regulatory compliance?

**Response:** When operators see broader trends beyond their own networks, they can act more quickly on indicators of failure and collaborate to address shared vulnerabilities. Shared data can be analyzed to identify high-risk assets or regions, benchmark performance against peers, identify best practices, and develop new technologies. If properly implemented with the information protections needed to ensure operator participation, a successful Voluntary Information-Sharing program could serve as a trusted repository of high-volume, high-quality data and information that would advance pipeline safety and could lead to opportunities for reducing accidents and incidents, enhance safety management systems, and determine gaps in pipeline information to drive continuous improvement.

2. Integral to the mission of the agency you are nominated to lead is coordination with other federal departments and agencies and with states, localities, and industry stakeholders to deliver safe and efficient transportation networks.

How will you leverage relationships with state departments of transportation, metropolitan planning organizations, local governments, and other partners to navigate diverse transportation safety needs while upholding a uniform standard of safety throughout the country?

**Response:** As a former state Public Utility Commissioner in Rhode Island, I know first-hand how important Federal, state, and local government cooperation is to enhance safety and ensure resources are being leveraged appropriately to protect the traveling public. As Administrator, I will continue to leverage the partnerships PHMSA has developed with these important stakeholders to ensure the safe movement of hazardous materials and energy products in all states and localities.

## SENATOR TED BUDD (R-NC)

1. As we think about the lessons learned post-COVID about the importance of just in time deliveries, I am excited about the prospect of package delivery by drones. Drone deliveries bring a lot of advantages because they can travel as the crow flies and enable deliveries in less than 30 minutes. However, there are items that consumers seek to have delivered - like hand sanitizer, nail polish or small lithium ion batteries - are classified as hazardous materials creating issues delivering these items via drone. These small commercial items classified as hazardous materials are regularly carried onto airplanes in purses, backpacks and carry-on luggage, but PHMSA regulations create significant issues when these same items are delivered by drone. Section 933 of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2024 required PHMSA to develop a risk-based approach to allow drones to deliver certain small commercial items classified as hazardous materials by drone by November 12, 2024. While some progress has been made, PHMSA has not yet established such a risk-based approval process that can enable common small commercial items to be delivered by drone.

Mr. Roberti, if confirmed, would you ensure that PHMSA meets the obligation under the FAA Reauthorization Act to establish a risk-based approach for small commercial items classified as hazardous materials required by Section 933 of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2024?

**Response:** Yes. On August 22, 2024, PHMSA and the FAA hosted a public meeting to solicit comments from stakeholders on ideas for establishing a risk-based approach for small commercial items classified as hazardous materials as required by Section 933 of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2024. If confirmed, I am committed to taking the next steps to follow the law and implement this Congressional mandate.

2. I have concerns that over the past few years, PHMSA (pronounced FIM-zuh) has moved away from pipeline safety toward climate activism and environmental regulation. Pipelines are essential to American energy security, and if we do not have the necessary infrastructure to deliver oil and natural gas from producers to the end user, our energy security is at risk. Do you agree it is critical to maintain PHMSA's focus on safety regulation rather than environmental activism?

**Response:** Yes. If confirmed, safety will be my top priority as Administrator.