



AMENDMENT NO. _____

Calendar No. _____

Purpose: In the nature of a substitute.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—114th Cong., 2d Sess.

S. 3084

To invest in innovation through research and development,
and to improve the competitiveness of the United States.

Referred to the Committee on _____ and
ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended
to be proposed by Mr. GARDNER (for himself and Mr.
PETERS)

Viz:

1 Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-
2 lowing:

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 “American Innovation and Competitiveness Act”.

6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- Sec. 3. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE I—MAXIMIZING BASIC RESEARCH

- Sec. 101. Reaffirmation of merit-based peer review.
- Sec. 102. Transparency and accountability.
- Sec. 103. EPSCoR reaffirmation and update.
- Sec. 104. Cybersecurity research.

- Sec. 105. Networking and information technology research and development update.
- Sec. 106. High-energy physics coordination.
- Sec. 107. Laboratory program improvements.
- Sec. 108. International activities.
- Sec. 109. Standard Reference Data Act update.
- Sec. 110. NSF mid-scale project investments.
- Sec. 111. Oversight of NSF large-scale research facility projects.
- Sec. 112. Conflicts of interest.
- Sec. 113. Management of the NSF Antarctic Program.
- Sec. 114. NIST campus security.

TITLE II—ADMINISTRATIVE AND REGULATORY BURDEN
REDUCTION

- Sec. 201. Interagency working group on research regulation.
- Sec. 202. Scientific and technical collaboration.
- Sec. 203. NIST grants and cooperative agreements update.
- Sec. 204. Repeal of certain obsolete reports.
- Sec. 205. Repeal of certain provisions.

TITLE III—SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING, AND MATH
EDUCATION

- Sec. 301. Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program update.
- Sec. 302. Space grants.
- Sec. 303. STEM Education Advisory Panel.
- Sec. 304. Committee on STEM Education.
- Sec. 305. Grant programs to expand STEM opportunities.
- Sec. 306. Centers of excellence for inclusion in STEM.
- Sec. 307. NIST education and outreach.
- Sec. 308. Presidential awards for excellence in STEM mentoring.
- Sec. 309. Working group on inclusion in STEM fields.
- Sec. 310. Improving undergraduate STEM experiences.
- Sec. 311. Computer science education research.

TITLE IV—LEVERAGING THE PRIVATE SECTOR

- Sec. 401. Prize competition authority update.
- Sec. 402. Crowdsourcing and citizen science.
- Sec. 403. NIST other transaction authority update.
- Sec. 404. NIST Visiting Committee on Advanced Technology update.

TITLE V—MANUFACTURING

- Sec. 501. Hollings manufacturing extension partnership improvements.
- Sec. 502. Federal loan guarantees for innovative technologies in manufacturing.

TITLE VI—INNOVATION, COMMERCIALIZATION, AND
TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

- Sec. 601. Innovation corps.
- Sec. 602. Translational research grants.
- Sec. 603. Optics and photonics technology innovations.

1 **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

2 In this Act, unless expressly provided otherwise:

3 (1) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-**
4 **GRESS.**—The term “appropriate committees of Con-
5 gress” means the Committee on Commerce, Science,
6 and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
7 mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
8 House of Representatives.

9 (2) **FEDERAL SCIENCE AGENCY.**—The term
10 “Federal science agency” has the meaning given the
11 term in section 103 of the America **COMPETES**
12 Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 6623).

13 (3) **FOUNDATION.**—The term “Foundation”
14 means the National Science Foundation.

15 (4) **INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.**—The
16 term “institution of higher education” has the
17 meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the
18 Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).

19 (5) **NIST.**—The term “NIST” means the Na-
20 tional Institute of Standards and Technology.

21 (6) **STEM.**—The term “STEM” has the mean-
22 ing given the term in section 2 of the American
23 **COMPETES** Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42
24 U.S.C. 6621 note).

25 (7) **STEM EDUCATION.**—The term “STEM
26 education” has the meaning given the term in sec-

1 tion 2 of the STEM Education Act of 2015 (42
2 U.S.C. 6621 note).

3 **SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

4 (a) FISCAL YEAR 2017.—

5 (1) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND
6 TECHNOLOGY.—There is authorized to be appro-
7 priated to the Secretary of Commerce \$974,000,000
8 for NIST for fiscal year 2017.

9 (2) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—There
10 is authorized to be appropriated to the Foundation
11 \$7,510,000,000 for fiscal year 2017.

12 (b) FISCAL YEAR 2018.—

13 (1) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND
14 TECHNOLOGY.—There is authorized to be appro-
15 priated to the Secretary of Commerce
16 \$1,013,000,000 for NIST for fiscal year 2018.

17 (2) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—There
18 is authorized to be appropriated to the Foundation
19 \$7,810,000,000 for fiscal year 2018.

20 **TITLE I—MAXIMIZING BASIC**
21 **RESEARCH**

22 **SEC. 101. REAFFIRMATION OF MERIT-BASED PEER REVIEW.**

23 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
24 gress that—

1 (1) the Foundation’s intellectual merit and
2 broader impacts criteria remain appropriate for eval-
3 uating grant proposals, as concluded by the 2011
4 National Science Board Task Force on Merit Re-
5 view;

6 (2) evaluating proposals on the basis of the
7 Foundation’s intellectual merit and broader impacts
8 criteria assures that—

9 (A) proposals funded by the Foundation
10 are of high quality and advance scientific
11 knowledge; and

12 (B) the Foundation’s overall funding port-
13 folio addresses societal needs through research
14 findings or through related activities; and

15 (3) as evidenced by the Foundation’s contribu-
16 tions to scientific advancement, economic develop-
17 ment, human health, and national security, its peer
18 review and merit review processes have successfully
19 identified and funded scientifically and societally rel-
20 evant research and should be preserved.

21 (b) MERIT REVIEW CRITERIA.—The Foundation
22 shall maintain the intellectual merit and broader impacts
23 criteria, among other specific criteria as appropriate, as
24 the basis for evaluating grant proposals in the merit re-
25 view process.

1 (c) UPDATES.—If after the date of enactment of this
2 Act a change is made to the merit-review process, the Di-
3 rector shall submit a report to the appropriate committees
4 of Congress not later than 30 days after the date of the
5 change.

6 **SEC. 102. TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY.**

7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that the Foundation
8 has improved transparency and accountability of the out-
9 comes made through the merit review process.

10 (b) GUIDANCE.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Founda-
12 tion shall issue and periodically update, as appro-
13 priate, policy guidance for both Foundation staff
14 and other Foundation merit review process partici-
15 pants, clarifying the importance of transparency and
16 accountability of the outcomes made through the
17 merit review process.

18 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The guidance under
19 paragraph (1) shall require that each abstract for a
20 Foundation-funded research project—

21 (A) provide a clear justification for any
22 Federal funds that will be expended, including
23 by—

24 (i) describing how the project—

1 (I) reflects the mission statement
2 of the Foundation; and

3 (II) addresses both of the Na-
4 tional Science Board-approved merit
5 review criteria; and

6 (ii) clearly identifying the research
7 priorities of the project in a manner that
8 can be easily understood by both technical
9 and non-technical audiences; and

10 (B) be publicly available at the time of
11 award.

12 (c) EXAMINATION.—Not later than 180 days after
13 the date of enactment of this Act, the National Science
14 Board shall—

15 (1) examine the efforts by the Foundation to
16 improve transparency and accountability in the
17 merit-review process; and

18 (2) submit to the appropriate committees of
19 Congress a report on the examination, including any
20 recommendations for how to further improve trans-
21 parency and accountability of the outcomes made
22 through the merit-review process.

1 **SEC. 103. EPSCOR REAFFIRMATION AND UPDATE.**

2 (a) FINDINGS.—Section 517(a) of the America COM-
3 PETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-
4 9(a)) is amended—

5 (1) in paragraph (1)—

6 (A) by striking “The National” and insert-
7 ing “the National”; and

8 (B) by striking “education,” and inserting
9 “education”;

10 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking “with 27
11 States” and all that follows through the semicolon at
12 the end and inserting “with 28 States and jurisdic-
13 tions, taken together, receiving only about 12 per-
14 cent of all National Science Foundation research
15 funding;”;

16 (3) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the
17 following:

18 “(3) each of the States described in paragraph
19 (2) receives only a fraction of 1 percent of the Foun-
20 dation’s research dollars each year;” and

21 (4) by adding at the end the following:

22 “(4) first established at the National Science
23 Foundation in 1979, the Experimental Program to
24 Stimulate Competitive Research (referred to in this
25 section as ‘EPSCoR’) assists States and jurisdic-
26 tions historically underserved by Federal research

1 and development funding in strengthening their re-
2 search and innovation capabilities;

3 “(5) the EPSCoR structure requires each par-
4 ticipating State to develop a science and technology
5 plan suited to State and local research, education,
6 and economic interests and objectives;

7 “(6) EPSCoR has been credited with advancing
8 the research competitiveness of participating States,
9 improving awareness of science, promoting policies
10 that link scientific investment and economic growth,
11 and encouraging partnerships between government,
12 industry, and academia;

13 “(7) EPSCoR proposals are evaluated through
14 a rigorous and competitive merit-review process to
15 ensure that awarded research and development ef-
16 forts meet high scientific standards; and

17 “(8) according to the National Academy of
18 Sciences, EPSCoR has strengthened the national re-
19 search infrastructure and enhanced the educational
20 opportunities needed to develop the science and engi-
21 neering workforce.”.

22 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—It is the sense of Congress
24 that—

1 (A) since maintaining the Nation’s sci-
2 entific and economic leadership requires the
3 participation of talented individuals nationwide,
4 EPSCoR investments into State research and
5 education capacities are in the Federal interest
6 and should be sustained; and

7 (B) EPSCoR should maintain its experi-
8 mental component by supporting innovative
9 methods for improving research capacity and
10 competitiveness.

11 (2) DEFINITION OF EPSCOR.—In this sub-
12 section, the term “EPSCoR” has the meaning given
13 the term in section 502 of the America COMPETES
14 Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p
15 note).

16 (c) AWARD STRUCTURE UPDATES.—Section 517 of
17 the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010
18 (42 U.S.C. 1862p–9) is amended by adding at the end
19 the following:

20 “(g) AWARD STRUCTURE UPDATES.—In imple-
21 menting the mandate to maximize the impact of Federal
22 EPSCoR support on building competitive research infra-
23 structure, and based on the inputs and recommendations
24 of previous EPSCoR reviews, the head of each Federal
25 agency administering an EPSCoR program shall—

1 “(1) consider modifications to EPSCoR pro-
2 posal solicitation, award type, and project evalua-
3 tion—

4 “(A) to more closely align with current
5 agency priorities and initiatives;

6 “(B) to focus EPSCoR funding on achiev-
7 ing critical scientific, infrastructure, and edu-
8 cational needs of that agency;

9 “(C) to encourage collaboration between
10 EPSCoR-eligible institutions and researchers,
11 including with institutions and researchers in
12 other States and jurisdictions;

13 “(D) to improve communication between
14 State and Federal agency proposal reviewers;
15 and

16 “(E) to continue to reduce administrative
17 burdens associated with EPSCoR;

18 “(2) consider modifications to EPSCoR award
19 structures—

20 “(A) to emphasize long-term investments
21 in building research capacity, potentially
22 through the use of larger, renewable funding
23 opportunities; and

1 “(B) to allow the agency, States, and jurisdic-
2 dictions to experiment with new research and
3 development funding models; and

4 “(3) consider modifications to the mechanisms
5 used to monitor and evaluate EPSCoR awards—

6 “(A) to increase collaboration between
7 EPSCoR-funded researchers and agency staff,
8 including by providing opportunities for men-
9 toring young researchers and for the use of
10 Federal facilities;

11 “(B) to identify and disseminate best prac-
12 tices; and

13 “(C) to harmonize metrics across partici-
14 pating Federal agencies, as appropriate.”.

15 (d) REPORTS.—

16 (1) CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS.—Section 517 of
17 the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of
18 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p–9), as amended, is further
19 amended—

20 (A) by striking subsection (c);

21 (B) by redesignating subsections (d)
22 through (g) as subsections (c) through (f), re-
23 spectively;

24 (C) in subsection (c), as redesignated—

1 (i) in paragraph (1), by striking “Ex-
2 perimental Programs to Stimulate Com-
3 petitive Research” and inserting
4 “EPSCoR”; and

5 (ii) in paragraph (2)—

6 (I) in subparagraphs (A), (D),
7 and (E), by striking “EPSCoR and
8 Federal EPSCoR-like programs” and
9 inserting “each EPSCoR”;

10 (II) in subparagraph (E), by
11 striking “EPSCoR or Federal
12 EPSCoR-like programs” and inserting
13 “each EPSCoR”; and

14 (III) in subparagraph (G), by
15 striking “EPSCoR programs” and in-
16 serting “each EPSCoR”; and

17 (D) by amending subsection (d), as reded-
18 icated, to read as follows:

19 “(d) FEDERAL AGENCY REPORTS.—Each Federal
20 agency that administers an EPSCoR shall submit to Con-
21 gress, as part of its Federal budget submission—

22 “(1) a description of the program strategy and
23 objectives;

24 “(2) a description of the awards made in the
25 previous fiscal year, including—

1 “(A) the total amount made available, by
2 State, under EPSCoR;

3 “(B) the total amount of agency funding
4 made available to all institutions and entities
5 within each EPSCoR State;

6 “(C) the efforts and accomplishments to
7 more fully integrate the EPSCoR States in
8 major agency activities and initiatives;

9 “(D) the percentage of EPSCoR reviewers
10 from EPSCoR States; and

11 “(E) the number of programs or large col-
12 laborator awards involving a partnership of or-
13 ganizations and institutions from EPSCoR and
14 non-EPSCoR States; and

15 “(3) an analysis of the gains in academic re-
16 search quality and competitiveness, and in science
17 and technology human resource development,
18 achieved by the program over the last 5 fiscal
19 years.”; and

20 (E) in subsection (e)(1), as redesignated,
21 by striking “Experimental Program to Stimu-
22 late Competitive Research or a program similar
23 to the Experimental Program to Stimulate
24 Competitive Research” and inserting
25 “EPSCoR”.

1 (2) RESULTS OF AWARD STRUCTURE PLAN.—
2 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
3 of this Act, the EPSCoR Interagency Coordinating
4 Committee shall brief the appropriate committees of
5 Congress on the updates made to the award struc-
6 ture under 517(f) of the America COMPETES Re-
7 authorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p–9(f)),
8 as amended by this subsection.

9 (e) DEFINITION OF EPSCoR.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 502 of the America
11 COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42
12 U.S.C. 1862p note) is amended by amending para-
13 graph (2) to read as follows:

14 “(2) EPSCoR.—The term ‘EPSCoR’ means—

15 “(A) the Established Program to Stimulate
16 Competitive Research established by the Foun-
17 dation; or

18 “(B) a program similar to the Established
19 Program to Stimulate Competitive Research at
20 another Federal agency.”.

21 (2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-
22 MENTS.—Section 113 of the National Science Foun-
23 dation Authorization Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 1862g)
24 is amended—

1 (A) in the heading, by striking “**EXPERI-**
2 **MENTAL**” and inserting “**ESTABLISHED**”;

3 (B) in subsection (a), by striking “an Ex-
4 perimental Program to Stimulate Competitive
5 Research” and inserting “a program to stimu-
6 late competitive research (known as the ‘Estab-
7 lished Program to Stimulate Competitive Re-
8 search’)”; and

9 (C) in subsection (b), by striking “the pro-
10 gram” and inserting “the Program”.

11 **SEC. 104. CYBERSECURITY RESEARCH.**

12 (a) FOUNDATION CYBERSECURITY RESEARCH.—Sec-
13 tion 4(a)(1) of the Cyber Security Research and Develop-
14 ment Act, as amended (15 U.S.C. 7403(a)(1)) is amend-
15 ed—

16 (1) in subparagraph (O), by striking “and” at
17 the end;

18 (2) in subparagraph (P), by striking the period
19 at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

20 (3) by adding at the end the following:

21 “(Q) security of election-dedicated voting
22 system software and hardware; and

23 “(R) role of the human factor in
24 cybersecurity and the interplay of computers
25 and humans and the physical world.”.

1 (b) NIST CYBERSECURITY PRIORITIES.—

2 (1) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE AWARENESS.—

3 The Director of NIST, in coordination with the Sec-
4 retary of Homeland Security, shall continue to raise
5 public awareness of the voluntary, industry-led
6 cybersecurity standards and best practices for crit-
7 ical infrastructure developed under section 2(c)(15)
8 of the National Institute of Standards and Tech-
9 nology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(c)(15)).

10 (2) QUANTUM COMPUTING.—Under section 2(b)
11 of the National Institute of Standards and Tech-
12 nology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(b)) and section 20 of
13 that Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-3), the Director of NIST
14 shall—

15 (A) research information systems for fu-
16 ture cybersecurity needs; and

17 (B) coordinate with relevant stakeholders
18 to develop a process—

19 (i) to research and identify or, if nec-
20 essary, develop cryptography standards
21 and guidelines for future cybersecurity
22 needs, including quantum-resistant cryp-
23 tography standards; and

24 (ii) to provide recommendations to
25 Congress, Federal agencies, and industry

1 for a secure and smooth transition to the
2 standards under clause (i).

3 (3) VOTING.—Section 2(c) of the National In-
4 stitute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C.
5 272(c)) is amended—

6 (A) by redesignating paragraphs (16)
7 through (23) as paragraphs (17) through (24),
8 respectively; and

9 (B) by inserting after paragraph (15) the
10 following:

11 “(16) perform research to support the develop-
12 ment of voluntary, consensus-based, industry-led
13 standards and recommendations on the security of
14 computers, computer networks, and computer data
15 storage used in voting systems to ensure voters can
16 vote securely and privately.”.

17 **SEC. 105. NETWORKING AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**
18 **RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT UPDATE.**

19 (a) NETWORKING AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
20 RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—Section 101(a)(1) of
21 the High-Performance Computing Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C.
22 5511(a)(1)) is amended—

23 (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),
24 by inserting “IN GENERAL.—” before “The Presi-
25 dent”;

1 (2) in subparagraph (H), by striking “and” at
2 the end;

3 (3) in subparagraph (I), by striking the period
4 at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

5 (4) by adding at the end the following:

6 “(J) provide for research on the interplay
7 of computing and people, including social com-
8 puting and human-robot interaction;

9 “(K) provide for research on cyber-physical
10 systems and improving the methods available
11 for the design, development, and operation of
12 those systems that are characterized by high re-
13 liability, safety, and security;

14 “(L) provide for the understanding of the
15 science, engineering, policy, and privacy protec-
16 tion related to networking and information
17 technology;

18 “(M) provide for the understanding of the
19 human facets of cyber threats and secure cyber
20 systems;

21 “(N) provide for the transition of high-per-
22 formance computing in hardware, system soft-
23 ware, development tools, and applications into
24 development and operations; and

1 “(O) foster public-private collaboration
2 with government, industry research labora-
3 tories, academia, and nonprofit organizations to
4 maximize research and development efforts and
5 the benefits of networking and information
6 technology, including high-performance com-
7 puting.”.

8 (b) REVIEW AND PLAN.—Section 101 of the High-
9 Performance Computing Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5511)
10 is amended by adding at the end the following:

11 “(d) PERIODIC REVIEWS.—The heads of the applica-
12 ble agencies and departments working through the Na-
13 tional Science and Technology Council and the Net-
14 working and Information Technology Research and Devel-
15 opment Program shall—

16 “(1) not later than 1 year after the date the ad-
17 visory committee submits a report under subsection
18 (b)(2), assess the structure of the Program, includ-
19 ing the Program Component Areas and associated
20 contents and funding levels, taking into consider-
21 ation any relevant recommendations of the advisory
22 committee; and

23 “(2) ensure that the Program includes
24 foundational and interdisciplinary information tech-
25 nology research and development activities.

1 “(e) STRATEGIC PLANS.—

2 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The heads of the applicable
3 agencies and departments, working through the Na-
4 tional Science and Technology Council and the Net-
5 working and Information Technology Research and
6 Development Program shall develop and implement
7 strategic plans to guide emerging activities in spe-
8 cific Program Component Areas, as the advisory
9 committee determines relevant under subsection (b),
10 of Federal networking and information technology
11 research and development, and to guide the activities
12 described in subsection (a)(1).

13 “(2) UPDATES.—The heads of the applicable
14 agencies and departments shall update the strategic
15 plans as appropriate.

16 “(3) CONTENTS.—Each strategic plan shall—

17 “(A) specify near-term and long-term ob-
18 jectives for the Program, the anticipated sched-
19 ule for achieving the near-term and long-term
20 objectives, and the metrics to be used for as-
21 sessing progress toward the near-term and
22 long-term objectives;

23 “(B) specify how the near-term and long-
24 term objectives complement research and devel-

1 opment areas in which academia and the pri-
2 vate sector is actively engaged;

3 “(C) describe how the heads of the applica-
4 ble agencies and departments will support
5 mechanisms for foundational and interdiscipli-
6 nary research and development in networking
7 and information technology, including through
8 collaborations—

9 “(i) across Federal agencies and de-
10 partments;

11 “(ii) across Program Component
12 Areas; and

13 “(iii) with industry, Federal and pri-
14 vate research laboratories, research enti-
15 ties, universities, institutions of higher
16 education, relevant nonprofit organizations,
17 and international partners of the United
18 States;

19 “(D) describe how the heads of the appli-
20 cable agencies and departments will foster the
21 rapid transfer of research and development re-
22 sults into new technologies and applications;

23 “(E) describe how the Program will ad-
24 dress long-term challenges for which solutions

1 require large-scale, long-term, foundational and
2 interdisciplinary research and development; and

3 “(F) place emphasis on innovative and
4 high-risk projects having the potential for sub-
5 stantial societal returns on the research invest-
6 ment.

7 “(4) PRIVATE SECTOR EFFORTS.—In devel-
8 oping, implementing, and updating strategic plans,
9 the heads of the applicable agencies and depart-
10 ments, working through the National Science and
11 Technology Council and Networking and Informa-
12 tion Technology Research and Development Pro-
13 gram, shall coordinate with industry, academia, and
14 other interested stakeholders to ensure, to the extent
15 practicable, that the Federal networking and infor-
16 mation technology research and development activi-
17 ties carried out under this section do not duplicate
18 the efforts of the private sector.

19 “(5) RECOMMENDATIONS.—In developing and
20 updating strategic plans, the heads of the applicable
21 agencies and departments shall solicit recommenda-
22 tions and advice from—

23 “(A) the advisory committee under sub-
24 section (b); and

1 “(B) a wide range of stakeholders, includ-
2 ing industry, academia, including representa-
3 tives of minority serving institutions and com-
4 munity colleges, National Laboratories, and
5 other relevant organizations and institutions.

6 “(f) REPORTS.—The heads of the applicable agencies
7 and departments, working through the National Science
8 and Technology Council and the Networking and Informa-
9 tion Technology Research and Development Program,
10 shall submit to the advisory committee, the Committee on
11 Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate,
12 and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of
13 the House of Representatives—

14 “(1) the strategic plans developed under sub-
15 section (e)(1); and

16 “(2) each update under subsection (e)(2).

17 “(g) DEFINITION OF APPLICABLE AGENCIES AND
18 DEPARTMENTS.—In this section, the term ‘applicable
19 agencies and departments’ means the Federal agencies
20 and departments identified in subsection (a)(3)(B) or des-
21 ignated under clause (xii) of that subsection.”.

22 “(c) RESEARCH COORDINATION.—Section 101(a)(2)
23 of the High-Performance Computing Act of 1991 (15
24 U.S.C. 5511(a)(2)) is amended—

1 (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),
2 by inserting “REQUIREMENTS.—” before “The Di-
3 rector”; and

4 (2) by amending subparagraph (C) to read as
5 follows:

6 “(C) provide for the coordination of Fed-
7 eral networking and information technology re-
8 search, development, networking, and other ac-
9 tivities—

10 “(i) among the applicable agencies
11 and departments under the Program; and

12 “(ii) to the extent practicable, with
13 other Federal agencies not identified in
14 subsection (a)(3)(B), other Federal and
15 private research laboratories, industry, re-
16 search entities, universities, institutions of
17 higher education, relevant nonprofit orga-
18 nizations, and international partners of the
19 United States;”.

20 (d) BUDGET.—Section 101(a)(3) of the High-Per-
21 formance Computing Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5511(a)(3))
22 is amended—

23 (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),
24 by inserting “CONTENTS OF ANNUAL REPORTS.—”;

1 (2) in subparagraph (B), by striking clauses (i)
2 through (xi) and inserting the following—

3 “(i) the Department of Commerce;

4 “(ii) the Department of Defense;

5 “(iii) the Department of Education;

6 “(iv) the Department of Energy;

7 “(v) the Department of Health and
8 Human Services;

9 “(vi) the Department of Homeland
10 Security;

11 “(vii) the Department of Justice;

12 “(viii) the Environmental Protection
13 Agency;

14 “(ix) the National Aeronautics and
15 Space Administration;

16 “(x) the National Archives and
17 Records Administration;

18 “(xi) the National Science Founda-
19 tion; and

20 “(xii) such other agencies and depart-
21 ments as the President or the Director
22 considers appropriate;”;

23 (3) in subparagraph (C), by striking “is sub-
24 mitted,” and inserting “is submitted, the levels for
25 the previous fiscal year,”;

1 (4) in subparagraph (D)—

2 (A) by striking “is submitted,” and insert-
3 ing “is submitted, the levels for the previous
4 fiscal year,”; and

5 (B) by striking “and” after the semicolon;

6 (5) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as sub-
7 paragraph (F); and

8 (6) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the fol-
9 lowing:

10 “(E) include a description of how the ob-
11 jectives for each Program Component Area, and
12 the objectives for activities that involve multiple
13 Program Component Areas, relate to the objec-
14 tives of the Program identified in the strategic
15 plan under subsection (e);”.

16 (e) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO HIGH-PERFORM-
17 ANCE COMPUTING ACT OF 1991.—The High-Performance
18 Computing Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5501 et seq.) is
19 amended—

20 (1) in section 2 (15 U.S.C. 5501)—

21 (A) in paragraphs (2) and (5), by striking
22 “high-performance computing” and inserting
23 “networking and information technology, in-
24 cluding high-performance computing,”; and

1 (B) in paragraph (3), by striking “high-
2 performance computing” and inserting “net-
3 working and information technology, including
4 high-performance computing”;

5 (2) in section 3 (15 U.S.C. 5502)—

6 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)
7 and paragraph (1), by striking “high-perform-
8 ance computing” and inserting “networking and
9 information technology” each place it appears;
10 and

11 (B) in paragraph (2)—

12 (i) by striking “high-performance
13 computing and” and inserting “networking
14 and information technology and”; and

15 (ii) by striking “high-performance
16 computing network” and inserting “net-
17 working and information technology”;

18 (3) in section 4 (15 U.S.C. 5503)—

19 (A) in paragraphs (2) and (3), by striking
20 “high-performance computing” and inserting
21 “networking and information technology”;

22 (B) by striking paragraph (5);

23 (C) in paragraph (6), by striking “Na-
24 tional High-Performance Computing” and in-

1 serting “Networking and Information Tech-
2 nology Research and Development”; and

3 (D) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4),
4 (6), and (7) as paragraphs (4), (3), (5), and
5 (6), respectively;

6 (4) in section 101 (15 U.S.C. 5511)—

7 (A) in the heading, by striking “**NA-**
8 **TIONAL HIGH-PERFORMANCE COM-**
9 **PUTING**” and inserting “**NETWORKING AND**
10 **INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH**
11 **AND DEVELOPMENT**”;

12 (B) in subsection (a)—

13 (i) in the heading, by striking “**NA-**
14 **TIONAL HIGH-PERFORMANCE COM-**
15 **PUTING**” and inserting “**NETWORKING**
16 **AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RE-**
17 **SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT**”;

18 (ii) in paragraph (1)—

19 (I) in the matter preceding sub-
20 paragraph (A), by striking “National
21 High-Performance Computing” and
22 inserting “Networking and Informa-
23 tion Technology Research and Devel-
24 opment”;

1 (II) in subparagraph (A), by
2 striking “high-performance com-
3 puting, including networking” and in-
4 serting “networking and information
5 technology”;

6 (III) in subparagraphs (B) and
7 (C), by striking “high-performance
8 computing” and inserting “high-end
9 computing, including high-perform-
10 ance computing,”; and

11 (IV) in subparagraph (G), by
12 striking “high-performance com-
13 puting” and inserting “networking
14 and information technology, including
15 high-performance computing,”; and

16 (iii) in paragraph (2)—

17 (I) in subparagraph (A), by strik-
18 ing “high-performance computing re-
19 search, development, networking” and
20 inserting “networking and information
21 technology research and develop-
22 ment”;

23 (II) in subparagraph (E), by
24 striking “high-performance computing
25 and networking systems” and insert-

1 ing “high-end computing and net-
2 working systems”; and

3 (III) in subparagraph (F), by
4 striking “high-performance com-
5 puting” and inserting “high-end, in-
6 cluding high-performance, com-
7 puting”;

8 (C) in subsection (b)(1), in the matter pre-
9 ceding subparagraph (A), by striking “high-per-
10 formance computing” each place it appears and
11 inserting “networking and information tech-
12 nology”;

13 (D) in subsection (b)(2), by striking “Com-
14 mittee on Science and Technology” and insert-
15 ing “Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
16 nology”; and

17 (E) in subsection (c)(1)(A), by striking
18 “high-performance computing” and inserting
19 “networking and information technology”;

20 (5) in section 201(a) (15 U.S.C. 5521(a)), by
21 striking “high-performance computing and advanced
22 high-speed computer networking” and inserting
23 “networking and information technology”;

1 (6) in section 202(a) (15 U.S.C. 5522(a)), by
2 striking “high-performance computing” and insert-
3 ing “networking and information technology”;

4 (7) in section 203 (15 U.S.C. 5523(a))—

5 (A) by striking “high-performance com-
6 puting and networking” and inserting “net-
7 working and information technology”; and

8 (B) by striking “high-performance com-
9 puting systems” and inserting “high-end, in-
10 cluding high-performance, computing systems”;

11 (8) in section 204 (15 U.S.C. 5524)—

12 (A) in subsection (a)(1)—

13 (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
14 “high-performance computing systems and
15 networks” and inserting “networking and
16 information technology systems”;

17 (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
18 “high-performance computing systems in
19 networks” and inserting “networking and
20 information technology systems”; and

21 (iii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
22 “high-performance computing systems”
23 and inserting “networking and information
24 technology”; and

25 (B) in subsection (b)—

1 (i) in the heading, by striking “HIGH-
2 PERFORMANCE COMPUTING AND NET-
3 WORK” and inserting “NETWORK AND IN-
4 FORMATION TECHNOLOGY SECURITY”; and

5 (ii) by striking “sensitive information
6 in Federal computer systems” and insert-
7 ing “agency information and information
8 systems”; and

9 (9) in section 207 (15 U.S.C. 5527)—

10 (A) in subsection (a)(2), by striking “sec-
11 tion 2315(a) of title 10” and inserting “section
12 3552(b)(6)(A) of title 44”; and

13 (B) in subsection (b), by striking “high-
14 performance computing systems” and inserting
15 “networking and information technology”.

16 (f) ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING
17 AMENDMENTS.—

18 (1) NATIONAL NETWORKING AND INFORMATION
19 TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.—Section 101 of the High-
20 Performance Computing Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C.
21 5511), as amended, is further amended—

22 (A) in subsection (b)—

23 (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting
24 “ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—” before “The
25 President shall”;

1 (ii) in paragraph (2), by inserting
2 “ADDITIONAL DUTIES.—” before “In addi-
3 tion to”; and

4 (iii) in paragraph (3), by inserting
5 “FACA.—” before “Section 14”; and

6 (B) in subsection (c)—

7 (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting
8 “REPORTS.—” before “Each Federal”;
9 and

10 (ii) in paragraph (2), by inserting
11 “OMB REVIEW.—” before “The Office”.

12 (2) MISCELLANEOUS.—

13 (A) NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION RE-
14 SEARCH.—Section 4(b)(5)(K) of the Cyber Se-
15 curity Research and Development Act (15
16 U.S.C. 7403(b)(5)(K)) is amended by striking
17 “high-performance computing” and inserting
18 “networking and information technology”.

19 (B) NATIONAL INFORMATION TECH-
20 NOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PRO-
21 GRAM.—Section 13202(b) of the America Re-
22 covery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (42
23 U.S.C. 17912(b)) is amended by striking “Na-
24 tional High-Performance Computing Program”
25 and inserting “Networking and Information

1 Technology Research and Development Pro-
2 gram”.

3 (C) FEDERAL CYBERSECURITY RESEARCH
4 AND DEVELOPMENT.—Section 201(a)(4) of the
5 Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2014 (15
6 U.S.C. 7431(a)(4)) is amended by striking
7 “clauses (i) through (x) of section 101(a)(3)(B)
8 of the High-Performance Computing Act of
9 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5511(a)(3)(B)) or designated
10 under clause (xi) of that section” and inserting
11 “clauses (i) through (xi) of section
12 101(a)(3)(B) of the High-Performance Com-
13 puting Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5511(a)(3)(B))
14 or designated under clause (xii) of that sec-
15 tion”.

16 (D) NATIONAL RESEARCH AND EDUCATION
17 NETWORK.—Section 102 of the High-Perform-
18 ance Computing Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5512)
19 is repealed.

20 (E) NEXT GENERATION INTERNET.—Sec-
21 tion 103 of the High-Performance Computing
22 Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5513) is repealed.

23 (F) FOSTERING UNITED STATES COMPETI-
24 TIVENESS IN HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING
25 AND RELATED ACTIVITIES.—Section 208 of the

1 High-Performance Computing Act of 1991 (15
2 U.S.C. 5528) is repealed.

3 **SEC. 106. HIGH-ENERGY PHYSICS COORDINATION.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Physical Science Sub-
5 committee of the National Science and Technology Council
6 shall define and continue to coordinate Federal efforts, in-
7 cluding activities of relevant advisory committees, related
8 to high-energy physics research to maximize the efficiency
9 and effectiveness of United States investment in high-en-
10 ergy physics.

11 (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the Physical
12 Science Subcommittee include—

13 (1) to advise and assist the Committee on
14 Science and the National Science and Technology
15 Council on United States policies, procedures, and
16 plans in the physical sciences, including high-energy
17 physics; and

18 (2) to identify emerging opportunities, stimu-
19 late international cooperation, and foster the devel-
20 opment of the physical sciences in the United States,
21 including—

22 (A) in high-energy physics research, in-
23 cluding related underground science and engi-
24 neering research;

1 (B) in physical infrastructure and facili-
2 ties;

3 (C) in information and analysis; and

4 (D) in coordination activities.

5 (c) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In regard to coordinating
6 Federal efforts related to high-energy physics research,
7 the Physical Science Subcommittee shall—

8 (1) provide recommendations on planning for
9 construction and stewardship of large facilities par-
10 ticipating in high-energy physics;

11 (2) provide recommendations on research co-
12 ordination and collaboration among the programs
13 and activities of Federal agencies;

14 (3) establish goals and priorities for high-en-
15 ergy physics, related underground science, and re-
16 search and development that will strengthen United
17 States competitiveness in high-energy physics;

18 (4) propose methods for engagement with inter-
19 national, Federal, and State agencies and Federal
20 laboratories not represented on the National Science
21 and Technology Council to identify and reduce regu-
22 latory, logistical, and fiscal barriers that inhibit
23 United States leadership in high-energy physics and
24 related underground science; and

1 (5) develop, and update as necessary, a stra-
2 tegic plan to guide Federal programs and activities
3 in support of high-energy physics research, includ-
4 ing—

5 (A) the efforts taken in support of sub-
6 section (b) since the last strategic plan;

7 (B) an evaluation of the current research
8 needs for maintaining United States leadership
9 in high-energy physics; and

10 (C) an identification of future priorities in
11 the area of high-energy physics.

12 **SEC. 107. LABORATORY PROGRAM IMPROVEMENTS.**

13 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of NIST, acting
14 through the Associate Director for Laboratory Programs,
15 shall develop and implement a comprehensive strategic
16 plan for laboratory programs that expands—

17 (1) interactions with academia, international re-
18 searchers, and industry; and

19 (2) commercial and industrial applications.

20 (b) OPTIMIZING COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AP-
21 PLICATIONS.—In accordance with the purpose under sec-
22 tion 1(b)(3) of the National Institute of Standards and
23 Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271(b)(3)), the comprehensive
24 strategic plan shall—

1 (1) include performance metrics for the dissemi-
2 nation of fundamental research results, measure-
3 ments, and standards research results to industry,
4 including manufacturing, and other interested par-
5 ties;

6 (2) document any positive benefits of research
7 on the competitiveness of the parties described in
8 paragraph (1); and

9 (3) clarify the current approach to the tech-
10 nology transfer activities of NIST.

11 **SEC. 108. INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES.**

12 Section 17(a) of the National Institute of Standards
13 and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g(a)) is amended to
14 read as follows:

15 “(a) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGN NATION-
16 ALS.—The Secretary is authorized, notwithstanding any
17 other provision of law, to expend such sums, within the
18 limit of appropriated funds, through direct support for ac-
19 tivities of international organizations and foreign national
20 metrology institutes with which the Institute cooperates
21 to advance measurement methods, standards, and related
22 basic technologies and, as the Secretary may deem desir-
23 able, through the grant of fellowships or any other form
24 of financial assistance, to defray the expenses of foreign
25 nationals not in service to the Government of the United

1 States while they are performing scientific or engineering
2 work at the Institute or participating in the exchange of
3 scientific or technical information at the Institute.”.

4 **SEC. 109. STANDARD REFERENCE DATA ACT UPDATE.**

5 Section 2 of the Standard Reference Data Act (15
6 U.S.C. 290a) is amended to read as follows:

7 **“SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

8 “For the purposes of this Act:

9 “(1) STANDARD REFERENCE DATA.—The term
10 ‘standard reference data’ means data that is—

11 “(A) either—

12 “(i) quantitative information related
13 to a measurable physical or chemical prop-
14 erty of a substance or system of substances
15 of known composition and structure;

16 “(ii) measurable characteristics of a
17 physical artifact or artifacts;

18 “(iii) engineering properties or per-
19 formance characteristics of a system; or

20 “(iv) 1 or more digital data objects
21 that serve—

22 “(I) to calibrate or characterize
23 the performance of a detection or
24 measurement system; or

1 “(II) to interpolate or extrapo-
2 late, or both, data described in sub-
3 paragraph (A) through (C); and

4 “(B) that is critically evaluated as to its
5 reliability under section 3 of this Act.

6 “(2) SECRETARY.—The term ‘Secretary’ means
7 the Secretary of Commerce.”.

8 **SEC. 110. NSF MID-SCALE PROJECT INVESTMENTS.**

9 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
10 ings:

11 (1) The Foundation funds major research facili-
12 ties, infrastructure, and instrumentation that pro-
13 vide unique capabilities at the frontiers of science
14 and engineering.

15 (2) Modern and effective research infrastruc-
16 ture is critical to maintaining United States leader-
17 ship in science and engineering.

18 (3) Many proposed instruments, equipment, or
19 upgrades to major research facilities fall between
20 programs currently funded by the Foundation, cre-
21 ating a gap between Major Research Instrumenta-
22 tion and Major Research Equipment and Facilities
23 Construction, including projects that have been iden-
24 tified as cost-effective additions of high priority to
25 the advancement of scientific understanding.

1 (4) The 2010 Astronomy and Astrophysics
2 Decadal Survey recommended a vigorous mid-scale
3 innovations program.

4 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
5 gress that the addition of a competitive mid-scale funding
6 opportunity that includes research, instruments, and in-
7 frastructure is essential to the portfolio of the Foundation
8 and advancing scientific understanding.

9 (c) MID-SCALE PROJECTS.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Foundation shall evalu-
11 ate the existing and future needs, across all dis-
12 ciplines supported by the Foundation, for mid-scale
13 projects.

14 (2) STRATEGY.—The Director of the Founda-
15 tion shall develop a strategy to meet the needs iden-
16 tified in paragraph (1).

17 (3) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after
18 the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of
19 the Foundation shall provide a briefing to the appro-
20 priate committees of Congress on the evaluation
21 under paragraph (1) and the strategy under para-
22 graph (2).

23 (4) DEFINITION OF MID-SCALE PROJECTS.—In
24 this subsection, the term “mid-scale projects” means
25 research, instrumentation, and infrastructure invest-

1 ments that fall between the instrumentation funded
2 by the major research instrumentation program and
3 the very large projects funded by the major research
4 equipment and facilities construction program as de-
5 scribed in section 507 of the AMERICA Competes
6 Reauthorization Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–358;
7 124 Stat. 4008).

8 **SEC. 111. OVERSIGHT OF NSF LARGE-SCALE RESEARCH FA-**
9 **CILITY PROJECTS.**

10 (a) FACILITIES OVERSIGHT.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Founda-
12 tion shall strengthen oversight and accountability
13 over the full life-cycle of large-scale research facility
14 projects, including planning, development, procure-
15 ment, construction, operations, and support, and
16 shut-down of such facilities, in order to maximize re-
17 search investment.

18 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out para-
19 graph (1), the Director shall—

20 (A) prioritize the scientific outcomes of
21 large-scale research facility projects and the in-
22 ternal management and financial oversight of
23 the projects;

24 (B) clarify the roles and responsibilities of
25 all organizations, including offices, panels, com-

1 mittees, and directorates, involved in supporting
2 large-scale research facility projects, including
3 the role of the Major Research Equipment and
4 Facilities Construction Panel;

5 (C) establish policies and procedures for
6 the planning, management, and oversight of
7 large-scale research facility projects at each
8 phase of the life-cycle of the project;

9 (D) ensure that policies for estimating and
10 managing costs and schedules are consistent
11 with the best practices described in the Govern-
12 ment Accountability Office Cost Estimating and
13 Assessment Guide, the Government Account-
14 ability Office Schedule Assessment Guide, and
15 the Office of Management and Budget Uniform
16 Guidance (2 C.F.R. Part 200);

17 (E) establish the appropriate project man-
18 agement and financial management expertise
19 required for Foundation staff to oversee large-
20 scale research facility projects effectively, in-
21 cluding by improving project management
22 training and certification; and

23 (F) coordinate the sharing of the best
24 management practices and lessons learned from
25 large-scale research facility projects.

1 (b) FACILITIES FULL LIFE-CYCLE COSTS.—

2 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (c)(1),
3 the Director of the Foundation shall require that
4 any pre-award analysis of a large-scale research fa-
5 cility includes the development and consideration of
6 the full life-cycle cost (as defined in section 2 of the
7 National Science Foundation Authorization Act of
8 1998 (42 U.S.C. 1862k note)) in accordance with
9 section 14 of the National Science Foundation Au-
10 thorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n-4).

11 (2) CRITERIA.—Section 14(a)(3)(D) of the Na-
12 tional Science Foundation Authorization Act of 2002
13 (42 U.S.C. 1862n-4(a)(3)(D)) is amended to read as
14 follows:

15 “(D) readiness of plans for construction
16 and operation, including confidence in the esti-
17 mates of the full life-cycle cost (as defined in
18 section 2 of the National Science Foundation
19 Authorization Act of 1998 (42 U.S.C. 1862k
20 note)) and the proposed schedule of comple-
21 tion;”.

22 (3) IMPLEMENTATION.—Based on the pre-
23 award analysis described in paragraph (1), the Di-
24 rector shall include projected operational costs with-

1 in the Foundation's out years as part of the Presi-
2 dent's yearly budget submissions to Congress.

3 (c) COST OVERSIGHT.—

4 (1) PRE-AWARD ANALYSIS.—

5 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the
6 Foundation and the National Science Board
7 may not approve any proposed large-scale re-
8 search facility project unless—

9 (i) an analysis of the proposed budget
10 has been conducted to ensure the proposal
11 is complete and reasonable;

12 (ii) the analysis under clause (i) fol-
13 lows the Government Accountability Office
14 Cost Estimating and Assessment Guide;

15 (iii) except as provided under sub-
16 paragraph (C), an analysis of the account-
17 ing systems has been conducted;

18 (iv) an independent cost estimate of
19 the construction of the project has been
20 conducted using the same detailed tech-
21 nical information as the project proposal
22 estimate to determine whether the estimate
23 is well-supported and realistic; and

24 (v) the Foundation and the National
25 Science Board has considered the analyses

1 under clauses (i) and (iii) and the inde-
2 pendent cost estimate under clause (iv)
3 and resolved any major issues identified
4 therein.

5 (B) AUDITS.—A Foundation analysis
6 under subparagraph (A)(i) may include an
7 audit.

8 (C) EXCEPTION.—The Director, at the Di-
9 rector's discretion, may waive the requirement
10 under subparagraph (A)(iii) if a similar analysis
11 of the accounting systems was conducted in the
12 prior years.

13 (2) CONSTRUCTION OVERSIGHT.—The Director
14 shall require for each large-scale research facility
15 project—

16 (A) periodic external reviews on project
17 management and performance;

18 (B) adequate internal controls, policies,
19 and procedures, and reliable accounting systems
20 in preparation for the incurred cost audits
21 under subparagraph (D);

22 (C) annual incurred cost submissions of fi-
23 nancial expenditures; and

24 (D) an incurred cost audit of the project—

1 (i) at least once during construction
2 at a time determined based on risk anal-
3 ysis and length of the award, except that
4 the length of time between audits may not
5 exceed 3 years; and

6 (ii) at the completion of the construc-
7 tion phase.

8 (3) OPERATIONS COST ESTIMATE.—The Direc-
9 tor shall require an independent cost estimate of the
10 operational proposal for each large-scale research fa-
11 cility project.

12 (d) CONTINGENCY.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Foundation shall
14 strengthen internal controls to improve oversight of
15 contingency on a large-scale research facility project.

16 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out para-
17 graph (1), not later than 180 days after the date of
18 enactment of this Act, the Foundation shall—

19 (A) retain control over a portion of the
20 budget contingency funds of each awardee;

21 (B) distribute the retained funds with
22 other incremental funds as needed; and

23 (C) track contingency use.

24 (e) OVERSIGHT IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS.—The
25 Director of the Foundation shall—

1 (1) not later than 90 days after the date of en-
2 actment of this Act, and periodically thereafter until
3 the completion date, provide a briefing to the appro-
4 priate committees of Congress on the response to or
5 progress made toward implementation of—

6 (A) this section;

7 (B) all of the issues and recommendations
8 identified in cooperative agreement audit re-
9 ports and memoranda issued by the Inspector
10 General of the National Science Foundation in
11 the last 5 years; and

12 (C) all of the issues and recommendations
13 identified by a panel of the National Academy
14 of Public Administration in the December 2015
15 report entitled “National Science Foundation:
16 Use of Cooperative Agreements to Support
17 Large Scale Investment in Research”; and

18 (2) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
19 actment of this Act, notify the appropriate commit-
20 tees of Congress when the Foundation has imple-
21 mented the recommendations identified in a panel of
22 the National Academy of Public Administration re-
23 port issued December 2015.

24 (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1 (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-
2 GRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Con-
3 gress” means the Committee on Commerce, Science,
4 and Transportation and the Committee on Appro-
5 priations of the Senate and the Committee on
6 Science, Space, and Technology and the Committee
7 on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

8 (2) LARGE-SCALE RESEARCH FACILITY
9 PROJECT.—The term “‘large-scale research facility
10 project’” means a science and engineering facility
11 project funded by the major research equipment and
12 facilities construction account, or any successor
13 thereto.

14 **SEC. 112. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.**

15 The Director of the Foundation shall update the pol-
16 icy and procedure of the Foundation relating to conflicts
17 of interest to improve documentation and management of
18 any known conflict of interest of an individual on tem-
19 porary assignment at the Foundation, including an indi-
20 vidual on assignment under the Intergovernmental Per-
21 sonnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4701 et seq.).

22 **SEC. 113. MANAGEMENT OF THE NSF ANTARCTIC PRO-**
23 **GRAM.**

24 (a) REVIEW.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Founda-
2 tion shall continue to review the efforts by the Foun-
3 dation to sustain and strengthen scientific efforts in
4 the face of logistical challenges for the United States
5 Antarctic Program.

6 (2) ISSUES TO BE EXAMINED.—In conducting
7 the review, the Director shall examine, at a min-
8 imum, the following:

9 (A) Implementation by the Foundation of
10 issues and recommendations identified by—

11 (i) the Inspector General of the Na-
12 tional Science Foundation in audit reports
13 and memoranda on the United States Ant-
14 arctic Program in the last 4 years;

15 (ii) the U.S. Antarctic Program Blue
16 Ribbon Panel report, More and Better
17 Science in Antarctica through Increased
18 Logistical Effectiveness, issued July 23,
19 2012; and

20 (iii) the National Research Council re-
21 port, Future Science Opportunities in Ant-
22 arctica and the Southern Ocean, issued
23 September 2011.

1 (B) Efforts by the Foundation to track its
2 progress in addressing the issues and rec-
3 ommendations under subparagraph (A).

4 (C) Efforts by the Foundation to address
5 other opportunities and challenges, including ef-
6 forts on scientific research, coordination with
7 other Federal agencies and international part-
8 ners, logistics and transportation, health and
9 safety of participants, oversight and financial
10 management of awardees and contractors, and
11 resources and policy challenges.

12 (b) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the
13 date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall brief the
14 appropriate committees of Congress on the ongoing re-
15 view, including findings and any recommendations.

16 **SEC. 114. NIST CAMPUS SECURITY.**

17 (a) SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY.—Consistent with the
18 enforcement authority delegated by the Secretary of
19 Homeland Security under section 1315 of title 40, United
20 States Code, the Department of Commerce Office of Secu-
21 rity shall directly manage the law enforcement and secu-
22 rity programs of NIST through an assigned Director of
23 Security for NIST.

24 (b) REPORTS.—The Director of Security for NIST
25 shall provide an activities and security report on a quar-

1 terly basis for the first year after the date of enactment
2 of this Act, and on an annual basis thereafter, to the
3 Under Secretary for Standards and Technology.

4 **TITLE II—ADMINISTRATIVE AND**
5 **REGULATORY BURDEN RE-**
6 **DUCTION**

7 **SEC. 201. INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP ON RESEARCH**
8 **REGULATION.**

9 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
10 ings:

11 (1) Scientific and technological advancement
12 have been the largest drivers of economic growth in
13 the last 50 years, with the Federal Government
14 being the largest investor in basic research.

15 (2) Federally funded grants are increasingly
16 competitive, with the Foundation funding only ap-
17 proximately 1 in every 5 grant proposals.

18 (3) Researchers spend as much as 42 percent
19 of their time complying with Federal regulations, in-
20 cluding administrative tasks such as applying for
21 grants or meeting reporting requirements.

22 (4) The time spent on the activities described in
23 paragraph (3) affects efficiency and reduces valuable
24 research time.

1 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
2 gress that administrative burdens faced by researchers
3 may be reducing the return on investment of federally
4 funded research and development.

5 (c) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director of the Office of
6 Management and Budget, in coordination with the Office
7 of Science and Technology Policy, shall establish an inter-
8 agency working group (referred to in this section as the
9 “Working Group”) to reduce administrative burdens on
10 federally funded researchers while protecting the public in-
11 terest in the transparency of and accountability for feder-
12 ally funded activities.

13 (d) RESPONSIBILITIES.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Working Group shall—

15 (A) regularly review relevant, administra-
16 tion-related regulations imposed on federally
17 funded researchers; and

18 (B) recommend those regulations or proc-
19 esses that may be eliminated, streamlined, or
20 otherwise improved for the purpose described in
21 subsection (c).

22 (2) GRANT REVIEW.—

23 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Working Group, in
24 consultation with the Office of Management
25 and Budget, shall—

1 (i) conduct a comprehensive review of
2 Federal science agency grant proposal doc-
3 uments; and

4 (ii) develop, to the extent practicable,
5 a simplified, uniform grant format to be
6 used by all Federal science agencies.

7 (B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing the
8 uniform grant format, the Working Group shall
9 consider whether to implement—

10 (i) procedures for preliminary project
11 proposals in advance of peer-review selec-
12 tion;

13 (ii) increased use of “Just-In-Time”
14 procedures for documentation that does
15 not bear directly on the scientific merit of
16 a proposal;

17 (iii) simplified initial budget proposals
18 in advance of peer review selection; and

19 (iv) detailed budget proposals for ap-
20 plicants that peer review selection identi-
21 fies as likely to be funded.

22 (3) CENTRALIZED RESEARCHER PROFILE DATA-
23 BASE.—

24 (A) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Working
25 Group shall establish, to the extent practicable,

1 a secure, centralized database for investigator
2 biosketches, curriculum vitae, licenses, publica-
3 tions, and other documents considered relevant
4 by the Working Group.

5 (B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In establishing the
6 centralized database under subparagraph (A),
7 the Working Group shall consider incorporating
8 existing investigator databases.

9 (C) GRANT PROPOSALS.—To the extent
10 practicable, all grant proposals shall utilize the
11 centralized researcher profile database estab-
12 lished under subparagraph (A).

13 (D) REQUIREMENTS.—Each investigator
14 shall—

15 (i) be responsible for ensuring the in-
16 vestigator’s profile is current and accurate;
17 and

18 (ii) be assigned a unique identifier
19 linked to the database and accessible to all
20 Federal funding agencies.

21 (4) CENTRALIZED ASSURANCES REPOSITORY.—
22 The Working Group shall—

23 (A) establish a central repository for all of
24 the assurances required for Federal research
25 grants; and

1 (B) provide guidance to universities and
2 Federal science agencies on the use of the cen-
3 tralized assurances repository.

4 (5) COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW.—

5 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Working Group, in
6 consultation with the Office of Management
7 and Budget, shall—

8 (i) conduct a comprehensive review of
9 the mandated progress reports for federally
10 funded research; and

11 (ii) develop a strategy to simplify in-
12 vestigator progress reports.

13 (B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing the
14 strategy, the Working Group shall consider lim-
15 iting progress reports to performance outcomes.

16 (e) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out its responsibil-
17 ities under subsection (d)(1), the Working Group shall
18 consult with academic researchers outside the Federal
19 Government, including—

20 (1) federally funded researchers;

21 (2) non-federally funded researchers;

22 (3) institutions of higher education and their
23 representative associations;

24 (4) scientific and engineering disciplinary soci-
25 eties and associations;

- 1 (5) nonprofit research institutions;
2 (6) industry, including small businesses;
3 (7) federally funded research and development
4 centers; and
5 (8) members of the public with a stake in en-
6 suring effectiveness, efficiency, and accountability in
7 the performance of scientific research.

8 (f) REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date
9 of enactment of this Act, and periodically thereafter, the
10 Working Group shall submit to the appropriate commit-
11 tees of Congress an annual report on its responsibilities
12 under this section, including recommendations under sub-
13 section (d)(1)(B).

14 **SEC. 202. SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COLLABORATION.**

15 (a) DEFINITION OF SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL
16 WORKSHOP.—In this section, the term “scientific and
17 technical workshop” means a symposium, seminar, or any
18 other organized, formal gathering where scientists or engi-
19 neers working in STEM research and development fields
20 assemble to coordinate, exchange and disseminate infor-
21 mation or to explore or clarify a defined subject, problem
22 or area of knowledge in the STEM fields.

23 (b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to
24 encourage broad dissemination of Federal research find-

1 ings and engagement of Federal researchers with the sci-
2 entific and technical community.

3 (c) AUTHORITY.—Laboratory, test center, and field
4 center directors and other similar heads of offices may ap-
5 prove scientific and technical workshop attendance if—

6 (1) that attendance would meet the mission of
7 the laboratory or test center; and

8 (2) sufficient laboratory or test center funds are
9 available for that purpose.

10 (d) ATTENDANCE POLICIES.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
12 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director
13 of the Office of Management and Budget, in con-
14 sultation with the Director of the Office of Science
15 and Technology Policy and the heads of other rel-
16 evant Federal science agencies, shall revise current
17 policies and streamline processes, in accordance with
18 the policy under subsection (b), for attendance at
19 scientific and technical workshops while ensuring ap-
20 propriate oversight, accountability, and trans-
21 parency.

22 (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In revising the policy
23 under paragraph (1), the Director of the Office of
24 Management and Budget shall consider the goal of
25 adjudicating a request to attend a scientific and

1 technical workshop not later than 30 days after the
2 date of the request.

3 (3) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 90 days
4 after the date the Director of the Office of Manage-
5 ment and Budget revises the policies under para-
6 graph (1), the head of each Federal science agency
7 shall update that agency’s policies for attendance at
8 scientific and technical workshops.

9 (e) NIST WORKSHOPS.—Section 2(c) of the National
10 Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C.
11 272(c)), as amended by section 104 of this Act, is further
12 amended—

13 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (19) through
14 (24) as paragraphs (22) through (27), respectively;
15 and

16 (2) by inserting after paragraph (18) the fol-
17 lowing:

18 “(19) host, participate in, and support scientific
19 and technical workshops (as defined in section 202
20 of the American Innovation and Competitiveness
21 Act);

22 “(20) collect and retain any fees charged by the
23 Secretary for hosting a scientific and technical work-
24 shop described in paragraph (19);

1 “(21) notwithstanding title 31 of the United
2 States Code, use the fees described in paragraph
3 (20) to pay for any related expenses, including sub-
4 sistence expenses for participants;”.

5 **SEC. 203. NIST GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS**
6 **UPDATE.**

7 Section 8(a) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology In-
8 novation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3706(a)) is amended by
9 striking “The total amount of any such grant or coopera-
10 tive agreement may not exceed 75 percent of the total cost
11 of the program.”.

12 **SEC. 204. REPEAL OF CERTAIN OBSOLETE REPORTS.**

13 (a) REPEAL OF CERTAIN OBSOLETE REPORTS.—

14 (1) NIST REPORTS.—

15 (A) REPORT ON DONATION OF EDUCA-
16 TIONALLY USEFUL FEDERAL EQUIPMENT TO
17 SCHOOLS.—Section 6(b) of the Technology Ad-
18 ministration Act of 1998 (15 U.S.C. 272 note)
19 is amended—

20 (i) in paragraph (1), by striking “(1)
21 IN GENERAL.—” and indenting appro-
22 priately; and

23 (ii) by striking paragraph (2).

24 (B) THREE-YEAR PROGRAMMATIC PLAN-
25 NING DOCUMENT.—

1 (i) IN GENERAL.—Section 23 of the
2 National Institute of Standards and Tech-
3 nology Act (15 U.S.C. 278i) is amended by
4 striking subsections (c) and (d).

5 (ii) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Sec-
6 tion 10(h)(1) of the National Institute of
7 Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C.
8 278(h)(1)) is amended by striking the last
9 sentence.

10 (2) MULTIAGENCY REPORT ON INNOVATION AC-
11 CELERATION RESEARCH.—Section 1008 of the
12 America COMPETES Act (42 U.S.C. 6603) is
13 amended—

14 (A) by striking subsection (c); and
15 (B) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
16 section (c).

17 (3) NSF REPORTS.—

18 (A) FUNDING FOR SUCCESSFUL STEM
19 EDUCATION PROGRAMS; REPORT TO CON-
20 GRESS.—Section 7012 of the America COM-
21 PETES Act (42 U.S.C. 1862o-4) is amended
22 by striking subsection (c).

23 (B) ENCOURAGING PARTICIPATION; EVAL-
24 UATION AND REPORT.—Section 7031 of the

1 America COMPETES Act (42 U.S.C. 1862o-
2 11) is amended by striking subsection (b).

3 (C) MATH AND SCIENCE PARTNERSHIPS
4 PROGRAM COORDINATION REPORT.—Section
5 9(e) of the National Science Foundation Au-
6 thorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n(c)) is
7 amended—

8 (i) by striking paragraph (4); and

9 (ii) by redesignating paragraph (5) as
10 paragraph (4).

11 (b) NATIONAL NANOTECHNOLOGY INITIATIVE RE-
12 PORTS.—The 21st Century Nanotechnology Research and
13 Development Act (15 U.S.C. 7501 et seq.) is amended—

14 (1) by amending section 2(c)(4) (15 U.S.C.
15 7501(c)(4)) to read as follows:

16 “(4) develop, not later than 5 years after the
17 date of the release of the most-recent strategic plan,
18 and update every 5 years thereafter, a strategic plan
19 to guide the activities described under subsection (b)
20 that describes—

21 “(A) the near-term and long-term objec-
22 tives for the Program;

23 “(B) the anticipated schedule for achieving
24 the near-term objectives; and

1 “(C) the metrics that will be used to assess
2 progress toward the near-term and long-term
3 objectives;

4 “(D) how the Program will move results
5 out of the laboratory and into application for
6 the benefit of society;

7 “(E) the Program’s support for long-term
8 funding for interdisciplinary research and devel-
9 opment in nanotechnology; and

10 “(F) the allocation of funding for inter-
11 agency nanotechnology projects;”;

12 (2) by amending section 4(d) (15 U.S.C.
13 7503(d)) to read as follows:

14 “(d) REPORTS.—Not later than 4 years after the
15 date of the most recent assessment under subsection (c),
16 and quadrennially thereafter, the Advisory Panel shall
17 submit to the President, the Committee on Commerce,
18 Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Com-
19 mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House
20 of Representatives a report its assessments under sub-
21 section (c) and its recommendations for ways to improve
22 the Program.”; and

23 (3) in section 5 (15 U.S.C. 7504)—

24 (A) in the heading, by striking “**TRI-**
25 **ENNIAL**” and inserting “**QUADRENNIAL**”;

1 (B) in subsection (a), in the matter pre-
2 ceding paragraph (1), by striking “triennial”
3 and inserting “quadrennial”;

4 (C) in subsection (b), by striking “tri-
5 ennial” and inserting “quadrennial”;

6 (D) in subsection (c), by striking “tri-
7 ennial” and inserting “quadrennial”; and

8 (E) by amending subsection (d) to read as
9 follows:

10 “(d) REPORT.—

11 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days
12 after the date the first evaluation under subsection
13 (a) is received, and quadrennially thereafter, the Di-
14 rector of the National Nanotechnology Coordination
15 Office shall report to the President its assessments
16 under subsection (c) and its recommendations for
17 ways to improve the Program.

18 “(2) CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after
19 the date the President receives the report under
20 paragraph (1), the Director of the Office of Science
21 and Technology Policy shall transmit a copy of the
22 report to Congress.”.

23 (c) MAJOR RESEARCH EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES
24 CONSTRUCTION.—Section 14 of the National Science

1 Foundation Authorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n-
2 4) is amended—

3 (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as fol-
4 lows:

5 “(a) PRIORITIZATION OF PROPOSED MAJOR RE-
6 SEARCH EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION.—

7 “(1) DEVELOPMENT OF PRIORITIES.—The Di-
8 rector shall—

9 “(A) develop a list indicating by number
10 the relative priority for funding under the
11 major research equipment and facilities con-
12 struction account that the Director assigns to
13 each project the Board has approved for inclu-
14 sion in a future budget request; and

15 “(B) submit the list described in subpara-
16 graph (A) to the Board for approval.

17 “(2) UPDATES.—The Director shall update the
18 list prepared under paragraph (1) each time the
19 Board approves a new project that would receive
20 funding under the major research equipment and fa-
21 cilities construction account and periodically submit
22 any updated list to the Board for approval.”;

23 (2) by striking subsection (e);

24 (3) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
25 subsections (b) and (c), respectively; and

1 (4) by amending subsection (c), as redesignated, to read as follows:

2 “(c) BOARD APPROVAL OF MAJOR RESEARCH
3 EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES PROJECTS.—The Board
4 shall explicitly approve any project to be funded out of
5 the major research equipment and facilities construction
6 account before any funds may be obligated from such account for such project.”.

7 **9 SEC. 205. REPEAL OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS.**

8 (a) TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION PROGRAM.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 28 of the National
10 Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15
11 U.S.C. 278n) is repealed.

12 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

13 (A) ADDITIONAL AWARD CRITERIA.—Section
14 4226(b) of the Small Business Act of 2010
15 (15 U.S.C. 278n note) is repealed.

16 (B) MANAGEMENT COSTS.—Section 2(f) of
17 the National Institute of Standards and Technology
18 Act (15 U.S.C. 272(f)) is amended by
19 striking “sections 25, 26, and 28” and inserting
20 “sections 25 and 26”.

21 (C) ANNUAL AND OTHER REPORTS TO
22 SECRETARY AND CONGRESS.—Section 10(h)(1)
23 of the National Institute of Standards and
24
25

1 Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278(h)(1)) is
2 amended by striking “, including the Program
3 established under section 28,”.

4 (b) **TEACHERS FOR A COMPETITIVE TOMORROW.**—
5 Sections 6111 through 6116 of the America COMPETES
6 Act (20 U.S.C. 9811, 9812, 9813, 9814, 9815, 9816) and
7 the items relating to those sections in the table of contents
8 under section 2 of that Act (Public Law 110-69; 121 Stat.
9 572) are repealed.

10 **TITLE III—SCIENCE, TECH-**
11 **NOLOGY, ENGINEERING, AND**
12 **MATH EDUCATION**

13 **SEC. 301. ROBERT NOYCE TEACHER SCHOLARSHIP PRO-**
14 **GRAM UPDATE.**

15 Section 10A of the National Science Foundation Au-
16 thorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n–1a) is amended
17 by adding at the end the following:

18 “(k) **STEM TEACHER SERVICE AND RETENTION.**—

19 “(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Director shall develop
20 and implement practices for increasing the propor-
21 tion of individuals receiving fellowships under this
22 section who—

23 “(A) fulfill the service obligation required
24 under subsection (h); and

1 “(B) remain in the teaching profession in
2 a high need local educational agency beyond the
3 service obligation.

4 “(2) PRACTICES.—The practices described
5 under paragraph (1) may include—

6 “(A) partnering with nonprofit or profes-
7 sional associations or with other government en-
8 tities to provide individuals receiving fellowships
9 under this section with opportunities for profes-
10 sional development, including mentorship pro-
11 grams that pair those individuals with currently
12 employed and recently retired science, tech-
13 nology, engineering, or mathematics profes-
14 sionals;

15 “(B) increasing recruitment from high
16 need districts;

17 “(C) establishing a system to better collect,
18 track, and respond to data on the career deci-
19 sions of individuals receiving fellowships under
20 this section;

21 “(D) conducting research to better under-
22 stand factors relevant to teacher service and re-
23 tention; and

24 “(E) conducting pilot programs to improve
25 teacher service and retention.”.

1 **SEC. 302. SPACE GRANTS.**

2 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
3 gress that the National Space Grant College and Fellow-
4 ship Program has been an important program by which
5 the Federal Government has partnered with universities,
6 colleges, industry, and other organizations to provide
7 hands-on STEM experiences, fostering of multidisci-
8 plinary space research, and supporting graduate fellow-
9 ships in space-related fields, among other purposes.

10 (b) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—Section 40303 of title
11 51, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
12 the following:

13 “(d) PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION COSTS.—In car-
14 rying out the provisions of this chapter, the Adminis-
15 trator—

16 “(1) shall maximize appropriated funds for
17 grants and contracts made under section 40304 in
18 each fiscal year; and

19 “(2) in each fiscal year, the Administrator shall
20 limit its program administration costs to no more
21 than 5 percent of funds appropriated for this pro-
22 gram for that fiscal year.

23 “(e) REPORTS.—For any fiscal year in which the Ad-
24 ministrator cannot meet the administration cost target
25 under subsection (d)(2), if the Administration is unable
26 to limit program costs under subsection (b), the Adminis-

1 trator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Con-
2 gress a report, including—

3 “(1) a description of why the Administrator did
4 not meet the cost target under subsection (d); and

5 “(2) the measures the Administrator will take
6 in the next fiscal year to meet the cost target under
7 subsection (d) without drawing upon other Federal
8 funding.”.

9 **SEC. 303. STEM EDUCATION ADVISORY PANEL.**

10 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after
11 the date of enactment this Act, Director of the Founda-
12 tion, the Secretary of Education, the Administrator of the
13 National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the
14 Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
15 Administration shall jointly establish an advisory panel
16 (referred to in this section as the “STEM Education Advi-
17 sory Panel”) to advise the Committee on STEM Edu-
18 cation of the National Science and Technology Council
19 (referred to in this section as “CoSTEM”) on matters re-
20 lating to STEM education.

21 (b) MEMBERS.—

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—The STEM Education Advi-
23 sory Panel shall be composed of not less than 11
24 members.

25 (2) APPOINTMENT.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
2 graph (B), the Director of the Foundation, in
3 consultation with the Secretary of Education
4 and the heads of the Federal science agencies,
5 shall appoint the members of the STEM Edu-
6 cation Advisory Panel.

7 (B) CONSIDERATION.—In selecting individ-
8 uals to appoint under subparagraph (A), the
9 Director of the Foundation shall seek and give
10 consideration to recommendations from Con-
11 gress, industry, the scientific community, in-
12 cluding the National Academy of Sciences, sci-
13 entific professional societies, academia, State
14 and local governments, and such other organi-
15 zations as the Director considers appropriate.

16 (C) QUALIFICATIONS.—Members shall—

17 (i) primarily be individuals from aca-
18 demic institutions, nonprofit organizations,
19 and industry, including in-school, out-of-
20 school, and informal education practi-
21 tioners; and

22 (ii) be individuals who are qualified to
23 provide advice and information on STEM
24 education research, development, training,
25 implementation, interventions, professional

1 development, or workforce needs or con-
2 cerns.

3 (c) RESPONSIBILITIES.—

4 (1) ASSESSMENT.—

5 (A) IN GENERAL.—The STEM Education
6 Advisory Panel shall advise CoSTEM and peri-
7 odically assess its progress in carrying out its
8 responsibilities under section 101(b) of the
9 America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of
10 2010 (42 U.S.C. 6621(b)).

11 (B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In its advisory
12 role, the STEM Education Advisory Panel shall
13 consider—

14 (i) the appropriateness of criteria used
15 by Federal agencies to evaluate the effec-
16 tiveness of Federal STEM education pro-
17 grams and activities;

18 (ii) ways to leverage private and non-
19 profit STEM investments and encourage
20 public-private partnerships to strengthen
21 STEM education and help build the STEM
22 workforce pipeline; and

23 (iii) how Federal agencies incentivize
24 colleges and universities to improve reten-
25 tion of STEM students.

1 (2) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The STEM Edu-
2 cation Advisory Panel shall make recommendations
3 to improve Federal STEM education programs and
4 activities based on the assessment under paragraph
5 (1).

6 (d) FUNDING.—The Director of the Foundation, the
7 Secretary of Education, the Administrator of the National
8 Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the Adminis-
9 trator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
10 tration shall jointly make funds available on an annual
11 basis to support the activities of the STEM Education Ad-
12 visory Panel.

13 (e) REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date
14 of enactment of this Act, and every 3 years thereafter,
15 the STEM Education Advisory Panel shall submit to the
16 appropriate committees of Congress, and CoSTEM a re-
17 port on its assessment under subsection (c)(1) and rec-
18 ommendations under subsection (c)(2).

19 (f) TRAVEL EXPENSES OF NON-FEDERAL MEM-
20 BERS.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—Non-Federal members of the
22 STEM Education Advisory Panel, while attending
23 meetings of the panel or while otherwise serving at
24 the request of a co-chairperson away from their
25 homes or regular places of business, may be allowed

1 travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsist-
2 ence, as authorized by section 5703 of title 5,
3 United States Code, for individuals in the Govern-
4 ment serving without pay.

5 (2) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—Nothing in this
6 subsection shall be construed to prohibit members of
7 the STEM Advisory Panel who are officers or em-
8 ployees of the United States from being allowed
9 travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsist-
10 ence, in accordance with existing law.

11 **SEC. 304. COMMITTEE ON STEM EDUCATION.**

12 (a) **RESPONSIBILITIES.**—Section 101(b) of the Amer-
13 ica COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C.
14 6621(b)) is amended—

15 (1) in paragraph (5)(D), by striking “; and”
16 and inserting a semicolon;

17 (2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at
18 the end and inserting a semicolon; and

19 (3) by adding at the end the following:

20 “(7) collaborate with the STEM Education Ad-
21 visory Panel established under section 303 of the
22 American Innovation and Competitiveness Act and
23 other outside stakeholders to ensure the engagement
24 of the STEM education community;

1 “(8) review the measures used by a Federal
2 agency to evaluate its STEM education activities
3 and programs;

4 “(9) request and review feedback from States
5 on how the States are utilizing Federal STEM edu-
6 cation programs and activities; and

7 “(10) recommend the reform, termination, or
8 consolidation of Federal STEM education activities
9 and programs, taking into consideration the rec-
10 ommendations of the STEM Education Advisory
11 Panel.”.

12 (b) REPORTS.—Section 101 of the America COM-
13 PETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 6621)
14 is amended—

15 (1) by striking “(c) REPORT.—” and inserting
16 “(d) REPORTS.—”;

17 (2) by striking “(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF
18 OSTP.—” and inserting “(c) RESPONSIBILITIES OF
19 OSTP.—”; and

20 (3) in subsection (d), as redesignated—

21 (A) in paragraph (4), by striking “; and”
22 and inserting a semicolon;

23 (B) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
24 riod at the end and inserting “; and”; and

25 (C) by adding at the end the following:

1 “(6) a description of all consolidations and ter-
2 minations of Federal STEM education programs
3 and activities implemented in the previous fiscal
4 year, including an explanation for the consolidations
5 and terminations;

6 “(7) recommendations for reforms, consolida-
7 tions, and terminations of STEM education pro-
8 grams or activities in the upcoming fiscal year; and

9 “(8) a description of any significant new STEM
10 education public-private partnerships.”.

11 **SEC. 305. GRANT PROGRAMS TO EXPAND STEM OPPORTU-**
12 **NITIES.**

13 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
14 ings:

15 (1) Economic projections by the Bureau of
16 Labor Statistics indicate that by 2018, there could
17 be 2.4 million unfilled STEM jobs.

18 (2) Women represent slightly more than half
19 the United States population, and projections indi-
20 cate that 54 percent of the population will be a
21 member of a racial or ethnic minority group by
22 2050.

23 (3) Despite representing half the population,
24 women comprise only about 30 percent of STEM

1 workers according to a 2015 report by the National
2 Center for Science and Engineering Statistics.

3 (4) A 2014 National Center for Education Sta-
4 tistics study found that women and underrep-
5 resented minorities leave the STEM fields at higher
6 rates than their counterparts.

7 (5) The representation of women in STEM
8 drops significantly at the faculty level. Overall,
9 women hold only 25 percent of all tenured and ten-
10 ure-track positions and 17 percent of full professor
11 positions in STEM fields in our Nation's universities
12 and 4-year colleges.

13 (6) Black and Hispanic faculty together hold
14 about 6.5 percent of all tenured and tenure-track po-
15 sitions and 5 percent of full professor positions.

16 (7) Many of the numbers in the American In-
17 dian or Alaskan Native and Native Hawaiian or
18 Other Pacific Islander categories for different fac-
19 ulty ranks were too small for the National Science
20 Foundation to report publicly without potentially
21 compromising confidential information about the in-
22 dividuals being surveyed.

23 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
24 gress that—

1 (1) it is critical to our Nation’s economic lead-
2 ership and global competitiveness that we educate,
3 train, and retain more scientists and engineers;

4 (2) there is currently a disconnect between the
5 availability of and growing demand for STEM-
6 skilled workers;

7 (3) women, minorities, and persons with disabil-
8 ities are the largest untapped STEM talent pools in
9 the United States; and

10 (4) given the shifting demographic landscape,
11 the United States should encourage full participation
12 of individuals described in paragraph (3) in STEM
13 fields.

14 (c) REAFFIRMATION.—The Director of the Founda-
15 tion shall continue to support existing programs designed
16 to broaden participation of women, minorities, and per-
17 sons with disabilities in STEM fields.

18 (d) PROGRAM TO BROADEN PARTICIPATION IN
19 STEM FIELDS.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Founda-
21 tion shall award grants on a competitive, merit-re-
22 viewed basis, to eligible entities to increase the par-
23 ticipation of women and groups underrepresented in
24 STEM fields.

1 (2) APPLICATIONS.—An applicant seeking a
2 grant under this section shall submit an application
3 to the Director at such time, in such manner, and
4 containing such information as the Director may re-
5 quire.

6 (3) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities supported by
7 grants under this section may include the following:

8 (A) Online workshops.

9 (B) Mentoring programs that partner
10 science, technology, engineering, or mathe-
11 matics professionals with applicable students.

12 (C) Internships for applicable under-
13 graduate and graduate students in STEM
14 fields.

15 (D) Conducting outreach programs that
16 provide applicable elementary school and sec-
17 ondary school students with opportunities to in-
18 crease their exposure to STEM fields.

19 (E) Programs to increase the recruitment
20 and retention of underrepresented faculty.

21 (F) Such additional programs as the Di-
22 rector of the Foundation may consider appro-
23 priate.

24 (e) GRANT PROGRAM FOR GRADES K THROUGH 8.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Founda-
2 tion shall award grants to be used for research to
3 advance the engagement of students in grades kin-
4 dergarten through 8 in STEM that are designed to
5 encourage interest, engagement, and skills develop-
6 ment of students in STEM fields, particularly those
7 who are members of groups underrepresented in
8 STEM fields.

9 (2) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities supported by
10 grants under this section may include—

11 (A) development and implementation of
12 programming described in paragraph (1) for
13 the purpose of research;

14 (B) use of a variety of engagement meth-
15 ods, including cooperative and hands-on learn-
16 ing;

17 (C) exposure of students who are members
18 of groups underrepresented in STEM fields to
19 role models, including near-peers, in STEM
20 fields;

21 (D) mentors;

22 (E) training of informal learning educators
23 and youth-serving professionals using evidence-
24 based methods consistent with the target stu-
25 dent population being served;

1 (F) education of students on the relevance
2 and significance of STEM careers, provision of
3 academic advice and assistance, and activities
4 designed to help students make real-world con-
5 nections to STEM content activities;

6 (G) attendance of underrepresented stu-
7 dents at events, competitions, and academic
8 programs to provide content expertise and en-
9 courage career exposure in STEM;

10 (H) activities designed to engage parents
11 of underrepresented students;

12 (I) innovative strategies to engage under-
13 represented students, such as using leadership
14 skill outcome measures to encourage youth with
15 the confidence to pursue STEM course work
16 and academic study;

17 (J) coordination with STEM-rich environ-
18 ments, including other nonprofit, nongovern-
19 mental organizations, classroom and out-of
20 classroom settings, institutions of higher edu-
21 cation, vocational facilities, corporations, muse-
22 ums, or science centers; and

23 (K) acquisition of instructional materials
24 or technology-based tools to conduct applicable
25 grant activity.

1 (3) APPLICATIONS.—

2 (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
3 graph (B), an applicant seeking a grant under
4 the section shall submit an application to the
5 Director at such time, in such manner, and
6 containing such information as the Director
7 may require.

8 (B) REQUIREMENTS.—The application
9 shall include, at a minimum, the following:

10 (i) A description of the target audi-
11 ence to be served by the program.

12 (ii) A description of the process for
13 recruitment and selection of students, as
14 appropriate.

15 (iii) A description of how such re-
16 search activity may inform programming
17 that engages underrepresented students in
18 grades kindergarten through 8 in STEM.

19 (iv) A description of how such re-
20 search activity may inform programming
21 that promotes student academic achieve-
22 ment in STEM.

23 (v) An evaluation plan to determine
24 the impact and efficacy of activities being
25 researched.

1 (4) CONSIDERATION.—In awarding grants
2 under this section, the Director shall give consider-
3 ation to applicants which, for the purpose of grant
4 activity, include or partner with an organization that
5 has extensive experience and expertise in increasing
6 the participation of underrepresented students in
7 STEM.

8 (f) ACCOUNTABILITY AND DISSEMINATION.—

9 (1) EVALUATION.—

10 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 5 years
11 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Di-
12 rector shall evaluate the grants provided under
13 this section.

14 (B) REQUIREMENTS.—In conducting the
15 evaluation under subparagraph (A), the Direc-
16 tor shall—

17 (i) use a common set of benchmarks
18 and assessment tools to identify best prac-
19 tices and materials developed or dem-
20 onstrated by the research; and

21 (ii) to the extent practicable, combine
22 the research resulting from the grant activ-
23 ity under subsection (e) with the current
24 research on serving underrepresented stu-
25 dents in grades kindergarten through 8.

1 competitive grants to institutions of higher education, or
2 consortia thereof, to establish not less than 1 Center of
3 Excellence, (referred to in this section as the “Center”)
4 to collect, maintain, and disseminate information to in-
5 crease participation of women and groups underrep-
6 resented in STEM fields (as defined in section 305(d)(4)).

7 (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Center is to pro-
8 mote diversity in STEM fields by building on the success
9 of the INCLUDES programs, providing technical assist-
10 ance, maintaining best practices, and providing related
11 training at federally-funded academic institutions.

12 (c) PROGRAM.—The Director of the Foundation shall
13 establish each Center through a merit-reviewed, competi-
14 tive award to an eligible entity for at least 3, but not more
15 than to 5 years.

16 (d) PUBLIC DOMAIN.—All program information de-
17 veloped, collected, or maintained by a Center, except for
18 personally identifiable information, is and shall remain
19 part of the public domain.

20 (e) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant
21 under this section, an eligible institution shall prepare and
22 submit to the Director an application at such a time, in
23 such form, and containing such information as the Direc-
24 tor may require.

1 (f) ACTIVITIES.—Activities of a Center may in-
2 clude—

3 (1) conducting and disseminating research on—

4 (A) systemic factors and institutional poli-
5 cies that impede or facilitate the recruitment,
6 retention, and success of underrepresented
7 groups in STEM fields; and

8 (B) best practices for mitigating the sys-
9 temic factors and institutional policies that im-
10 pede inclusion of underrepresented groups in
11 STEM fields;

12 (2) collaborating with institutions of higher
13 education, Federal agencies, industry, and relevant
14 stakeholders to develop policies and practices to fa-
15 cilitate the recruitment, retention, and success of
16 underrepresented groups in STEM;

17 (3) providing educational opportunities for
18 STEM faculty members, staff, students, trainees,
19 fellows, and administrators to learn about inclusion
20 in STEM and to improve STEM mentoring;

21 (4) developing and hosting intra- or inter-insti-
22 tutional workshops, and providing ongoing support
23 to workshop participants, to propagate best practices
24 in recruiting, retaining, and advancing STEM fac-
25 ulty members, staff, students, trainees, fellows, and

1 administrators from underrepresented groups at in-
2 stitutions of higher education;

3 (5) assessing the effectiveness of efforts funded
4 by a Center or related efforts designed to increase
5 inclusion in STEM;

6 (6) assessing how modern STEM learning envi-
7 ronments can increase the inclusion, engagement,
8 and retention of students in STEM fields, particu-
9 larly for women and groups underrepresented in
10 STEM fields; and

11 (7) such other actions as a Center determines
12 are necessary to further the inclusion of underrep-
13 resented groups in STEM.

14 **SEC. 307. NIST EDUCATION AND OUTREACH.**

15 (a) REPEALS.—The National Institute of Standards
16 and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et seq.) is amended—

17 (1) by striking section 18 (15 U.S.C. 278g-1);

18 and

19 (2) by striking section 19A (15 U.S.C. 278g-
20 2a).

21 (b) EDUCATION AND OUTREACH.—The National In-
22 stitute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271
23 et seq.), as amended, is further amended by inserting after
24 section 17, the following:

1 **“SEC. 18. EDUCATION AND OUTREACH.**

2 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director is authorized to ex-
3 pend funds appropriated for activities of the Institute in
4 any fiscal year, to support, promote, and coordinate activi-
5 ties and efforts to enhance public awareness and under-
6 standing of measurement sciences, standards and tech-
7 nology at the national measurement laboratories and oth-
8 erwise in fulfillment of the mission of the Institute. The
9 Director may carry out activities under this subsection,
10 including education and outreach activities to the general
11 public, industry and academia in support of the Institute’s
12 mission.

13 “(b) HIRING.—The Director, in coordination with the
14 Director of the Office of Personnel Management, may re-
15 vise the procedures the Director applies when making ap-
16 pointments to laboratory positions within the competitive
17 service—

18 “(1) to ensure corporate memory of and exper-
19 tise in the fundamental ongoing work, and on devel-
20 oping new capabilities in priority areas;

21 “(2) to maintain high overall technical com-
22 petence;

23 “(3) to improve staff diversity;

24 “(4) to balance emphases on the noncore and
25 core areas; or

1 “(5) to improve the ability of the Institute to
2 compete in the marketplace for qualified personnel.

3 “(c) VOLUNTEERS.—

4 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director may establish
5 a program to use volunteers in carrying out the pro-
6 grams of the Institute.

7 “(2) ACCEPTANCE OF PERSONNEL.—The Direc-
8 tor may accept, subject to regulations issued by the
9 Office of Personnel Management, voluntary service
10 for the Institute for such purpose if the service—

11 “(A) is to be without compensation; and

12 “(B) will not be used to displace any cur-
13 rent employee or act as a substitute for any fu-
14 ture full-time employee of the Institute.

15 “(3) FEDERAL EMPLOYEE STATUS.—Any indi-
16 vidual who provides voluntary service under this sub-
17 section shall not be considered a Federal employee,
18 except for purposes of chapter 81 of title 5, United
19 States Code (relating to compensation for injury),
20 and sections 2671 through 2680 of title 28, United
21 States Code (relating to tort claims).

22 “(d) RESEARCH FELLOWSHIPS.—

23 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director may expend
24 funds appropriated for activities of the Institute in
25 any fiscal year, as the Director considers appro-

1 priate, for awards of research fellowships and other
2 forms of financial and logistical assistance, including
3 direct stipend awards to—

4 “(A) students at institutions of higher
5 learning within the United States who show
6 promise as present or future contributors to the
7 mission of the Institute; and

8 “(B) United States citizens for research
9 and technical activities of the Institute, includ-
10 ing programs.

11 “(2) SELECTION CRITERIA.—The selection of
12 persons to receive such fellowships and assistance
13 shall be made on the basis of ability and of the rel-
14 evance of the proposed work to the mission and pro-
15 grams of the Institute.

16 “(3) FINANCIAL AND LOGISTICAL ASSIST-
17 ANCE.—Notwithstanding section 1345 of title 31,
18 United States Code, or any other law to the con-
19 trary, the Director may include as a form of finan-
20 cial or logistical assistance under this subsection
21 temporary housing and transportation to and from
22 Institute facilities.

23 “(e) EDUCATIONAL OUTREACH ACTIVITIES.—The
24 Director may—

1 “(1) facilitate education programs for under-
2 graduate and graduate students, postdoctoral re-
3 searchers, and academic and industry employees;

4 “(2) sponsor summer internships for STEM
5 high school teachers as appropriate;

6 “(3) develop programs for graduate student in-
7 ternships and visiting faculty researchers;

8 “(4) document publications, presentations, and
9 interactions with visiting researchers and sponsoring
10 interns as performance metrics for improving and
11 continuing interactions with those individuals; and

12 “(5) facilitate laboratory tours and provide
13 presentations for educational, industry, and commu-
14 nity groups.”.

15 (c) **POST-DOCTORAL FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.**—Sec-
16 tion 19 of the National Institute of Standards and Tech-
17 nology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-2) is amended to read as fol-
18 lows:

19 **“SEC. 19. POST-DOCTORAL FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.**

20 “(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Institute and the National
21 Academy of Sciences, jointly, shall establish and conduct
22 a post-doctoral fellowship program, subject to the avail-
23 ability of appropriations.

1 “(b) ORGANIZATION.—The post-doctoral fellowship
2 program shall include not less than 20 nor more than 120
3 new fellows per fiscal year.

4 “(c) EVALUATIONS.—In evaluating applications for
5 post-doctoral fellowships under this section, the Director
6 of the Institute and the President of the National Acad-
7 emy of Sciences shall give consideration to the goal of pro-
8 moting the participation of underrepresented minorities in
9 research areas supported by the Institute.”.

10 (d) SAVINGS CLAUSES.—

11 (1) RESEARCH FELLOWSHIPS AND OTHER FI-
12 NANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO STUDENTS AT INSTITUTES
13 OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The repeal made by sub-
14 section (a)(1) of this section shall not affect any
15 award of a research fellowship or other form of fi-
16 nancial assistance made under section 18 of the Na-
17 tional Institute of Standards and Technology Act
18 (15 U.S.C. 278g-1) before the date of enactment of
19 this Act. Such award shall continue to be subject to
20 the requirements to which such funds were subject
21 under that section before the date of enactment of
22 this Act.

23 (2) POST-DOCTORAL FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.—
24 The amendment made by subsection (c) of this sec-
25 tion shall not affect any award of a post-doctoral fel-

1 lowship or other form of financial assistance made
2 under section 19 of the National Institute of Stand-
3 ards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-2) before
4 the date of enactment of this Act. Such awards shall
5 continue to be subject to the requirements to which
6 such funds were subject under that section before
7 the date of enactment of this Act.

8 **SEC. 308. PRESIDENTIAL AWARDS FOR EXCELLENCE IN**
9 **STEM MENTORING.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Foundation
11 shall continue to administer awards on behalf of the Office
12 of Science and Technology Policy to recognize outstanding
13 mentoring in STEM fields.

14 (b) ANNUAL AWARD RECIPIENTS.—The Director of
15 the Foundation shall provide Congress with a list of award
16 recipients, including the name, institution, and a brief syn-
17 oopsis of the impact of the mentoring efforts.

18 **SEC. 309. WORKING GROUP ON INCLUSION IN STEM**
19 **FIELDS.**

20 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Office of Science and
21 Technology Policy, in collaboration with Federal depart-
22 ments and agencies, shall establish an interagency work-
23 ing group to compile and summarize available research
24 and best practices on how to promote diversity and inclu-
25 sions in STEM fields and examine whether barriers exist

1 to promoting diversity and inclusion within Federal agen-
2 cies employing scientists and engineers.

3 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The working group shall be
4 responsible for reviewing and assessing research, best
5 practices, and policies across Federal science agencies re-
6 lated to the inclusion of underrepresented groups in the
7 Federal STEM workforce, including available research
8 and best practices on how to promote diversity and inclu-
9 sion in STEM fields, including—

10 (1) policies providing flexibility for scientists
11 and engineers that are also caregivers, particularly
12 on the timing of research grants;

13 (2) policies to address the proper handling of
14 claims of sexual harassment;

15 (3) policies to minimize the effects of implicit
16 bias and other systemic factors in hiring, promotion,
17 evaluation and the workplace in general; and

18 (4) other evidence-based strategies that the
19 working group considers effective for promoting di-
20 versity and inclusion in the STEM fields.

21 (c) STAKEHOLDER INPUT.—In carrying out the re-
22 sponsibilities under section (b), the working group shall
23 solicit and consider input and recommendations from non-
24 Federal stakeholders, including—

1 (1) the Council of Advisors on Science and
2 Technology;

3 (2) federally funded and non-federally funded
4 researchers, institutions of higher education, sci-
5 entific disciplinary societies, and associations;

6 (3) nonprofit research institutions;

7 (4) industry, including small businesses;

8 (5) federally funded research and development
9 centers;

10 (6) non-governmental organizations; and

11 (7) such other members of the public interested
12 in promoting a diverse and inclusive Federal STEM
13 workforce.

14 (d) PUBLIC REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after
15 the date of enactment of this Act, and periodically there-
16 after, the working group shall publish a report on the re-
17 view and assessment under subsection (b), including a
18 summary of available research and best practices, any rec-
19 ommendations for Federal actions to promote a diverse
20 and inclusive Federal STEM workforce, and updates on
21 the implementation of previous recommendations for Fed-
22 eral actions.

23 (e) TERMINATION OF EFFECTIVENESS.—The author-
24 ity provided by subsection (a) terminates effective on the

1 date that is 10 years after the date that the working group
2 is established.

3 **SEC. 310. IMPROVING UNDERGRADUATE STEM EXPERI-**
4 **ENCES.**

5 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
6 gress that each Federal science agency should invest in
7 and expand research opportunities for undergraduate stu-
8 dents attending institutions of higher education during the
9 undergraduate student’s first 2 academic years of postsec-
10 ondary education.

11 (b) IDENTIFICATION OF RESEARCH PROGRAMS.—
12 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
13 Act, the head of each Federal agency shall submit to the
14 President recommendations regarding how the agency
15 could best fulfill the goals described in subsection (a).

16 (c) BROADER IMPACTS.—Section 526(a)(6) of the
17 America COMPETES Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–358;
18 124 Stat. 4019) is amended to read as follows:

19 “(6) Improved undergraduate STEM education
20 and instruction.”.

21 **SEC. 311. COMPUTER SCIENCE EDUCATION RESEARCH.**

22 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that as the lead Fed-
23 eral agency for building the research knowledge base for
24 computer science education, the Foundation is well posi-
25 tioned to make investments that will accelerate ongoing

1 efforts to enable rigorous and engaging computer science
2 throughout the Nation.

3 (b) GRANT PROGRAM.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Founda-
5 tion shall award grants to eligible entities to re-
6 search computer science education and computa-
7 tional thinking.

8 (2) RESEARCH.—The research described in
9 paragraph (1) may include the development or adap-
10 tation, piloting or full implementation, and testing
11 of—

12 (A) models of preservice preparation for
13 teachers who will teach computer science and
14 computational thinking;

15 (B) scalable and sustainable models of pro-
16 fessional development and ongoing support for
17 the teachers described in subparagraph (A);

18 (C) tools and models for teaching and
19 learning aimed at supporting student success
20 and inclusion in computing within and across
21 diverse populations, particularly poor, rural,
22 and tribal populations and other populations
23 that have been traditionally underrepresented in
24 computer science and STEM fields; and

1 (D) instructional materials and high-quality
2 learning opportunities for teaching computer
3 science and, especially in poor, rural, or tribal
4 schools at the elementary school and middle
5 school levels, for integrating computational
6 thinking into STEM teaching and learning.

7 (c) COLLABORATIONS.—In carrying out the grants
8 established in subsection (b), eligible entities may collabo-
9 rate and partner with local or remote schools to support
10 the integration of computing and computational thinking
11 within pre-kindergarten through grade 12 STEM cur-
12 ricula and instruction.

13 (d) METRICS.—The Director of the Foundation shall
14 develop metrics to measure the success of the grant pro-
15 gram funded under this section in achieving program
16 goals.

17 (e) REPORT.—The Director of the Foundation shall
18 report, in the annual budget submission to Congress, on
19 the success of the program as measured by the metrics
20 in subsection (d).

21 (f) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In this sec-
22 tion, the term “eligible entity” means an institution of
23 higher education or a nonprofit research organization.

1 **TITLE IV—LEVERAGING THE**
2 **PRIVATE SECTOR**

3 **SEC. 401. PRIZE COMPETITION AUTHORITY UPDATE.**

4 Section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Inno-
5 vation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719) is amended—

6 (1) in subsection (c)—

7 (A) in the subsection heading, by striking
8 “PRIZES” and by inserting “PRIZE COMPETI-
9 TIONS”;

10 (B) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
11 by striking “prize may be one or more of the
12 following” and inserting “prize competition may
13 be 1 or more of the following types of activi-
14 ties”;

15 (C) in paragraph (2), by inserting “com-
16 petition” after “prize”; and

17 (D) in paragraphs (3) and (4), by striking
18 “prizes” and inserting “prize competitions”;

19 (2) in subsection (f)—

20 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
21 by striking “in the Federal Register” and in-
22 serting “on a publicly accessible Government
23 website, such as www.challenge.gov,”;

1 (B) in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), by in-
2 serting “prize” before “competition” each place
3 it appears; and

4 (C) in paragraph (4), by striking “prize”
5 and inserting “cash prize purse or non-cash
6 prize award”;

7 (3) in subsection (g)—

8 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
9 by striking “prize” and inserting “cash prize
10 purse”; and

11 (B) in paragraph (1), by inserting “prize”
12 before “competition”;

13 (4) in subsection (h), by inserting “prize” be-
14 fore “competition” each place it appears;

15 (5) in subsection (i)—

16 (A) in paragraph (1)(B), by inserting
17 “prize” before “competition”;

18 (B) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting
19 “prize” before “competition” each place it ap-
20 pears;

21 (C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
22 paragraph (4); and

23 (D) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
24 following:

25 “(3) WAIVERS.—

1 “(A) IN GENERAL.—An agency may waive
2 the requirement under paragraph (2).

3 “(B) LIST.—The Director shall include a
4 list of all of the waivers granted under this
5 paragraph during the preceding fiscal year, in-
6 cluding a detailed explanation of the reason for
7 granting the waiver.”;

8 (6) in subsection (j)—

9 (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “prize”
10 before “competition”;

11 (B) by amending paragraph (2) to read as
12 follows:

13 “(2) LICENSES.—As appropriate and to further
14 the goals of a prize competition, the Federal Govern-
15 ment may—

16 “(A) negotiate a license for the use of in-
17 tellectual property developed by a registered
18 participant in a prize competition; or

19 “(B) require a registered participant in a
20 prize competition to provide an open license to
21 the public for the use of the intellectual prop-
22 erty if that requirement is disclosed prior to
23 registration.”; and

24 (C) by adding at the end the following:

1 “(3) ELECTRONIC CONSENT.—The Federal
2 Government may obtain consent to the intellectual
3 property and licensing terms of a prize competition
4 from participants during the online registration for
5 the prize competition.”;

6 (7) in subsection (k)—

7 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “each
8 competition” and inserting “each prize competi-
9 tion” each place it appears;

10 (B) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting
11 “prize” before “competition”; and

12 (C) in paragraph (3), by inserting “prize”
13 before “competitions” each place it appears;

14 (8) in subsection (l), by striking “an agreement
15 with” and all that follows through the period at the
16 end and inserting “a grant, contract, cooperative
17 agreement, or other agreement with a private sector
18 for-profit or nonprofit entity or State or local gov-
19 ernment agency to administer the prize competition,
20 subject to the provisions of this section.”;

21 (9) in subsection (m)—

22 (A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as
23 follows:

24 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Support for a prize com-
25 petition under this section, including financial sup-

1 port for the design and administration of a prize
2 competition or funds for a cash prize purse, may
3 consist of Federal appropriated funds and funds
4 provided by private sector for-profit and nonprofit
5 entities. The head of an agency may request and ac-
6 cept funds from other Federal agencies, State,
7 United States territory, local, or tribal government
8 agencies, private sector for-profit entities, and non-
9 profit entities, to be available to the extent provided
10 by appropriations Acts, to support such prize com-
11 petitions. The head of an agency may not give any
12 special consideration to any agency or entity in re-
13 turn for a donation.”;

14 (B) in paragraph (2), by striking “prize
15 awards” and inserting “cash prize purses or
16 non-cash prize awards”;

17 (C) in paragraph (3)—

18 (i) by amending subparagraph (A) to
19 read as follows:

20 “(A) ANNOUNCEMENT.—No prize competi-
21 tion may be announced under subsection (f)
22 until all the funds needed to pay out the an-
23 nounced amount of the cash prize purse have
24 been appropriated or committed in writing by a

1 private or State, United States territory, local,
2 or tribal government source.”; and

3 (ii) in subparagraph (B)—

4 (I) in the matter preceding clause
5 (i), by striking “a prize” and inserting
6 “a cash prize purse or non-cash prize
7 award”;

8 (II) in clause (i), by inserting
9 “competition” after “prize”; and

10 (III) in clause (ii), by inserting
11 “or State, United States territory,
12 local, or tribal government” after
13 “private”;

14 (D) in paragraph (4)—

15 (i) in subparagraph (A)—

16 (I) by striking “a prize” and in-
17 serting “a cash prize purse or a non-
18 cash prize award”; and

19 (II) by striking “Science and
20 Technology” and inserting “Science,
21 Space, and Technology”; and

22 (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
23 “cash prizes” and inserting “cash prize
24 purses or non-cash prize awards”;

25 (10) in subsection (n)—

1 (A) in the heading, by striking “SERVICE”
2 and inserting “SERVICES”;

3 (B) by striking “the date of the enactment
4 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization
5 Act of 2010” and inserting “the date of enact-
6 ment of the American Innovation and Competi-
7 tiveness Act,”; and

8 (C) by inserting “for both for-profit and
9 nonprofit entities and State, United States ter-
10 ritory, local, and tribal government entities,”
11 after “contract vehicle”;

12 (11) in subsection (o)(1), by striking “or pro-
13 viding a prize” and inserting “a prize competition or
14 providing a cash prize purse or non-cash prize
15 award”; and

16 (12) in subsection (p)—

17 (A) in the heading, by striking “ANNUAL”
18 and inserting “BIENNIAL”;

19 (B) in paragraph (1)—

20 (i) by striking “each year” and insert-
21 ing “every other year”;

22 (ii) by striking “Science and Tech-
23 nology” and inserting “Science, Space, and
24 Technology”; and

1 (iii) by striking “fiscal year” and in-
2 serting “2 fiscal years”; and

3 (C) in paragraph (2)—

4 (i) by striking “The report for a fiscal
5 year” and inserting “A report”;

6 (ii) in subparagraph (C)—

7 (I) in the heading, by striking
8 “PRIZES” and inserting “PRIZE
9 PURSES OR NON-CASH PRIZE
10 AWARDS”; and

11 (II) by striking “cash prizes”
12 each place it appears and inserting
13 “cash prize purses or non-cash prize
14 awards”; and

15 (iii) by adding at the end the fol-
16 lowing:

17 “(G) PLAN.—A description of crosscutting
18 topical areas and agency-specific mission needs
19 that may be the strongest opportunities for
20 prize competitions during the upcoming 2 fiscal
21 years.”.

22 **SEC. 402. CROWDSOURCING AND CITIZEN SCIENCE.**

23 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
24 gress that—

1 (1) the authority granted to Federal agencies
2 under the America COMPETES Reauthorization
3 Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–358; 124 Stat. 3982)
4 to pursue the use of incentive prizes and challenges
5 has yielded numerous benefits;

6 (2) crowdsourcing and citizen science projects
7 have a number of additional unique benefits, includ-
8 ing accelerating scientific research, increasing cost
9 effectiveness to maximize the return on taxpayer dol-
10 lars, addressing societal needs, providing hands-on
11 learning in STEM, and connecting members of the
12 public directly to Federal agency missions and to
13 each other; and

14 (3) granting Federal agencies the direct, ex-
15 plicit authority to use crowdsourcing and citizen
16 science will encourage its appropriate use to advance
17 agency missions and stimulate and facilitate broader
18 public participation in the innovation process, yield-
19 ing numerous benefits to the Federal Government
20 and citizens who participate in such projects.

21 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

22 (1) CITIZEN SCIENCE.—The term “citizen
23 science” means a form of open collaboration in
24 which individuals or organizations participate volun-

1 tarily in the scientific process in various ways, in-
2 cluding—

3 (A) enabling the formulation of research
4 questions;

5 (B) creating and refining project design;

6 (C) conducting scientific experiments;

7 (D) collecting and analyzing data;

8 (E) interpreting the results of data;

9 (F) developing technologies and applica-
10 tions;

11 (G) making discoveries; and

12 (H) solving problems.

13 (2) CROWDSOURCING.—The term
14 “crowdsourcing” means a method to obtain needed
15 services, ideas, or content by soliciting voluntary
16 contributions from a group of individuals or organi-
17 zations, especially from an online community.

18 (3) PARTICIPANT.—The term “participant”
19 means any individual or other entity that has volun-
20 teered in a crowdsourcing or citizen science project
21 under this section.

22 (c) CROWDSOURCING AND CITIZEN SCIENCE.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—The head of each Federal
24 agency, or the heads of multiple Federal agencies
25 working cooperatively, may utilize crowdsourcing

1 and citizen science to conduct activities designed to
2 advance the mission of the respective Federal agency
3 or the joint mission of Federal agencies, as applica-
4 ble.

5 (2) VOLUNTARY SERVICES.—Notwithstanding
6 section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the
7 head of a Federal agency may accept, subject to reg-
8 ulations issued by the Director of the Office of Per-
9 sonnel Management, services from participants
10 under this section if such services—

11 (A) are performed voluntarily as a part of
12 a crowdsourcing or citizen science project au-
13 thorized under paragraph (1);

14 (B) are not financially compensated for
15 their time; and

16 (C) will not be used to displace any em-
17 ployee of the Federal Government.

18 (3) OUTREACH.—The head of each Federal
19 agency engaged in a crowdsourcing or citizen science
20 project under this section shall make public and pro-
21 mote such project to encourage broad participation.

22 (4) CONSENT, REGISTRATION, AND TERMS OF
23 USE.—

24 (A) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal agency is
25 authorized to determine the appropriate level of

1 consent, registration, or acknowledgment of the
2 terms of use that are required from participants
3 in crowdsourcing or citizen science projects
4 under this section on a per-project basis.

5 (B) DISCLOSURES.—In seeking consent,
6 conducting registration, or developing terms of
7 use for a project under this subsection, a Fed-
8 eral agency shall disclose the privacy, intellec-
9 tual property, data ownership, compensation,
10 service, program, and other terms of use to the
11 participant in a clear and reasonable manner.

12 (C) MODE OF CONSENT.—A Federal agen-
13 cy or Federal agencies, as applicable, may ob-
14 tain consent electronically or in written form
15 from participants under this section.

16 (5) PROTECTIONS FOR HUMAN SUBJECTS.—
17 Any crowdsourcing or citizen science project under
18 this section that involves research involving human
19 subjects shall be subject to part 46 of title 28, Code
20 of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation).

21 (6) DATA.—

22 (A) IN GENERAL.—A Federal agency shall,
23 where appropriate and to the extent practicable,
24 make data collected through a crowdsourcing or
25 citizen science project under this section avail-

1 able to the public, in a machine readable for-
2 mat, unless prohibited by law.

3 (B) NOTICE.—As part of the consent proc-
4 ess, the Federal agency shall notify all partici-
5 pants—

6 (i) of the expected uses of the data
7 compiled through the project;

8 (ii) if the Federal agency will retain
9 ownership of such data;

10 (iii) if and how the data and results
11 from the project would be made available
12 for public or third party use; and

13 (iv) if participants are authorized to
14 publish such data.

15 (7) TECHNOLOGIES AND APPLICATIONS.—Fed-
16 eral agencies shall endeavor to make technologies,
17 applications, code, and derivations of such intellec-
18 tual property developed through a crowdsourcing or
19 citizen science project under this section available to
20 the public.

21 (8) LIABILITY.—Each participant in a
22 crowdsourcing or citizen science project under this
23 section shall agree—

24 (A) to assume any and all risks associated
25 with such participation; and

1 (B) to waive all claims against the Federal
2 Government and its related entities, except for
3 claims based on willful misconduct, for any in-
4 jury, death, damage, or loss of property, rev-
5 enue, or profits (whether direct, indirect, or
6 consequential) arising from participation in the
7 project.

8 (9) SCIENTIFIC INTEGRITY.—Federal agencies
9 coordinating crowdsourcing or citizen science
10 projects under this section shall make all practicable
11 efforts to ensure that participants adhere to all rel-
12 evant scientific integrity or other applicable ethics
13 policies.

14 (10) MULTI-SECTOR PARTNERSHIPS.—The
15 head of each Federal agency engaged in
16 crowdsourcing or citizen science under this section,
17 or the heads of multiple Federal agencies working
18 cooperatively, may enter into a contract or other
19 agreement to share administrative duties for such
20 activities with—

21 (A) a for profit or nonprofit private sector
22 entity, including a private institution of higher
23 education;

1 (B) a State, tribal, local, or foreign govern-
2 ment agency, including a public institution of
3 higher education; or

4 (C) a public-private partnership.

5 (11) FUNDING.—In carrying out crowdsourcing
6 and citizen science projects under this section, the
7 head of a Federal agency, or the heads of multiple
8 Federal agencies working cooperatively—

9 (A) may use funds appropriated by Con-
10 gress;

11 (B) may publicize projects and solicit and
12 accept funds or in-kind support for such activi-
13 ties from—

14 (i) other Federal agencies;

15 (ii) for profit or nonprofit private sec-
16 tor entities, including private institutions
17 of higher education; or

18 (iii) State, tribal, local, or foreign gov-
19 ernment agencies, including public institu-
20 tions of higher education; and

21 (C) may not give any special consideration
22 to any entity described in subparagraph (ii) in
23 return for such funds or in-kind support.

24 (12) FACILITATION.—

1 (A) GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION
2 ASSISTANCE.—The Administrator of the Gen-
3 eral Services Administration, in coordination
4 with the Director of the Office of Personnel
5 Management, shall, at no cost to Federal agen-
6 cies, identify and develop relevant products,
7 training, and services to facilitate the use of
8 crowdsourcing and citizen science projects
9 under this section, including by specifying the
10 appropriate contract vehicles and technology
11 and organizational platforms to enhance the
12 ability of Federal agencies to carry out the ac-
13 tivities under this section.

14 (B) ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.—The head of
15 each Federal agency engaged in crowdsourcing
16 or citizen science under this section is encour-
17 aged—

18 (i) to consult any guidance provided
19 by the Director of the Office of Science
20 and Technology Policy, including the Fed-
21 eral Crowdsourcing and Citizen Science
22 Toolkit;

23 (ii) to designate a coordinator for that
24 Federal agency's crowdsourcing and citizen
25 science projects; and

1 (iii) to share best practices with other
2 Federal agencies, including participation of
3 staff in the Federal Community of Practice
4 for Crowdsourcing and Citizen Science.

5 (d) REPORT.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
7 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director
8 of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall
9 include, as a component of a report required under
10 section 24(p) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology
11 Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719(p)), a re-
12 port on the activities carried out under this section.

13 (2) INFORMATION INCLUDED.—The report re-
14 quired under paragraph (1) shall include—

15 (A) a summary of each crowdsourcing and
16 citizen science project conducted by a Federal
17 agency during the most recently completed 2
18 fiscal years, including a description of the pro-
19 posed goals of each crowdsourcing and citizen
20 science project;

21 (B) the participation rates, submission lev-
22 els, number of consents, or any other statistic
23 that might be considered relevant in each
24 crowdsourcing and citizen science project;

25 (C) a description of—

1 (i) the resources (including personnel
2 and funding) that were used in the execu-
3 tion of each crowdsourcing and citizen
4 science project;

5 (ii) the activities for which such re-
6 sources were used; and

7 (iii) how the obligations and expendi-
8 tures relating to the project's execution
9 were allocated among the accounts of the
10 Federal agency;

11 (D) a summary of the use of
12 crowdsourcing and citizen science by all Federal
13 agencies, including interagency and multi-sector
14 partnerships; and

15 (E) any other information that the Direc-
16 tor of the Office of Science and Technology Pol-
17 icy considers relevant.

18 (e) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section
19 may be construed—

20 (1) to affect the authority to conduct
21 crowdsourcing and citizen science authorized by any
22 other provision of law; or

23 (2) to displace Federal Government resources
24 allocated to the Federal agencies that use

1 crowdsourcing or citizen science authorized under
2 this section to carry out a project.

3 **SEC. 403. NIST OTHER TRANSACTION AUTHORITY UPDATE.**

4 Section 2(b)(4) of the National Institute of Stand-
5 ards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(b)(4)) is amend-
6 ed to read as follows:

7 “(4) to enter into and perform such contracts,
8 including cooperative research and development ar-
9 rangements, grants, cooperative agreements, real
10 property leases, or other transactions, as may be
11 necessary in furtherance of the purposes of this Act
12 and on such terms as the Director considers appro-
13 priate;”.

14 **SEC. 404. NIST VISITING COMMITTEE ON ADVANCED TECH-**
15 **NOLOGY UPDATE.**

16 Section 10(a) of the National Institute of Standards
17 and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278(a)) is amended—

18 (1) in the second sentence, by striking “15
19 members appointed by the Director, at least 10 of
20 whom” and “not fewer than 9 members appointed
21 by the Director, a majority of whom”; and

22 (2) in the third sentence, by striking “National
23 Bureau of Standards” and inserting “National Insti-
24 tute of Standards and Technology”.

1 **TITLE V—MANUFACTURING**

2 **SEC. 501. HOLLINGS MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PART-**
3 **NERSHIP IMPROVEMENTS.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 25 of the National Insti-
5 tute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k)
6 is amended to read as follows:

7 **“SEC. 25. HOLLINGS MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PART-**
8 **NERSHIP.**

9 “(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

10 “(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-
11 GRESS.—The term ‘appropriate committees of Con-
12 gress’ means—

13 “(A) the Committee on Commerce,
14 Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and

15 “(B) the Committee on Science, Space,
16 and Technology of the House of Representa-
17 tives.

18 “(2) AREA CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDU-
19 CATION SCHOOL.—The term ‘area career and tech-
20 nical education school’ has the meaning given the
21 term in section 3 of the Vocational Education Act of
22 1963 (20 U.S.C. 2302).

23 “(3) CENTER.—The term ‘Center’ means a
24 manufacturing extension center that—

25 “(A) is created under subsection (b); and

1 “(B) is affiliated with an eligible entity
2 that applies for and is awarded financial sup-
3 port under subsection (e).

4 “(4) COMMUNITY COLLEGE.—The term ‘com-
5 munity college’ means an institution of higher edu-
6 cation (as defined under section 101(a) of the High-
7 er Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a))) at
8 which the highest degree that is predominately
9 awarded to students is an associate’s degree.

10 “(5) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term ‘eligible en-
11 tity’ means a United States-based nonprofit institu-
12 tion, or consortium thereof, an institution of higher
13 education, or a State, United States territory, local,
14 or tribal government.

15 “(6) HOLLINGS MANUFACTURING EXTENSION
16 PARTNERSHIP OR PROGRAM.—The term ‘Hollings
17 Manufacturing Extension Partnership’ or ‘Program’
18 means the program established under subsection (b).

19 “(7) MEP ADVISORY BOARD.—The term ‘MEP
20 Advisory Board’ means the Manufacturing Exten-
21 sion Partnership Advisory Board established under
22 subsection (n).

23 “(b) ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.—The Sec-
24 retary, acting through the Director and, if appropriate,
25 through other Federal officials, shall establish a program

1 to provide assistance for the creation and support of man-
2 ufacturing extension centers for the transfer of manufac-
3 turing technology and best business practices.

4 “(c) OBJECTIVE.—The objective of the Program shall
5 be to enhance competitiveness, productivity, and techno-
6 logical performance in United States manufacturing
7 through—

8 “(1) the transfer of manufacturing technology
9 and techniques developed at the Institute to Centers
10 and, through them, to manufacturing companies
11 throughout the United States;

12 “(2) the participation of individuals from indus-
13 try, institutions of higher education, State govern-
14 ments, other Federal agencies, and, when appro-
15 priate, the Institute in cooperative technology trans-
16 fer activities;

17 “(3) efforts to make new manufacturing tech-
18 nology and processes usable by United States-based
19 small and medium-sized companies;

20 “(4) the active dissemination of scientific, engi-
21 neering, technical, and management information
22 about manufacturing to industrial firms, including
23 small and medium-sized manufacturing companies;

24 “(5) the utilization, when appropriate, of the
25 expertise and capability that exists in Federal agen-

1 cies, other than the Institute, and federally-spon-
2 sored laboratories;

3 “(6) the provision to community colleges and
4 area career and technical education schools of infor-
5 mation about the job skills needed in manufacturing
6 companies, including small and medium-sized manu-
7 facturing businesses in the regions they serve;

8 “(7) the promotion and expansion of certifi-
9 cation systems offered through industry, associa-
10 tions, and community colleges, when appropriate;
11 and

12 “(8) the growth in employment and wages at
13 United States-based small and medium-sized compa-
14 nies.

15 “(d) ACTIVITIES.—The activities of a Center shall in-
16 clude—

17 “(1) the establishment of automated manufac-
18 turing systems and other advanced production tech-
19 nologies, based on Institute-supported research, for
20 the purpose of demonstrations and technology trans-
21 fer;

22 “(2) the active transfer and dissemination of re-
23 search findings and Center expertise to a wide range
24 of companies and enterprises, particularly small and
25 medium-sized manufacturers; and

1 “(3) the facilitation of collaborations and part-
2 nerships between small and medium-sized manufac-
3 turing companies , community colleges, and area ca-
4 reer and technical education schools, to help those
5 entities better understand the specific needs of man-
6 ufacturers and to help manufacturers better under-
7 stand the skill sets that students learn in the pro-
8 grams offered by such colleges and schools.

9 “(e) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—

10 “(1) AUTHORIZATION.—Except as provided in
11 paragraph (2), the Secretary may provide financial
12 assistance for the creation and support of a Center
13 through a cooperative agreement with an eligible en-
14 tity.

15 “(2) COST SHARING.—The Secretary may not
16 provide more than 50 percent of the capital and an-
17 nual operating and maintenance funds required to
18 establish and support a Center.

19 “(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes
20 of paragraph (2), any amount received by an eligible
21 entity for a Center under a provision of law other
22 than paragraph (1) shall not be considered an
23 amount provided under paragraph (1).

24 “(f) APPLICATIONS.—

1 “(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity shall sub-
2 mit an application to the Secretary at such time, in
3 such manner, and containing such information as
4 the Secretary may require.

5 “(2) PROGRAM DESCRIPTION.—The Secretary
6 shall establish and update, as necessary—

7 “(A) a description of the Program;

8 “(B) the application procedures;

9 “(C) performance metrics;

10 “(D) criteria for determining qualified ap-
11 plicants; and

12 “(E) criteria for choosing recipients of fi-
13 nancial assistance from among the qualified ap-
14 plicants.

15 “(F) procedures for determining allowable
16 cost share contributions; and

17 “(G) such other program policy objectives
18 and operational procedures as the Secretary
19 considers necessary.

20 “(3) COST SHARING.—

21 “(A) IN GENERAL.—To be considered for
22 financial assistance under this section, an appli-
23 cant shall provide adequate assurances that the
24 applicant and if applicable, the applicant’s
25 partnering organizations, will obtain funding

1 for not less than 50 percent of the capital and
2 annual operating and maintenance funds re-
3 quired to establish and support the Center from
4 sources other than the financial assistance pro-
5 vided under subsection (e).

6 “(B) AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER ENTI-
7 TIES.—In meeting the cost-sharing requirement
8 under subparagraph (A), an eligible entity may
9 enter into an agreement with 1 or more other
10 entities, such as a private industry, an institu-
11 tion of higher education, or a State, United
12 States territory, local, or tribal government for
13 the contribution by that other entity of funding
14 if the Secretary determines the agreement—

15 “(i) is programmatically reasonable;

16 “(ii) will help accomplish pro-
17 grammatic objectives; and

18 “(iii) is allocable under Program pro-
19 cedures under subsection (f)(2).

20 “(4) LEGAL RIGHTS.—Each applicant shall in-
21 clude in the application a proposal for the allocation
22 of the legal rights associated with any intellectual
23 property which may result from the activities of the
24 Center.

25 “(5) MERIT REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.—

1 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
2 subject each application to merit review.

3 “(B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In making a de-
4 cision whether to approve an application and
5 provide financial assistance under subsection
6 (e), the Secretary shall consider, at a min-
7 imum—

8 “(i) the merits of the application, par-
9 ticularly those portions of the application
10 regarding technology transfer, training and
11 education, and adaptation of manufac-
12 turing technologies to the needs of par-
13 ticular industrial sectors;

14 “(ii) the quality of service to be pro-
15 vided;

16 “(iii) the geographical diversity and
17 extent of the service area; and

18 “(iv) the type and percentage of fund-
19 ing from other sources under paragraph
20 (3).

21 “(g) EVALUATIONS.—

22 “(1) THIRD AND EIGHTH YEAR EVALUATIONS
23 BY PANEL.—

24 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
25 ensure that each Center is evaluated during its

1 third and eighth years of operation by an eval-
2 uation panel appointed by the Secretary.

3 “(B) COMPOSITION.—The Secretary shall
4 ensure that each evaluation panel appointed
5 under subparagraph (A) is composed of—

6 “(i) private experts, none of whom are
7 connected with the Center evaluated by the
8 panel; and

9 “(ii) Federal officials.

10 “(C) CHAIRPERSON.—For each evaluation
11 panel appointed under subparagraph (B), the
12 Secretary shall appoint a chairperson who is an
13 official of the Institute.

14 “(2) FIFTH YEAR EVALUATIONS BY SEC-
15 RETARY.—In the fifth year of operation of a Center,
16 the Secretary shall conduct a review of the Center.

17 “(3) PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT.—In evalu-
18 ating a Center an evaluation panel or the Secretary,
19 as applicable, shall measure the performance of the
20 Center against—

21 “(A) the objective specified in subsection
22 (c);

23 “(B) the performance metrics under sub-
24 section (f)(2)(C); and

1 “(C) such other criterion as considered ap-
2 propriate by the Secretary.

3 “(4) POSITIVE EVALUATIONS.—If an evaluation
4 of a Center is positive, the Secretary may continue
5 to provide financial assistance for the Center—

6 “(A) in the case of an evaluation occurring
7 in the third year of a Center, through the fifth
8 year of the Center;

9 “(B) in the case of an evaluation occurring
10 in the fifth year of a Center, through the eighth
11 year of the Center; and

12 “(C) in the case of an evaluation occurring
13 in the eighth year of a Center, through the
14 tenth year of the Center.

15 “(5) OTHER THAN POSITIVE EVALUATIONS.—

16 “(A) PROBATION.—If an evaluation of a
17 Center is other than positive, the Secretary
18 shall put the Center on probation during the
19 period beginning on the date that the Center
20 receives notice under subparagraph (B)(i) and
21 ending on the date that the reevaluation is com-
22 plete under subparagraph (B)(iii).

23 “(B) NOTICE AND REEVALUATION.—If a
24 Center receives an evaluation that is other than

1 positive, the evaluation panel or Secretary, as
2 applicable, shall—

3 “(i) notify the Center of the reason,
4 including any deficiencies in the perform-
5 ance of the Center identified during the
6 evaluation;

7 “(ii) assist the Center in remedying
8 the deficiencies by providing the Center,
9 not less frequently than once every 3
10 months, an analysis of the Center, if con-
11 sidered appropriate by the panel or Sec-
12 retary, as applicable; and

13 “(iii) reevaluate the Center not later
14 than 1 year after the date of the notice
15 under clause (i).

16 “(C) CONTINUED SUPPORT DURING PE-
17 RIOD OF PROBATION.—The Secretary may con-
18 tinue to provide financial assistance under sub-
19 section (e) for a Center during the probation
20 period.

21 “(6) FAILURE TO REMEDY.—

22 “(A) IN GENERAL.—If a Center fails to
23 remedy a deficiency or to show significant im-
24 provement in performance before the end of the
25 probation period under paragraph (5), the Sec-

1 retary shall conduct a competition to select an
2 operator for the Center under subsection (h).

3 “(B) TREATMENT OF CENTERS SUBJECT
4 TO NEW COMPETITION.—Upon the selection of
5 an operator for a Center under subsection (h),
6 the Center shall be considered a new Center
7 and the calculation of the years of operation of
8 that Center for purposes of paragraphs (1)
9 through (5) of this subsection and subsection
10 (h)(1) shall start anew.

11 “(h) REAPPLICATION COMPETITION FOR FINANCIAL
12 ASSISTANCE AFTER 10 YEARS.—

13 “(1) IN GENERAL.—If an eligible entity has op-
14 erated a Center under this section for a period of 10
15 consecutive years, the Secretary shall conduct a com-
16 petition to select an eligible entity to operate the
17 Center in accordance with the process plan under
18 subsection (i).

19 “(2) INCUMBENT ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—An eli-
20 gible entity that has received financial assistance
21 under this section for a period of 10 consecutive
22 years and that the Secretary determines is in good
23 standing shall be eligible to compete in the competi-
24 tion under paragraph (1).

1 “(3) TREATMENT OF CENTERS SUBJECT TO RE-
2 APPLICATION COMPETITION.—Upon the selection of
3 an operator for a Center under paragraph (1), the
4 Center shall be considered a new Center and the cal-
5 culation of the years of operation of that Center for
6 purposes of paragraphs (1) through (5) of sub-
7 section (g) shall start anew.

8 “(i) PROCESS PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after
9 the date of the enactment of the American Innovation and
10 Competitiveness Act, the Secretary shall implement and
11 submit to Congress a plan for how the Institute will con-
12 duct an evaluation, competition, and reapplication com-
13 petition under this section.

14 “(j) OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS.—

15 “(1) PROTECTION OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMA-
16 TION OF CENTER CLIENTS.—The following informa-
17 tion, if obtained by the Federal Government in con-
18 nection with an activity of a Center or the Program,
19 shall be exempt from public disclosure under section
20 552 of title 5, United States Code:

21 “(A) Information on the business operation
22 of any participant in the Program or of a client
23 of a Center.

24 “(B) Trade secrets of any client of a Cen-
25 ter.

1 “(k) OVERSIGHT BOARDS.—

2 “(1) IN GENERAL.—As a condition on receipt of
3 financial assistance for a Center under subsection
4 (e), an eligible entity shall establish a board to over-
5 see the operations of the Center.

6 “(2) STANDARDS.—

7 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall es-
8 tablish appropriate standards for each board
9 described under paragraph (1).

10 “(B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In establishing
11 the standards, the Director shall take into ac-
12 count the type and organizational structure of
13 an eligible entity.

14 “(C) REQUIREMENTS.—The standards
15 shall address, at a minimum—

16 “(i) membership;

17 “(ii) composition;

18 “(iii) term limits;

19 “(iv) conflicts of interest; and

20 “(v) whether to limit board members
21 serving on multiple boards under this sec-
22 tion.

23 “(3) MEMBERSHIP.—

1 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Each board estab-
2 lished under paragraph (1) shall be composed
3 of members as follows:

4 “(i) The membership of each board
5 shall be representative of stakeholders in
6 the region in which the Center is located.

7 “(ii) A majority of the members of the
8 board shall be selected from among indi-
9 viduals who own or are employed by small
10 or medium-sized manufacturers.

11 “(B) LIMITATION.—A member of a board
12 established under paragraph (1) may not serve
13 on more than 1 board established under that
14 paragraph.

15 “(4) BYLAWS.—

16 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Each board estab-
17 lished under paragraph (1) shall adopt and sub-
18 mit to the Director bylaws to govern the oper-
19 ation of the board.

20 “(B) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—Bylaws
21 adopted under subparagraph (A) shall include
22 policies to minimize conflicts of interest, includ-
23 ing such policies relating to disclosure of rela-
24 tionships and recusal as may be necessary to
25 minimize conflicts of interest.

1 “(l) ACCEPTANCE OF FUNDS.—In addition to such
2 sums as may be appropriated to the Secretary and Direc-
3 tor to operate the Program, the Secretary and Director
4 may also accept funds from other Federal departments
5 and agencies and from the private sector under section
6 2(c)(7) of this Act (15 U.S.C. 272(c)(7)), to be available
7 to the extent provided by appropriations Acts, for the pur-
8 pose of strengthening United States manufacturing.

9 “(m) MEP ADVISORY BOARD.—

10 “(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established
11 within the Institute a Manufacturing Extension
12 Partnership Advisory Board.

13 “(2) MEMBERSHIP.—

14 “(A) COMPOSITION.—

15 “(i) IN GENERAL.—The MEP Advi-
16 sory Board shall consist of not fewer than
17 10 members appointed by the Director and
18 broadly representative of stakeholders.

19 “(ii) REQUIREMENTS.—Of the mem-
20 bers appointed under clause (i)—

21 “(I) at least 2 members shall be
22 employed by or on an advisory board
23 for a Center; and

24 “(II) at least 5 other members
25 shall be from United States small

1 businesses in the manufacturing sec-
2 tor.

3 “(iii) LIMITATION.—No member of
4 the MEP Advisory Board shall be an em-
5 ployee of the Federal Government.

6 “(B) TERM.—Except as provided in sub-
7 paragraph (C), the term of office of each mem-
8 ber of the MEP Advisory Board shall be 3
9 years.

10 “(C) VACANCIES.—Any member appointed
11 to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expira-
12 tion of the term for which his predecessor was
13 appointed shall be appointed for the remainder
14 of such term.

15 “(D) SERVING CONSECUTIVE TERMS.—
16 Any person who has completed 2 consecutive
17 full terms of service on the MEP Advisory
18 Board shall thereafter be ineligible for appoint-
19 ment during the 1-year period following the ex-
20 piration of the second such term.

21 “(3) MEETINGS.—The MEP Advisory Board
22 shall—

23 “(A) meet not less than biannually; and

24 “(B) provide to the Director—

1 “(i) advice on the activities, plans,
2 and policies of the Program;

3 “(ii) assessments of the soundness of
4 the plans and strategies of the Program;
5 and

6 “(iii) assessments of current perform-
7 ance against the plans of the Program.

8 “(4) FACA APPLICABILITY.—

9 “(A) IN GENERAL.—In discharging its du-
10 ties under this subsection, the MEP Advisory
11 Board shall function solely in an advisory ca-
12 pacity, in accordance with the Federal Advisory
13 Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

14 “(B) EXCEPTION.—Section 14 of the Fed-
15 eral Advisory Committee Act shall not apply to
16 the MEP Advisory Board.

17 “(5) ANNUAL REPORT.—

18 “(A) IN GENERAL.—At a minimum, the
19 MEP Advisory Board shall transmit an annual
20 report to the Secretary for transmittal to Con-
21 gress not later than 30 days after the submis-
22 sion to Congress of the President’s annual
23 budget request in each year.

24 “(B) CONTENTS.—The report shall ad-
25 dress the status of the Program and describe

1 the relevant sections of the programmatic plan-
2 ning document and updates thereto transmitted
3 to Congress by the Director under subsections
4 (c) and (d) of section 23 (15 U.S.C. 278i).

5 “(n) SMALL MANUFACTURERS.—

6 “(1) EVALUATION OF OBSTACLES.—As part of
7 the Program, the Director shall—

8 “(A) identify obstacles that prevent small
9 manufacturers from effectively competing in the
10 global market;

11 “(B) implement a comprehensive plan to
12 train the Centers to address the obstacles iden-
13 tified in paragraph (2); and

14 “(C) facilitate improved communication be-
15 tween the Centers to assist such manufacturers
16 in implementing appropriate, targeted solutions
17 to the obstacles identified in paragraph (2).

18 “(2) DEVELOPMENT OF OPEN ACCESS RE-
19 SOURCES.—As part of the Program, the Secretary
20 shall develop open access resources that address best
21 practices related to inventory sourcing, supply chain
22 management, manufacturing techniques, available
23 Federal resources, and other topics to further the
24 competitiveness and profitability of small manufac-
25 turers.”.

1 (b) COMPETITIVE AWARDS PROGRAM.—The National
2 Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271
3 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 25 the fol-
4 lowing:

5 **“SEC. 25A. COMPETITIVE AWARDS PROGRAM.**

6 “(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director shall establish
7 within the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership
8 under section 25 (15 U.S.C. 278k) and section 26 (15
9 U.S.C. 278l) a program of competitive awards among par-
10 ticipants described in subsection (b) of this section for the
11 purposes described in subsection (c).

12 “(b) PARTICIPANTS.—Participants receiving awards
13 under this section shall be Centers, or a consortium of
14 Centers.

15 “(c) PURPOSE, THEMES, AND REIMBURSEMENT.—

16 “(1) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the program
17 established under subsection (a) is to add capabili-
18 ties to the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Part-
19 nership, including the development of projects to
20 solve new or emerging manufacturing problems as
21 determined by the Director, in consultation with the
22 Director of the Hollings Manufacturing Extension
23 Partnership, the MEP Advisory Board, other Fed-
24 eral agencies, and small and medium-sized manufac-
25 turers.

1 “(2) THEMES.—The Director may identify 1 or
2 more themes for a competition carried out under
3 this section, which may vary from year to year, as
4 the Director considers appropriate after assessing
5 the needs of manufacturers and the success of pre-
6 vious competitions.

7 “(3) REIMBURSEMENT.—Centers may be reim-
8 bursed for costs incurred by the Centers under this
9 section.

10 “(d) APPLICATIONS.—Applications for awards under
11 this section shall be submitted in such manner, at such
12 time, and containing such information as the Director
13 shall require in consultation with the MEP Advisory
14 Board.

15 “(e) SELECTION.—

16 “(1) PEER REVIEW AND COMPETITIVELY
17 AWARDED.—The Director shall ensure that awards
18 under this section are peer reviewed and competi-
19 tively awarded.

20 “(2) GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY.—The Director
21 shall endeavor to have broad geographic diversity
22 among selected proposals.

23 “(3) CRITERIA.—The Director shall select ap-
24 plications to receive awards that the Director deter-
25 mines will achieve 1 or more of the following:

1 “(A) Improve the competitiveness of indus-
2 tries in the region in which the Center or Cen-
3 ters are located.

4 “(B) Create jobs or train newly hired em-
5 ployees.

6 “(C) Promote the transfer and commer-
7 cialization of research and technology from in-
8 stitutions of higher education, national labora-
9 tories or other Federally-funded research pro-
10 grams, and nonprofit research institutes.

11 “(D) Recruit a diverse manufacturing
12 workforce, including through outreach to
13 women and minorities.

14 “(E) Such other result as the Director de-
15 termines will advance the objective set forth in
16 section 25(c) (15 U.S.C. 278k) or in section 26
17 (15 U.S.C. 278l).

18 “(f) PROGRAM CONTRIBUTION.—Recipients of
19 awards under this section shall not be required to provide
20 a matching contribution.

21 “(g) GLOBAL MARKETPLACE PROJECTS.—In making
22 an award under this section, the Director, in consultation
23 with the MEP Advisory Board and the Secretary, may
24 take into consideration whether an application has signifi-
25 cant potential for enhancing the competitiveness of small

1 and medium-sized United States manufacturers in the
2 global marketplace.

3 “(h) DURATION.—The duration of an award under
4 this section shall be for not more than 3 years.

5 “(i) DEFINITIONS.—The terms used in this section
6 have the meanings given the terms in section 25 (15
7 U.S.C. 278k).”

8 (c) GAO REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the
9 date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
10 of the United States, in consultation with the MEP Advi-
11 sory Board (as defined in section 25 of the National Insti-
12 tute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k),
13 shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
14 Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on
15 Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Rep-
16 resentatives a report analyzing—

17 (1) the effectiveness of the changes in the cost
18 share to Centers under section 25 of the National
19 Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15
20 U.S.C. 278k);

21 (2) the engagement in services and the charac-
22 teristics of services provided by 2 types of Centers,
23 including volume and type of service; and

1 (3) whether the cost-sharing ratio has any ef-
2 fect on the services provided by either type of Cen-
3 ter.

4 (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

5 (1) DEFINITIONS.—Section 2199(3) of title 10,
6 United States Code, is amended—

7 (A) by striking “regional center” and in-
8 serting “manufacturing extension center”;

9 (B) by inserting “and best business prac-
10 tices” before “referred”; and

11 (C) by striking “25(a)” and inserting
12 “25(b)”.

13 (2) ENTERPRISE INTEGRATION INITIATIVE.—
14 Section 3(a) of the Enterprise Integration Act of
15 2002 (15 U.S.C. 278g-5(a)) is amended by inserting
16 “Hollings” before “Manufacturing Extension Part-
17 nership”.

18 (3) ASSISTANCE TO STATE TECHNOLOGY PRO-
19 GRAMS.—Section 26(a) of the National Institute of
20 Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278l(a))
21 is amended by striking “Centers program created”
22 and inserting “Hollings Manufacturing Extension
23 Partnership”.

24 (e) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—Notwithstanding the
25 amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) of this sec-

1 tion, the Secretary of Commerce may carry out section
2 25 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology
3 Act (15 U.S.C. 278k) as that section was in effect on the
4 day before the date of enactment of this Act, with respect
5 to existing grants, agreements, cooperative agreements, or
6 contracts, and with respect to applications for such items
7 that are received by the Secretary prior to the date of en-
8 actment of this Act.

9 **SEC. 502. FEDERAL LOAN GUARANTEES FOR INNOVATIVE**
10 **TECHNOLOGIES IN MANUFACTURING.**

11 Section 26(o) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology
12 Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3721(o)) is amended—

13 (1) by inserting “(1) IN GENERAL.—” before
14 “To the maximum” and indenting appropriately;
15 and

16 (2) by adding at the end the following:

17 “(2) ACCESS TO CAPITAL.—The Secretary, in
18 coordination with the Small Business Administration
19 and the National Institute of Standards and Tech-
20 nology, shall identify any gaps in the access of
21 small- or medium-sized manufacturers to capital for
22 the use or production of innovative technologies that
23 the program could fill, and develop marketing mate-
24 rials and conduct outreach to target those gaps.”.

1 **TITLE VI—INNOVATION, COM-**
2 **MERCIALIZATION, AND TECH-**
3 **NOLOGY TRANSFER**

4 **SEC. 601. INNOVATION CORPS.**

5 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
6 ings:

7 (1) The National Science Foundation Innova-
8 tion Corps (referred to in this section as the “I-
9 Corps”) was established to foster a national innova-
10 tion ecosystem by encouraging institutions, sci-
11 entists, engineers, and entrepreneurs to identify and
12 explore the innovation and commercial potential of
13 National Science Foundation-funded research well
14 beyond the laboratory.

15 (2) Through I-Corps, the Foundation invests in
16 entrepreneurship and commercialization education,
17 training, and mentoring that can ultimately lead to
18 the practical deployment of technologies, products,
19 processes, and services that improve the Nation’s
20 competitiveness, promote economic growth, and ben-
21 efit society.

22 (3) By building networks of entrepreneurs, edu-
23 cators, mentors, institutions, and collaborations, and
24 supporting specialized education and training, I-

1 Corps is at the leading edge of a strong, lasting
2 foundation for an American innovation ecosystem.

3 (4) By translating federally funded research to
4 a commercial stage more quickly and efficiently, pro-
5 grams like the I-Corps create new jobs and compa-
6 nies, help solve societal problems, and provide tax-
7 payers with a greater return on their investment in
8 research.

9 (5) The I-Corps program model has a strong
10 record of success that should be replicated at all
11 Federal science agencies.

12 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
13 gress that—

14 (1) commercialization of federally-funded re-
15 search can improve the Nation’s competitiveness,
16 grow the economy, and benefit society;

17 (2) I-Corps is a useful tool in promoting the
18 commercialization of federally-funded research by
19 training researchers funded by the Foundation in
20 entrepreneurship and commercialization;

21 (3) I-Corps should continue to build a network
22 of entrepreneurs, educators, mentors, and institu-
23 tions and support specialized education and training;
24 and

1 (4) researchers other than those funded by the
2 Foundation may also benefit from the education and
3 training described in paragraph (3).

4 (c) I-CORPS PROGRAM.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—In order to promote a
6 strong, lasting foundation for the national innova-
7 tion ecosystem and increase the positive economic
8 and social impact of federally-funded research, the
9 Director of the Foundation shall set forth eligibility
10 requirements and carry out a program to award
11 grants for entrepreneurship and commercialization
12 education, training, and mentoring.

13 (2) EXPANSION OF I-CORPS.—

14 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Director—

15 (i) shall encourage the development
16 and expansion of I-Corps and other train-
17 ing programs that focus on professional
18 development, including education in entre-
19 preneurship and commercialization; and

20 (ii) may establish an agreement with
21 another Federal science agency—

22 (I) to make researchers, stu-
23 dents, and institutions funded by that
24 agency eligible to participate in the I-
25 Corps program; or

1 (II) to assist that agency with
2 the design and implementation of its
3 own program that is similar to the I-
4 Corps program.

5 (B) PARTNERSHIP FUNDING.—In negoti-
6 ating an agreement with another Federal
7 science agency under subparagraph (A)(ii), the
8 Director shall require that Federal science
9 agency to provide funding for—

10 (i) the training for researchers, stu-
11 dents, and institutions selected for the I-
12 Corps program; and

13 (ii) the locations that Federal science
14 agency designates as regional and national
15 infrastructure for science and engineering
16 entrepreneurship.

17 (3) FOLLOW-ON COMMERCIALIZATION
18 GRANTS.—

19 (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
20 graph (B), the Director, in consultation with
21 the Director of the Small Business Innovation
22 Research Program, shall make funds available
23 for competitive grants, including to I-Corps par-
24 ticipants, to help support—

1 (i) prototype or proof-of-concept devel-
2 opment; and

3 (ii) such activities as the Director con-
4 siders necessary to build local, regional,
5 and national infrastructure for science and
6 engineering entrepreneurship.

7 (B) LIMITATION.—Grants under subpara-
8 graph (A) shall be limited to participants with
9 innovations that because of the early stage of
10 development are not eligible to participate in a
11 Small Business Innovation Research Program
12 or a Small Business Technology Transfer Pro-
13 gram.

14 (4) STATE AND LOCAL PARTNERSHIPS.—The
15 Director may engage in partnerships with State and
16 local governments, economic development organiza-
17 tions, and nonprofit organizations to provide access
18 to the I-Corps program to support entrepreneurship
19 and commercialization education and training for re-
20 searchers, students, and institutions under this sub-
21 section.

22 (5) REPORTS.—The Director shall submit to
23 the appropriate committees of Congress a biennial
24 report on I-Corps program efficacy, including
25 metrics on the effectiveness of the program. Each

1 Federal science agency participating in the I-Corps
2 program or that implements a similar program
3 under paragraph (2)(A) shall contribute to the re-
4 port.

5 (6) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection, the
6 terms “Small Business Innovation Research Pro-
7 gram” and “Small Business Technology Transfer
8 Program” have the meanings given those terms in
9 section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C.
10 638).

11 **SEC. 602. TRANSLATIONAL RESEARCH GRANTS.**

12 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
13 gress that—

14 (1) commercialization of federally-funded re-
15 search may benefit society and the economy; and

16 (2) not-for-profit organizations support the
17 commercialization of federally-funded research by
18 providing useful business and technical expertise to
19 researchers.

20 (b) COMMERCIALIZATION GRANTS PROGRAM.—The
21 Director of the Foundation shall continue to award grants
22 on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis to eligible entities
23 to promote the commercialization of federally-funded re-
24 search results.

1 (c) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities supported by grants
2 under this section may include—

3 (1) identifying Foundation-sponsored research
4 and technologies that have the potential for acceler-
5 ated commercialization;

6 (2) supporting prior or current Foundation-
7 sponsored investigators in undertaking proof-of-con-
8 cept work, including development of prototypes of
9 technologies that are derived from Foundation-spon-
10 sored research and have potential market value;

11 (3) promoting sustainable partnerships between
12 Foundation-funded institutions, industry, and other
13 organizations within academia and the private sector
14 with the purpose of accelerating the transfer of tech-
15 nology;

16 (4) developing multi-disciplinary innovation eco-
17 systems which involve and are responsive to specific
18 needs of academia and industry; and

19 (5) providing professional development, men-
20 toring, and advice in entrepreneurship, project man-
21 agement, and technology and business development
22 to innovators.

23 (d) ELIGIBILITY.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—The following organizations
25 may be eligible for grants under this section:

1 (A) Institutions of higher education.

2 (B) Public or nonprofit technology transfer
3 organizations.

4 (C) A nonprofit organization that partners
5 with an institution of higher education.

6 (D) A consortia of 2 or more of the organi-
7 zations described under subparagraphs (A)
8 through (C).

9 (2) LEAD ORGANIZATIONS.—Any eligible orga-
10 nization under paragraph (1) may apply as a lead
11 organization.

12 (e) APPLICATIONS.—An eligible entity seeking a
13 grant under this section shall submit an application to the
14 Director at such time, in such manner, and containing
15 such information as the Director may require.

16 **SEC. 603. OPTICS AND PHOTONICS TECHNOLOGY INNOVA-**
17 **TIONS.**

18 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
19 ings:

20 (1) The 1998 National Research Council Re-
21 port, “Harnessing Light” presented a comprehensive
22 overview on the importance of optics and photonics
23 to various sectors of the United States economy.

24 (2) In 2012, in response to increased coordina-
25 tion and investment by other nations, the National

1 Research Council released a follow up study recom-
2 mending a national photonics initiative to increase
3 collaboration and coordination among United States
4 industry, Federal and State government, and aca-
5 demia to identify and further advance areas of
6 photonics critical to regaining United States com-
7 petitiveness and maintaining national security.

8 (3) Publicly-traded companies focused on optics
9 and photonics in the United States enable more than
10 \$3 trillion in revenue annually.

11 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
12 gress that—

13 (1) optics and photonics research and tech-
14 nologies promote United States global competitive-
15 ness in industry sectors, including telecommuni-
16 cations and information technology, energy,
17 healthcare and medicine, manufacturing, and de-
18 fense;

19 (2) Federal science agencies, industry, and aca-
20 demia should seek partnerships with each other to
21 develop basic research in optics and photonics into
22 more mature technologies and capabilities; and

23 (3) each Federal science agency, as appropriate,
24 should—

1 (A) survey and identify optics and
2 photonics-related programs within that Federal
3 science agency and share results with other
4 Federal science agencies for the purpose of gen-
5 erating multiple applications and uses;

6 (B) partner with the private sector and
7 academia to leverage knowledge and resources
8 to maximize opportunities for innovation in op-
9 tics and photonics;

10 (C) explore research and development op-
11 portunities, including Federal and private sec-
12 tor-sponsored internships, to ensure a highly
13 trained optics and photonics workforce in the
14 United States;

15 (D) encourage partnerships between aca-
16 demia and industry to promote improvement in
17 the education of optics and photonics techni-
18 cians at the secondary school level, under-
19 graduate level, and 2-year college level, includ-
20 ing through the Foundation's Advanced Tech-
21 nological Education program; and

22 (E) assess existing programs and explore
23 alternatives to modernize photonics laboratory
24 equipment in undergraduate institutions in the

1 United States to facilitate critical hands-on
2 learning.