Chairman Thune and Ranking Member Schatz, thank you for holding this hearing and thank you for the invitation to provide testimony. I appreciate the opportunity to address you today on the importance of internet connectivity at the municipal level as well as the importance of the fifth generation of internet connectivity to South Dakota and the upper Great Plains.

Sioux Falls was incorporated in 1876 around the same time in history when communication in the United States was transformed by the telegraph system, and the same year Alexander Graham Bell sent the first human voice over an electric telegraph wire. Fast-forward to today, Sioux Falls is a nearly 200,000-person growing city in the heart of America. Our geographic distance from larger cities is immaterial for access to information and communication tools. Today, Sioux Falls and its citizens are data-driven, we are information creators and consumers, and we are mobile in a global economy. South Dakotans can work remotely for any global company, talk with clients around the world, and read news from Washington, DC, and other capitols throughout the world. Continued investment in connectivity, like 5G, helps ensure that South Dakota is a member of the national and international market.

With the dawn of the digital age and the internet, once again, communication and information channels were revolutionized for rural America and birthed new businesses and fueled entrepreneurs, like myself. In 2008, I founded the marketing technology firm, Click Rain, in Sioux Falls. Thanks to the explosive growth of the internet and digital commerce and light-touch government regulation, our company quickly become our way onto the Inc. 5000 list for five straight years as one of America’s Fastest Growing Private Companies and one of the largest marketing technology firms in the upper Midwest.

Today, nearly every sector of Sioux Falls’ economy relies on a fast and reliable internet connection. As an essential part of personal and professional life, our mobile devices and the infrastructure supporting the connection of these devices is an economic and quality of life driver for Sioux Falls, the State of South Dakota, and the entire region. Organizations in our market like Avera Health are operating one of the most robust eCARE backends in the country, right in Sioux Falls. CarsForSale.com is a dot-com success story that has created hundreds of jobs in Sioux Falls. Experity provides electronic medical record software to urgent care clinics across the globe. The common thread of success amongst all of these innovative companies: fast, reliable connectivity.
In particular, the future of telemedicine from providers like Avera will be revolutionized as the prevalence of 5G grows. As recently featured in the *Washington Post*, Avera’s eCARE launched in 1993 focused on telemedicine care, and today it provides a wide continuum of care including emergency, ICU, pharmacy, senior care, and behavioral health. This team has touched 2 million patients across 30 states and has saved $200 million in health care dollars over the past 25 years. 5G will no doubt increase the capability of patients to receive care from wherever they have access to a computer, tablet, or phone.

Imagine the ability of a doctor in Sioux Falls to consult with a doctor and patient in Pierre, South Dakota, while sharing a 3D CT scan that is several gigabytes in size and at a 4K resolution. Traditional connections today would prohibit that type of communication on a routine or on demand basis and require that same patient to travel to Sioux Falls to see the Sioux Falls specialist and the 4K 3D image. 5G technology would allow this interaction to occur in milliseconds. This technology could also provide telemedicine for simple and complex medical needs from a patient’s home or in an ambulance while being transported to the nearest hospital. The potential is great and the benefits are tremendous.

The deployment of 5G is of great importance to the continued evolution of connecting rural America to the rest of the world. While states in middle America are often overlooked because we lack the population sizes compared to the coasts, our infrastructure needs are equal to those of the largest states in the nation. In a global economy reliant on the internet, the fifth generation of mobile infrastructure is not a “nice to have” asset for Sioux Falls—it is a necessity.

It is disappointing to hear of communities demanding large sums of money from fees for small cell towers in the public right-of-way as well as unnecessary regulations and lengthy permit review times. These communities are essentially attempting to generate exorbitant profit from the wireless carriers and stand in the way of technology that consumers in their communities are demanding. Most disappointing is that for every dollar these major metropolitans demand from wireless carriers, they are taking money away from cities like Sioux Falls who are eager to foster the deployment of small cells and positioned to work with carriers as partners rather than adversaries.

As the United States strives to be the first nation with a fully functional 5G network, the City of Sioux Falls aimed to be one of the first mid-market cities with 5G infrastructure. Our strategy paid off as Verizon “flipped the switch” in recent weeks and activated its small cells in our downtown core. On November 1, 2019, it was an honor to join Senator Thune and Verizon Executive Vice President Craig Silliman to announce the 5G launch with ten active towers. In 2020, we anticipate several more Verizon small cells as well as the entry of AT&T and T-Mobile small cells into our market.

The strategy for the City of Sioux Falls in dealing with wireless carriers was simple—cover our costs. As Mayor, it is not my intent to profit off carriers to deploy small cell infrastructure. Sioux Falls seeks fair and reasonable compensation for City staff time to review applications from carriers. In kind, we offer a reasonable time frame to approve or deny applications or work with the carrier on an alternative site. Lastly, we want easement fees that cover the inflationary costs we incur with carriers locating their technology on City assets. It’s a very basic ask—make the City whole on our costs to review and house the infrastructure the carriers need to provide their service to customers.
Verizon was the first carrier to contact Sioux Falls with interest in small cell contracts. For several weeks, our engineering and legal teams worked with Verizon on the permit process and contract based on the framework previously mentioned. To determine the fees, we processed mock applications to gauge the time and resources needed to reach a determination of a proposed location and evaluated the costs for electricity and pole maintenance. The agreement we reached was to co-locate small cells on City light poles for ten years with the option of a five-year extension. This was important as to not clutter the public right-of-way additional items. Fees included a $500 per pole application fee, $175 annual per pole rental fee, and up to $6,000 in one-time costs for outside consultant needs. Verizon is responsible for the installation and removal of equipment, and the City is responsible for pole repair and maintenance. Lastly, based on test runs of the applications, the City agreed to a 60-day “shot clock” to approve or deny permit applications.

Again, a simple strategy—cover the City’s costs. Creating barriers to entry in a community is a disservice to the residents of your community and an impediment to the innovation and new economic development opportunities.

Cutting-edge technology, innovation, forward-thinking, and proactive planning are crucial to preparing Sioux Falls and the region for quality of life improvements driven by technology advancements, and 5G plays a pivotal role in the equation. For autonomous vehicles to be viable, we need 5G. For enhanced public safety with high-definition feeds for police officer body cameras and surveillance equipment, we need 5G. The opportunities 5G brings to our community are endless. Much like the new businesses and technologies that emerged with 4G, much of the innovation to be created based on 5G’s potential have not been imagined yet. With a nationwide infrastructure connecting small towns and big cities, innovation can thrive throughout the United States, including Sioux Falls.

The deployment of small cells is also a jobs creator in South Dakota. Recently, Sioux Falls’ local technical college (Southeast Technical Institute) and locally based VIKOR (a tower construction and maintenance company) partnered on a new training program. Together, VIKOR and Southeast Tech will prepare students for careers as tower technicians within the eight-week Wireless Infrastructure Technician program. Thousands of individuals will need to enter the workforce to help deploy small cells and 5G nationwide.

In closing, I want to thank the Committee’s work in wireless and broadband deployment, especially the leadership of Chairman Thune. His vision for streamlined 5G deployment across the United States that is fair to communities, consumers, and carriers is a step in the right direction. The Chairman understands the importance of connecting rural states with the rest of the world as well as the economic opportunities 5G offers to states like South Dakota. I am excited to foster and support 5G in Sioux Falls as we seek to model the way for what successful deployment can look like and remove unnecessary barriers to entry for this critical infrastructure.

Attachments:
- City of Sioux Falls contract with CommNet Cellular Inc. d/b/a Verizon Wireless
- “The most remote emergency room: Lofe and death in rural America,” The Washington Post, Eli Saslow, November 16, 2019
MASTER LICENSE AGREEMENT

This Master License Agreement (the "Agreement") made this 9th day of February, 2019, between the City of Sioux Falls, South Dakota, with its principal offices located at 84 West 9th Street, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57104, hereinafter designated LICENSOR, and CommNet Cellular Inc. d/b/a Verizon Wireless, with its principal offices located at One Verizon Way, Mail Stop 4AW100, Basking Ridge, New Jersey 07920 (telephone number (866) 862-4404), hereinafter designated LICENSEE. LICENSOR and LICENSEE are at times collectively referred to hereinafter as the "Parties" or individually as the "Party."

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, LICENSOR is the owner of, or holds a leasehold or other possessory interest in, certain Light Poles (as defined herein) located within public rights of way and public parks, within the boundaries of the City of Sioux Falls, South Dakota (the "City"), all within the geographic area of a license held by LICENSEE to provide wireless services issued by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC"); and

WHEREAS, LICENSEE desires to install, maintain, and operate communications and related equipment, conduit, utilities, and appurtenances in and/or upon certain of LICENSOR's Light Poles; and

WHEREAS, LICENSOR and LICENSEE desire to enter into this Agreement to define the general terms and conditions which govern their relationship with respect to particular Sites (as defined herein) at which LICENSOR may wish to permit LICENSEE to install, maintain, and operate its Equipment on said Light Poles as hereinafter set forth; and

WHEREAS, LICENSOR and LICENSEE acknowledge that they will enter into a license supplement ("Supplement"), a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A, with respect to each particular Light Pole and Site approved by the LICENSOR, as provided herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants contained herein, the adequacy and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Parties hereto, for themselves, their successors and assigns, do hereby covenant and agree as follows:

DEFINITIONS

BUSINESS DAY. For purposes of this Agreement, "Business Day" shall mean any day Monday through Friday between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. local time, except for those days on which commercial banks are authorized or required by law to be closed or a federal holiday in the United States of America.
CITY PARKS. For purposes of this Agreement, "City Parks" shall mean the public parks, administered by LICENSOR's Parks and Recreation Department.

ENGINEERING DESIGN STANDARDS. Engineering Design Standards approved by the Sioux Falls City Council by Ordinance.

EQUIPMENT. For purposes of this Agreement, "Equipment" shall mean communications equipment owned by the LICENSEE, including conduit, utilities, and appurtenances.

LIGHT POLES. For purposes of this Agreement, "Light Poles" shall mean poles used or to be used for LICENSOR's lighting in the Right of Way and City Parks, and Light Poles in Other Areas as may be approved by LICENSOR in a Supplement. The term Light Poles includes Non-Standard Light Poles; however, the term does not include signal lights, traffic poles, power poles, traffic devices, or light poles for sports fields or arenas, stadium lighting, parking lots, or other lighting of any kind, and does not pertain to poles or other structures owned by others regardless of whether maintained by the LICENSOR for lighting or any other purpose.

MAKE-READY COSTS. For purposes of this Agreement, "Make-Ready Costs" shall mean materials, labor, engineering, supervision, site work, and tree trimming costs required in connection with LICENSEE's installation or modification of Equipment on a Light Pole. Make-Ready Costs shall include the cost of changing out poles to the extent LICENSOR will be required to change out poles under this Agreement, including the cost of installation and removal of guys, anchors and equipment, temporary construction, and all other necessary construction in accordance with applicable industry and safety standards. In addition, Make-Ready Costs include reimbursement to LICENSOR for its removal of lights and lighting equipment and LICENSOR owned communications and/or security equipment, if any, from existing Light Poles not being used jointly by LICENSOR and LICENSEE and reinstalling them on replacement Light Poles installed by LICENSEE for joint use by LICENSOR and LICENSEE. Make-Ready Costs shall also include negotiated costs for review or installation in Other Areas. Make-Ready Costs shall also include reimbursement for costs paid by the LICENSOR to third-party consultants, for plan review, installation, or other costs associated with LICENSEE's proposed use of Light Poles, including reimbursement to engineers, and others, for the first two (2) installations of each of the following types of attachments: (i) up to $2,000 in the aggregate for Light Poles in the Right of Way (other than Non-Standard Light Poles); (ii) up to $2,000 in the aggregate for Non-Standard Light Poles in the Right of Way; and (iii) up to $2,000 in the aggregate for Light Poles in City Parks (including Non-Standard Light Poles). Notwithstanding, Make-Ready Costs shall not include fees which may be separately charged to LICENSEE pursuant to City Ordinance for plan review, permits, and inspections required in connection with any work to be performed by LICENSEE in LICENSOR's Right of Way, City Parks, or Other Areas.

NON-STANDARD LIGHT POLE. Any decorative Light Pole needed for LICENSEE's use under this Agreement, whether or not such decorative Light Pole is located within a historic district.

OTHER AREAS. Property owned and managed by the LICENSOR other than Right of Way or City Parks.
PROPERTY. For purposes of this Agreement, "Property" shall mean City Parks and City Right of Way within the City of Sioux Falls, South Dakota, as described above, or Other Areas as may be approved by LICENSOR pursuant to a fully-executed Supplement.

RIGHT OF WAY. For purposes of this Agreement, "Right of Way" or "ROW" shall mean right of way dedicated to the public and accepted by the LICENSOR in trust for public use or acquired in fee by the LICENSOR for purposes of maintaining streets and street improvements, including ten (10) foot utility easements platted in the front ten (10) feet of platted lots which are permitted for use by utilities other than those operated by LICENSOR. However, the term Right of Way does not include any easements acquired by the LICENSOR that are limited to municipal uses only, such as sewer, water, drainage, or other municipal purposes, regardless of whether such easements are acquired through the platting process or any other acquisition (and regardless of whether such easements are referred to elsewhere as Right of Way) and shall not include any place or property that does not contain or will not contain streetlights owned and maintained by the LICENSOR.

SITE. For purposes of this Agreement, "Site" shall mean LICENSOR's Light Pole in the Right of Way, Light Pole in City Park, or Light Pole in Other Areas as may be approved by LICENSOR pursuant to a fully-executed Supplement, licensed to LICENSEE, and such areas as necessary to provide access for utilities, ingress and egress, and to maintain LICENSEE's Equipment (to the extent LICENSOR owns and holds control over the property to be used for ingress and egress), as approved in each Supplement to this Agreement.

SUPPLEMENT. For purposes of this Agreement, "Supplement" shall mean a License Supplement in the form shown in Exhibit A to this Agreement and signed by the Parties.

I. SCOPE

a. By this Agreement, LICENSOR agrees that LICENSEE may install and maintain its Equipment under the terms and conditions in this Agreement and each applicable Supplement to be entered into from time to time in connection with each attachment of Equipment to a Light Pole.

b. Subject to the foregoing Paragraph I.a., LICENSEE may install and maintain Equipment within LICENSOR's Properties, with such installations to be limited to, when feasible or available, replacement of existing Light Poles or the use of existing Light Poles (with all such Light Poles to be used jointly by LICENSOR and LICENSEE). However, if existing Light Poles are not available for use or replacement, the Parties acknowledge that this Agreement does not limit any rights LICENSEE may have to install and maintain LICENSEE-owned poles ("LICENSEE Poles") at other locations within LICENSOR's Right of Way, with the design, location, and placement as approved by LICENSOR pursuant to LICENSOR's Ordinances, the Uniform Manual (as defined in Paragraph III.c), or other regulations then in effect. With respect to LICENSEE Poles to be installed and maintained in City Parks or Other Areas, the Parties may enter into a Supplement pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement or, at LICENSOR's discretion, a separate mutually-approved agreement may be required. In the case of LICENSEE Poles in City Parks, approval shall be at the sole discretion of LICENSOR's Director of Parks and Recreation or his or her designee. In the case of Other Areas,
any such approval (regardless of whether it involves replacement of Light Poles, use of existing
Light Poles, LICENSEE Poles, or otherwise) shall be in the sole discretion of the LICENSOR.
LICENSOR makes no representation or warranty as to the condition of its existing Light Poles.

c. Applications for Other Areas may be considered under this Agreement upon
mutual consent of the Parties or may be subject to separate negotiations for a separate agreement,
including specific application fees, rental fees, and/or reimbursement for consulting fees and
Make-Ready Costs.

II. LICENSEE'S REQUESTS

a. Before LICENSEE shall replace or make use of any of LICENSOR's existing
Light Poles within any Property, the Site licensed to LICENSEE shall be as described in the
applicable Supplement, as executed by the Parties. LICENSEE shall request permission in
writing, which writing shall be made by means of a completed application submitted in
compliance with the procedures set forth in this Article.

b. Approval of this Agreement by LICENSOR shall be in the form of an approved
City Council Ordinance. Following said approval of this Agreement, each individual Supplement
may be executed by LICENSOR's Mayor or his/her designee after approval of LICENSEE's
application to be granted by applicable City Departments, including the Planning and
Development Department, the City's Director of Public Works, or his/her designee (with regard
to Right of Way Sites), the City's Director of Parks and Recreation, or his/her designee (with
regard to City Parks Sites and LICENSEE Poles in City Parks), or the Director (or his/her
designee) of any other department of LICENSOR that owns or controls Light Poles or property
on which LICENSEE Poles would be placed in Other Areas.

c. LICENSEE shall have the non-exclusive right, at its sole cost and expense, to use
each Site, as identified in each individual Supplement, for the purpose of constructing,
maintaining, repairing, and operating a communications facility and uses incidental thereto, in a
manner consistent with the applicable Supplement ("Approved Use").

Regarding each individual Application: each application for installment of a new
LICENSEE Pole outside of Right of Way, replacement Light Pole, and/or attachment of
Equipment on Light Poles must be complete and must include the applicable application fee as
provided in Paragraph II.f. After the application fee has been paid, the LICENSOR shall review
the plans and the application. An application for the installation of a new LICENSEE Pole and/or
attachment of LICENSEE's Equipment to a replacement or existing Light Pole in Right of Way
or City Parks may be denied for reasons reasonably related to capacity, safety, reliability, or
engineering concerns, or if the LICENSEE Pole or proposed attachment would violate
LICENSOR's Ordinances (including Engineering Design Standards, if any have been approved
by Ordinance), the Uniform Manual, or other applicable laws of general applicability related to
building codes, electrical codes, or related standards, including but not limited to height, size,
traffic concerns (collectively, the "Code Standards"), zoning, aesthetics (including color and the
ability to blend with historic features in historic districts and park features in City Parks), or the
requirements of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any applications pertaining to
Other Areas may be denied at the discretion of the LICENSOR, and, further, applications for

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LICENSSEE Poles in City Parks may be denied at the discretion of the LICENSOR's Director of the Parks and Recreation Department or his or her designee. Within sixty (60) calendar days after the receipt of such application, LICENSOR will notify LICENSSEE in writing (by electronic means) whether the application (and the plans submitted with the application) are accepted, approved, denied, or denied subject to resubmittal. LICENSOR's failure to respond within sixty (60) calendar days does not create a "deemed acceptance" or "deemed rejection" of the application. LICENSOR shall document the basis for any denial, including the specific provisions of the Law(s) on which the denial was based (if applicable), and send the documentation (either electronically or by U.S. mail) to the LICENSSEE on or before the day that it denies an application.

When LICENSOR provides notice that an application is "subject to resubmittal" or similar language, such application is incomplete, and corrections or additional information is required as part of the plan review process. If LICENSOR provides such notice within ten (10) calendar days of LICENSSEE's submission of the application, the shot clock shall "reset" on the day the LICENSSEE cures the deficiencies identified by the LICENSOR by resubmitting the corrected material or additional information. If LICENSOR provides such notice more than ten (10) calendar days after the submission of the application, the shot clock shall "pause" as provided under FCC 18-133 (as defined in Paragraph II.f, below). The shot clock will restart upon resubmittal by the applicant without paying an additional application fee. If the deficiency is not cured within a sixty (60) calendar day period after LICENSOR delivers notice that the application is "subject to resubmittal" or otherwise incomplete, then unless the Parties have agreed otherwise in writing, a new application and application fee are required for that Site. The LICENSOR shall approve or deny any application or resubmitted application within the time provided in this Agreement, unless other timeframes are imposed by law for applications filed under this Agreement. Along with each application, LICENSSEE shall furnish LICENSOR detailed Construction Plans (as defined in Paragraph IV.a) and drawings for each individual Site, together with necessary maps, indicating specifically the Light Pole of LICENSOR to be used jointly by LICENSSEE and LICENSOR, the number, size, and character of the attachments and Equipment to be placed by LICENSSEE on such Light Pole, replacement of an existing Light Pole, if a replacement is required or requested by LICENSSEE, any LICENSSEE Pole(s) which LICENSSEE seeks to install, and any new installations for transmission conduit, pull boxes, and appurtenances. For purposes of this Section, LICENSOR will deliver written notices (including application approval) electronically via the same system used by the LICENSSEE to submit the application or construction plans electronically, or separately by email to the contact person listed on LICENSSEE's submission.

d. LICENSSEE may only submit one Site with each application. If approved, the Parties shall execute a Supplement for such individual Site. Upon execution of the Supplement, LICENSSEE shall have the right to use the Site and its Contractors (as defined in Paragraph IV.g) may obtain building permits and proceed with the installation work in accordance with the terms of the Supplement and this Agreement.

e. In connection with LICENSSEE's initial installation or subsequent modifications, LICENSSEE shall replace Light Poles, where required, purchase Equipment, have electric and communications service lines installed, and otherwise perform all work at its own expense and in
such manner as to not interfere with LICENSOR's use of the Property or the Site. Except for emergencies, installations and equipment maintenance shall not be scheduled during parades, charitable run/walk events, sports leagues, concerts, recreation programs, or similar events scheduled in the applicable LICENSOR Property. Installation and maintenance shall also be scheduled so as to accommodate ongoing or newly completed work in or near the applicable LICENSOR Property, such as protection of newly planted turf or other vegetation in City Parks, newly installed asphalt or sidewalks in Right of Way, and other municipal work. In order to avoid such situations, LICENSEE shall provide notice of the planned work at least 48 hours in advance and coordinate with the LICENSOR to develop a mutually acceptable schedule for such work. For each existing Light Pole replaced by LICENSEE, the LICENSEE shall provide the LICENSOR's replacement Light Pole at LICENSEE's expense (consistent with Paragraph II.n below), as approved in the Supplement, along with its initial installation of Equipment and electric and communications services to the Light Pole. Provided LICENSOR confirms, upon inspection, that installation is complete and meets the requirements set forth in this Agreement and the applicable Supplement, LICENSOR will maintain ownership and responsibility for maintenance of the replacement Light Poles (but not LICENSEE's Equipment or electric and communications services).

f. Along with each application, the LICENSEE shall submit a non-refundable application fee in the amount of $500 (which includes the then-current fee by City Ordinance for plan review by LICENSOR's Planning and Development Department for compliance with zoning requirements, and for any applicable review of the Site, proposed installation, or structure by the LICENSOR's Streetlight Program, Parks and Recreation Department, or Department or Division of the LICENSOR owning or controlling Other Areas). The application fee is in addition to any applicable fees for building permits (referred to by the LICENSOR as "zoning permits") issued by the LICENSOR's Planning and Development Department, as provided in Section 160.705 of the City Ordinance which are currently $25 per Site, and the City's Engineering Division to install, maintain, or replace works in City Right of Way under City Ordinances 96.030, 96.085 and/or 96.235 et. seq. (all as established and then in effect pursuant to City Ordinance). In the event the Director of Parks and Recreation authorizes use of property in City Parks for LICENSEE Poles, the same application fee shall apply.

The $500 application fee described above may be decreased or increased from time to time, based upon cost studies conducted by LICENSOR, solely at its cost, to determine a reasonable approximation of the objectively reasonable and non-discriminatory costs incurred by LICENSOR and specifically related to and caused by the application and plan review for deployment of equipment on LICENSOR's Light Poles. Such studies, and any adjustments pursuant thereto, shall be subject to the limitations of applicable Laws, including, without limitation, the following FCC ruling: In the Matter of Accelerating Wireless Broadband Deployment by Removing Barriers to Infrastructure Investment, Declaratory Ruling and Third Report and Order, WC Docket 17-84 and WT Docket 17-79, FCC 18-133 (rel. September 27, 2018) (hereinafter "FCC 18-133"), and rules promulgated in accordance with such Order. Copies of each such study shall be provided to LICENSEE for review so that LICENSEE may, without being obligated to do so, provide LICENSOR with comments regarding the costs detailed by the study and any proposed adjustment to LICENSOR's fees. Any ordinance changing the then-current application and plan review fees for deployment of equipment on LICENSOR's Light
Poles shall be applied on a competitively neutral and non-discriminatory basis, in accordance with applicable Laws, and adopted by City Ordinance. LICENSOR shall provide written notice to LICENSEE of any City Ordinance adjusting such fees. Arbitration may be conducted in the manner provided by Paragraph VII.c. to consider whether cost studies used by the LICENSOR’s City Council to adjust application fees meet the standards established in this Agreement.

In the event FCC 18-133 and/or rules promulgated in accordance with such Order is/are reversed or vacated in whole or in part in a final decision issued by a court of competent jurisdiction, or otherwise amended or vacated by the FCC or federal law, the Parties shall negotiate, in good faith, and attempt to reach a mutually agreed amendment to this Agreement.

Any adjustments for application fees for Light Poles in Other Areas shall be made as adopted by City Ordinance or, in the absence thereof, by the mutual written agreement of the Parties.

g. After an application is approved and construction occurs, LICENSEE will be responsible for any inspection fees as required by LICENSOR's Ordinances.

h. LICENSEE may find it necessary to have LICENSEE Poles manufactured for LICENSEE's own use to provide a consistent aesthetic appearance in various historic areas within the City. As such, the LICENSEE hereby grants LICENSOR the non-exclusive right to use and reproduce (or cause manufacturers to reproduce) the design, in whole or in part, which is created by or on behalf of the LICENSEE and/or its affiliates for any such LICENSEE Poles. This grant is solely for LICENSOR's use and does not authorize LICENSOR to sell or sublicense the design of any LICENSEE Poles.

i. All Light Poles used by LICENSEE under this Agreement, designated as a LICENSOR-owned Light Pole in the applicable Supplement, including replacement Light Poles installed by LICENSEE, shall remain the property of LICENSOR; provided, however, installation has been completed, and the Site has been inspected, and found by the LICENSOR to meet the requirements of this Agreement and the applicable Supplement. Any payments made by the LICENSEE for installation or replacement of, or changes to, existing Light Poles and facilities, conduits, conductor pull boxes, facilities, or appurtenances which are the property of LICENSOR, shall not entitle LICENSEE to ownership of any of said infrastructure.

j. All Equipment and conduits, conductor pull boxes, cabinets, meter pedestal, facilities, or appurtenances shall be designed and installed within, adjacent to, or upon the Light Pole, only in accordance with the Construction Drawings as approved by LICENSOR, and designed and installed in compliance with LICENSOR's Ordinances, Uniform Manual, or other Code Standards. If any Equipment or facilities are placed adjacent to the Light Poles, such Equipment and facilities must comply with the design and other requirements as provided by City Ordinance, to the reasonable satisfaction of LICENSOR. To the extent technically feasible, design and installation of Light Poles must provide for secure access to both LICENSEE and LICENSOR equipment.

LICENSEE shall not authorize third parties to use LICENSOR's Light Poles in any
manner, and the LICENSOR reserves the sole right to authorize use of LICENSOR’s Light Poles by any third parties; provided, however, such use shall not encroach on LICENSEE’s Equipment or other portions of the Site licensed to LICENSEE, or otherwise interfere with LICENSEE’s Approved Use in violation of this Agreement. Both Parties acknowledge that LICENSOR favors and encourages a policy of collocation to minimize the number of new Light Poles in the City.

k. LICENSEE shall not allow third parties to place signs, flags, advertising, or other similar items on the Light Poles or its Equipment on the Light Poles. LICENSEE's own signage shall be limited to signs, decals, tags, or labels as required by applicable Laws and shown in the final Construction Drawings approved by LICENSOR.

l. To the extent LICENSOR’s existing Light Poles have a historic globe-type design, and the LICENSEE seeks to install replacement Light Poles for joint use by the LICENSEE and LICENSOR under this Agreement, LICENSEE will replace the historic globe-type Light Poles with a similar historic globe-type design of the same color and type, as approved by LICENSOR. Although historic globe-type designs are expected to be used in replacing globe-type Light Poles, LICENSOR may also waive this requirement in situations where the LICENSOR is not otherwise using globe-type designs in the general area of LICENSOR's Property involved. Such waiver, if any is granted, will be in writing and made by LICENSOR when approving the applicable Application. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any replacement Light Poles and LICENSEE Poles must conform to permitting or review requirements for design or placement of Light Poles which may be required by the LICENSOR with respect to any property listed on the National Register of Historic Places, South Dakota State Register of Historic Places, or Sioux Falls Register of Historic Landmarks, if any such permitting or review requirements apply.

m. For attachments on LICENSOR-owned Light Poles: LICENSEE will provide, at its own cost, Light Poles (the "Spares Inventory") for replacement of Light Poles by LICENSOR as required under this Agreement, as follows: at least 1 Light Pole for every increment of 1 to 10 Light Poles of each type and height utilized by LICENSEE, along with a replenishment of Light Poles for the Spares Inventory every December 1st, or as often as needed and agreed upon by the Parties. The Light Poles for the Spares Inventory will be ordered by the LICENSEE from a mutually-agreed supplier for shipment to a storage place designated by the LICENSOR. The Light Poles for the Spares Inventory will be stored with the LICENSOR's streetlight maintenance contractor at the LICENSOR's cost (or, at LICENSOR's option, stored at LICENSOR's own municipally-owned outdoor street light storage area). LICENSOR will have the right to obtain spare Light Poles from this inventory only to replace Light Poles on which LICENSEE has attached Equipment, and LICENSEE will then remove and replace its Equipment as provided below.

n. The following shall govern which Party shall purchase and install a replacement Light Pole (or pole base) on which LICENSEE is proposing to install, or has installed, its Equipment: (i) if LICENSEE needs to replace an existing LICENSOR's Light Pole (and/or base)
to accommodate LICENSEE’s Equipment (for reasons including but not limited to structural integrity or height), then LICENSEE shall pay for the new Light Pole, materials, and labor for installation of the Light Pole; (ii) if a Light Pole (and/or base) has outlived its useful life and must be replaced, LICENSOR shall have a Light Pole from the Spares Inventory installed at its cost; provided, however, if a Light Pole from the Spares Inventory is not available, LICENSEE shall purchase the replacement Light Pole; (iii) if an existing Light Pole (and/or base) is damaged other than by LICENSEE or must be replaced on an emergency basis, LICENSOR shall have a Light Pole from the Spares Inventory installed at its cost; provided however, if a Light Pole from the Spares Inventory is not available, LICENSEE shall purchase the replacement Light Pole; and (iv) if an existing Light Pole (and/or base) is damaged by LICENSEE and must be replaced, LICENSOR shall have a Light Pole from the Spares Inventory installed, at LICENSEE’s cost. If a Light Pole is damaged, needs replacement, and will not be used by LICENSEE for its facilities, then LICENSOR shall pay for and install the replacement Light Pole at its cost. Notwithstanding this Paragraph, each Party may independently seek to recover its respective costs from third parties causing damage to Light Poles or Equipment.

When a Light Pole with LICENSEE’s Equipment needs to be replaced: (i) LICENSEE will be notified to remove its Equipment; (ii) LICENSOR shall reinstall its own lights and lighting equipment at its own cost, unless otherwise agreed by the Parties; and (iii) LICENSEE shall reinstall its own Equipment at its own cost. If the Parties agree that LICENSEE or its Contractor will reinstall LICENSOR’s lights and equipment, such installation must be completed to the satisfaction of LICENSOR. Also, when LICENSEE installs a new Light Pole to replace an existing LICENSOR’s Light Pole (a Light Pole with no LICENSEE Equipment previously attached), LICENSEE shall install LICENSOR’s lights and lighting equipment at LICENSEE’s cost or reimburse the LICENSOR for such installation as a Make-Ready Cost.

III. SITES

a. Pursuant to all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement, and the applicable Supplement, LICENSOR agrees to license to LICENSEE each Site for the installation, operation, and maintenance of Equipment, together with the non-exclusive right of ingress and egress within the Properties seven (7) days a week, twenty-four (24) hours a day, to and from the Sites; provided; however, LICENSEE provides at least 48 hours' advance notice to LICENSOR to coordinate access. LICENSOR’s consent to ingress and egress on any property is conditioned upon LICENSOR’s ownership and control of such Property.

b. The primary use and purpose of the ROW Property is to provide for maintaining streets, street improvements, drainage, and street lighting, and the primary use and purpose of the City Parks Property is to conduct and provide space for public park, recreational, and community purposes, including but not limited to recreational activities and maintaining park aesthetics (each, a “Primary Use”). LICENSOR’s operations take priority over LICENSEE’s use as provided in an approved Supplement. In the event City Rights of Way are expanded or changed or the configuration of a City Park or its facilities are changed, such that the placement of Light Poles must be changed, then LICENSEE shall have the option to either (a) move or install the Light Pole with its equipment to a new, mutually agreed upon location on City Property (at the same rental rate), or (b) terminate the Supplement for said Site.
c. While performing any construction, installation, maintenance, or repair of its Equipment, LICENSEE shall employ protective measures and devices conforming with LICENSOR's Ordinances, the Uniform Manual of Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways issued by the U.S. Department of Transportation (the "Uniform Manual"), and any permits required in connection therewith.

d. LICENSEE agrees that the following priorities of use, in descending order, shall apply in the event of communications interference, emergency public safety needs, site repair or reconditioning, or other conflict while this Agreement is in effect, and LICENSEE's Approved Use shall be subordinate accordingly:

(1) LICENSOR, its employees, agents, and contractors;
(2) Public safety agencies, including law enforcement, fire, and ambulance services, that are not related to LICENSOR;
(3) Other governmental agencies where use is not related to public safety;
(4) Pre-existing licensees (if any);
(5) LICENSEE referenced in this Agreement.

e. In the event of any occurrence or event that poses an immediate threat of substantial harm or damage to the health, safety, and welfare of the public and/or the Property or Sites, as solely determined by LICENSOR (an "Emergency Event"), the LICENSOR may take actions the LICENSOR determines are required to address such Emergency Event; provided that promptly after such actions that affect the Sites, and in no event later than seventy-two (72) hours after such actions, LICENSOR gives written notice to LICENSEE of LICENSOR's emergency actions.

f. If LICENSOR determines that the conditions of the Emergency Event would be benefited by cessation of LICENSEE's operations, LICENSOR shall notify LICENSEE's Network Operations Center ("NOC") (at (800) 264-6620), and LICENSEE shall immediately cease its operations on the affected Sites, until LICENSOR notifies LICENSEE that the Emergency Event has been resolved and that LICENSEE can resume its Approved Use.

g. If LICENSEE intends to install (or have a third party install) underground electric, telephone, cable or fiber optic lines, or utility equipment, it shall request approval from the LICENSOR, by submitting to LICENSOR a detailed written plan for such installation, and the installation of any meter pedestals on, over, and/or under the Property and to the Sites as necessary for LICENSEE's Approved Use. LICENSOR shall, in its reasonable discretion, notify LICENSEE that it approves, denies, or modifies the plan within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the same, and in the case of any denial or modification, LICENSOR shall state the reasons therefor. Failure to respond within sixty (60) calendar days does not create a "deemed rejection" or "deemed acceptance" of the plan. LICENSEE will be required to arrange and pay for such installation.

h. LICENSEE must, at the time of application and at any future time as reasonably requested by LICENSOR, obtain and submit to LICENSOR a structural engineering study carried out by an independent structural engineer licensed in the State of South Dakota, showing that the Light Pole(s) is (are) able to support the Equipment as well as the street lighting
equipment used by the LICENSOR. Said study must be signed by an independent structural engineer licensed in the State of South Dakota. If the study finds that any proposed or existing Light Pole(s) is (are) inadequate to support the proposed loads, and the Light Pole(s) is (are) not required to be replaced by LICENSOR pursuant to Paragraph II.a, LICENSEE shall either replace the Light Pole(s), at its cost, or may withdraw the application or terminate the Supplement, as applicable.

i. LICENSEE’s use of the Sites and the Property, and its design and installation of its Equipment and LICENSOR’s Light Poles, to the extent installed by LICENSEE, must be in accordance with all applicable Laws including, but not limited to, the Americans with Disabilities Act; provided, however, a Supplement may include provision for LICENSEE to be reimbursed by LICENSOR to the extent any additional Work is required due to any existing improvements of LICENSOR which are not then in compliance with such Laws (e.g., the difference between the cost that would apply to install a replacement pole at a non-ADA compliant location and the cost of installing a replacement Light Pole at an ADA compliant location).

IV. INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT

a. Construction Plans

Prior to the approval of the Supplement and initial installation of all Light Poles, Equipment, and/or replacement Light Poles, and for any and all subsequent revisions and/or modifications thereof, or additions thereto, LICENSEE shall provide LICENSOR with construction plans ("Construction Plans") which shall be submitted to the LICENSOR through its Planning and Development Department electronic plan submittal process, and consisting of the following:

Line or CAD drawings (AutoCAD DWG format or ESRI Shapefile) showing the location and materials of all planned installations, plus an engineer’s estimate of all materials and construction methods, with locations to be shown using UTM projection coordinates NAD83, Zone 14N, US-ET;

Construction Specifications and Product Specifications for all planned installations;

Diagrams and Shop Drawings of proposed Equipment and/or new replacement Light Poles;

Drawings showing elevations of the proposed equipment to be installed, and identification and distance to nearby features (and, when requested by LICENSOR, photo simulations); and

A complete and detailed inventory of all Equipment and personal property of LICENSEE to be actually placed on the Site.

LICENSOR retains the right to survey the installed Equipment and to reject construction that does not comport with the approved Construction Plans, Uniform Manual, or City Ordinances.

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Construction Plans shall be easily readable and subject to prior written approval by LICENSOR, which shall not be withheld, conditioned, or delayed without cause. LICENSOR shall have sixty (60) calendar days to review and comment on the Construction Plans and deficiencies and resubmittals shall be handled as provided in Article II, above. Failure to respond within sixty (60) calendar days does not create a "deemed rejection" or "deemed acceptance" of the Construction Plans. Should the Construction Plans need to be revised based on the comments provided by LICENSOR, no construction shall commence until final approval is granted by LICENSOR. Final Construction Plans shall have affixed to them the signature of LICENSEE's engineer who shall be licensed in the State of South Dakota. LICENSEE must obtain its building/construction permit on a timely basis as provided by City Ordinance or such plan approval will expire without notice. LICENSEE or its Contractor must timely commence construction and/or installation after obtaining the required permits for such construction and/or installation, and must timely call for and submit to inspection upon completion as provided by City Ordinance. LICENSEE must make payment of Make-Ready Costs related to work to be performed by LICENSOR, as applicable, and the installation must be inspected by LICENSOR before LICENSOR accepts ownership and maintenance responsibility for the subject Light Poles.

b. Construction Scheduling

In the event LICENSEE installs Equipment on LICENSOR's Light Poles prior to receiving authorization, LICENSEE shall be responsible for removal, if required by LICENSOR, and $500 in liquidated damages for each calendar month the Equipment remains on LICENSOR's Light Poles without authorization, in addition to any penalties otherwise provided by law.

At least ten (10) Business Days prior to LICENSEE's construction mobilization, LICENSEE shall organize and conduct a meeting at the Site, during LICENSOR's business hours, or other location as agreed upon. Said meeting shall at a minimum be attended by a representative of LICENSOR and all parties involved in the installation.

c. Construction Inspection

All construction activity shall be subject to inspection and approval by LICENSOR. Inspection may be performed at any time during the course of the construction activity reasonably determined by LICENSOR, at LICENSEE's expense. Construction work performed without approval of LICENSOR will not be accepted and shall be removed or unplugged at LICENSEE's sole expense. LICENSEE shall be solely responsible for all costs associated with said inspection and approval of such work by LICENSOR.

d. Exposed Equipment

All Equipment affixed to a Light Pole which has exterior exposure shall be as close to the color of the Light Pole as is commercially available to the LICENSEE, but shall not be contrasting or brightly colored. For exposed cables, wires, or appurtenances, LICENSOR reserves the right to require LICENSEE to provide cables, wires, or appurtenances in manufactured colors which are commercially available, in lieu of painting.
e. **Damage by LICENSEE**

Any damage to the Property, the Sites, or LICENSOR's equipment or structures thereon caused by LICENSEE in any manner shall be repaired or replaced at LICENSEE's expense and to LICENSOR's satisfaction. At its option, LICENSOR may repair or replace such items and bill LICENSEE for such repair or replacement.

f. **As-Built Drawings**

Within thirty (30) Business Days after LICENSEE activates the Equipment, LICENSOR shall provide LICENSOR with an As-Built drawing in electronic file format compatible with LICENSOR's record file system (as provided in Paragraph IV.a, above) consisting of As-Built drawings of the Equipment installed at the Site and on any of the Property, which shall show the actual location of all Equipment. Said drawings shall be accompanied by a complete and detailed site survey of the Property on which the Equipment is located and an inventory of all Equipment.

g. **Permits**

Prior to performing any work on or on any LICENSOR Property, LICENSEE, or its contractors and/or subcontractors (each, a "Contractor"), shall also obtain from LICENSOR's Engineering Department, or the appropriate governing agency as applicable, any and all permits of general applicability required for a complete installation of LICENSEE's Equipment, or any new or replacement Light Pole at the applicable location, including but not limited to any insurance and payment and performance bonds required for such permits. Said permits shall include, but not be limited to: Obstruction/Excavation, Meter Hooding, Storm Water, Zoning (as required for placement of communications facilities), and Right of Way Permits (for maintaining facilities in the LICENSOR's Right of Way). Applicable fees for any permits shall be borne by LICENSEE, and LICENSEE shall be bound by the requirements of said permits. LICENSEE shall require each of its Contractors to obtain and comply with all applicable permits.

h. **Locating and Protecting Other Underground Facilities**

LICENSEE or its Contractor shall notify the South Dakota One-Call Center (pursuant to SDCL § 49-7A-5) prior to any excavation or other construction that may affect Underground Facilities (as defined by SDCL § 49-7A-1). If the LICENSEE or its Contractor is unable to determine the location of an Underground Facility based on location markings made by the Underground Facility's Operator (as defined by SDCL § 49-7A-1) or discovers the Underground Facilities were incorrectly marked, the LICENSEE or its Contractor shall promptly notify the Underground Facility's Operator and, if unknown, the South Dakota One-Call Center (and, if necessary, request the area to be marked again). If, during construction, an Underground Facility is damaged, dislocated, or disturbed, the Contractor shall notify the Operator as required by SDCL § 49-7A-12. If the Operator is unknown, the Contractor shall contact South Dakota One-Call. In no event shall the Contractor conceal, or attempt to conceal, such damage, dislocation, or disturbance, or attempt to make repairs to the Underground Facility unless authorized by the Operator of such facility.

In areas where the excavation or construction of the LICENSEE or its Contractor will be
adjacent to Underground Facilities or to other underground or above ground personal property, structures, or fixtures, the Contractor shall make arrangements with the respective Operators or owners of such items, if known, to support, sustain, and protect existing Underground Facilities, personal property, structures, fixtures, pipes, conduits, poles, wires, and other apparatus located under, over, along, across, or adjacent to the work site. If Underground Facilities or any other underground or above ground personal property, structures, or fixtures are damaged through the negligence of the LICENSOR or its Contractor and are repaired by LICENSOR, its Contractor, or the public or private agencies or companies having control of same, the cost of such repairs shall be paid or reimbursed by the LICENSOR or its Contractor, as applicable, and not the LICENSOR.

South Dakota One-Call does not provide location services within City Park property. Accordingly, LICENSOR shall hire, at its expense, a utility locator or utility exploration company to locate underground facilities, and other underground items, including but not limited to irrigation equipment and public address wiring, if needed for the installation of Light Poles within City Parks, to the extent required by LICENSOR's Parks and Recreation Department in site specific approvals.

V. MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF EQUIPMENT

a. Property

LICENSOR reserves the right to take any action it deems necessary, in its sole discretion, to repair, maintain, alter, or improve the Property and the Sites.

b. Structure Reconditioning and Repair

(1) From time to time, LICENSOR paints, reconditions, or otherwise improves or repairs the Property, Light Poles, Sites, or structures or improvements thereon ("Reconditioning Work"). LICENSOR shall reasonably cooperate with LICENSEE to carry out Reconditioning Work in a manner that minimizes interference with LICENSEE's Approved Use, and LICENSEE shall reasonably cooperate with LICENSOR in a manner that minimizes interference with the Reconditioning Work.

(2) Except in cases of emergency, prior to commencing Reconditioning Work, LICENSOR shall provide LICENSEE with not less than sixty (60) calendar days' prior written notice thereof, provided, however, where sixty (60) days' prior notice is not practicable, LICENSOR shall provide as much prior notice as possible under the circumstances. Upon receiving such notice, it shall be the sole responsibility of LICENSEE to provide adequate measures to cover or otherwise protect the Equipment from the consequences of such activities including, but not limited to, paint and debris fallout. LICENSOR reserves the right to require LICENSEE to remove all Equipment during Reconditioning Work.

(3) During LICENSOR's Reconditioning Work, and after approval by LICENSOR in its sole discretion, LICENSEE may maintain, at its own expense, a temporary communications facility on the applicable Property, or on any land owned and
controlled by LICENSOR in the immediate area of the applicable Site, so long as such use does not violate an existing lease, easement, permit, or contractual obligation applying to such alternate property and such temporary facility does not interfere with construction or repairs on the applicable Property, impair traffic, impede sight lines, cause a nuisance, or violate generally applicable Ordinances or Code Standards of the LICENSOR then in effect. If the Property, or alternate property in the immediate area of the Site, will not accommodate the temporary communications facility, it shall be LICENSEE's responsibility to locate auxiliary sites and secure any permits or permissions for such other property, at its sole expense. LICENSOR shall notify LICENSEE when the Reconditioning Work has been completed, and LICENSEE shall reinstall its Equipment within thirty (30) calendar days. Also, LICENSEE shall remove any temporary equipment or facilities within ten (10) calendar days after the Reconditioning Work is completed (regardless of whether LICENSEE has reinstalled its Equipment or Facilities in its prior location), unless LICENSOR agrees in writing to an extension of the applicable time period.

(4) LICENSEE may request a modification of LICENSOR's procedures for carrying out Reconditioning Work in order to reduce the interference with LICENSEE's Approved Use. If LICENSOR agrees to the modification, LICENSEE shall be responsible for all incremental costs related to the modification.

(5) With regard to Light Poles that are no longer useable and/or need to be replaced, and to which LICENSEE's Equipment is attached ("Replacement Work"), the responsibility of the respective Parties for such replacement is provided in Paragraph II.m. Except for emergency situations, LICENSOR shall provide LICENSEE with at least sixty (60) calendar days' prior written notice of the required Replacement Work and the need for LICENSEE to remove its Equipment; provided, however, where sixty (60) days' prior notice is not practicable, LICENSOR shall provide as much prior notice as possible under the circumstances. During Replacement Work, LICENSOR may maintain a temporary communications facility on the Property, or on any land owned or controlled by LICENSOR in the immediate area of the Site, under the same conditions as for Reconditioning Work, above. LICENSEE shall reinstall its Equipment within thirty (30) calendar days. Also LICENSEE shall remove any temporary equipment or facilities within ten (10) calendar days after the Replacement Work is performed (regardless of whether LICENSEE has reinstalled its Equipment or Facilities in its prior location), unless LICENSOR agrees in writing to an extension of the applicable time period.

(6) If any Light Poles containing LICENSEE's Equipment need to be repaired due to storm or other damage requiring immediate work ("Repair Work"), LICENSOR shall notify LICENSEE to remove its Equipment as soon as possible. In the event of an emergency, LICENSOR shall contact LICENSEE by telephone at LICENSEE's NOC (at (800) 264-6620) prior to removing LICENSEE's Equipment. For any Light Poles previously replaced or installed by LICENSEE, but only to the extent LICENSOR does not have sufficient spare replacement Light Poles available for emergency use as provided in Paragraph II.m, LICENSEE will supply, at its own cost, the replacement Light Pole(s) to LICENSOR following the emergency, and installation of such Light
Poles will be at LICENSOR's expense. Once the Light Poles have been replaced or repaired, LICENSOR will promptly notify LICENSEE that it can reinstall its Equipment. During LICENSOR's Repair Work, and after approval by LICENSOR, LICENSEE may maintain a temporary communications facility on the Property, or on any land owned and controlled by LICENSOR in the immediate area of the Site, subject to the same terms as alternate sites for Reconditioning Work. LICENSEE shall reinstall its Equipment within thirty (30) calendar days. Also, LICENSEE shall remove any temporary equipment or facilities within ten (10) calendar days after the Repair Work is performed (regardless of whether LICENSEE has reinstalled its Equipment or Facilities in its prior location), unless LICENSOR agrees in writing to an extension of the applicable time period.

(7) If LICENSEE is unable to locate and operate a temporary communications facility during any LICENSOR Replacement Work, Reconditioning Work, or Repair Work for a period of more than 30 Business Days, the LICENSEE, at its sole option, shall have the right to terminate the applicable Supplement upon written notice to LICENSOR. However, if LICENSEE seeks approval of a new Supplement in a nearby location to replace the terminated Supplement, LICENSOR will employ good faith efforts to review and enter into a new Supplement on substantially equivalent terms and conditions as expeditiously as practicable.

c. LICENSEE Equipment

LICENSEE shall, at its own cost and expense, maintain the Equipment in good and safe condition, and in compliance with applicable fire, health, building, and life safety codes, and other applicable Laws. LICENSEE shall obtain from LICENSOR any and all permits required for the purposes of maintaining the Equipment, under the terms generally applicable for such permits. Applicable fees for any permits shall be borne by LICENSEE, and LICENSEE shall be bound by the requirements of said permits.

VI. CONDITION

LICENSOR will keep and maintain the Light Poles in good repair as required for, and consistent with, the Primary Use of the applicable Property, and in the ordinary course of business as its budget permits. LICENSOR makes no guarantee as to the condition of any Site with regard to LICENSEE's Approved Use.

VII. TERM; RENTAL

a. This Agreement shall be for a term of ten (10) years commencing upon the execution hereof by both Parties. Each Supplement shall be effective as of the date of execution by both Parties (the "Effective Date"). The initial term of each Supplement shall be for ten (10) years and shall commence on the first day of the month following the date LICENSEE commences installation of the Equipment on the Site (the "Commencement Date"). On the Commencement Date of each Supplement, rental payments shall commence and be due in advance at a total annual rental of $175.00 per LICENSOR Light Pole, to be paid to LICENSOR as set forth below. LICENSOR and LICENSEE shall acknowledge the Commencement Date of each Supplement in writing. LICENSOR and LICENSEE acknowledge and agree that the initial
rental payment for each Supplement may not actually be sent by LICENSEE until ninety (90) days after the written acknowledgement of the Commencement Date. ALL RENTAL PAYMENTS MUST PROMINENTLY IDENTIFY THE LICENSOR's CONTRACT NUMBER FOR THIS AGREEMENT. In the event the Director of Parks and Recreation authorizes use of property in City Parks for LICENSEE Poles, the same rental rate shall apply.

b. The annual rental payable under this Agreement and each Supplement then in effect may be decreased or increased from time to time, based upon cost studies conducted by LICENSOR, solely at its cost, to determine a reasonable approximation of the objectively reasonable and non-discriminatory costs incurred by LICENSOR and specifically related to and caused by the deployment of Equipment on LICENSOR's Light Poles on Right of Way or City Parks. Such studies, and any adjustments pursuant thereto, shall be subject to the limitations of applicable Laws, including, without limitation, FCC 18-133 and rules promulgated in accordance with such Order. Copies of each such study shall be provided to LICENSEE for review so that LICENSEE may, without being obligated to do so, provide LICENSOR with comments regarding the costs detailed by the study and any proposed adjustment to annual rent and other fees. The cost study will be presented to the Sioux Falls City Council in a public meeting where LICENSEE will have an opportunity to comment. Any adjustment to the then-current annual rental shall be applied on a competitively neutral and non-discriminatory basis, in accordance with applicable Laws, and adopted by City Ordinance. LICENSOR shall provide at least ninety (90) days' prior written notice of any adjustment to the annual rental pursuant to City Ordinance to LICENSEE at the following address:

CommNet Cellular Inc.
d/b/a Verizon Wireless
Attn: NRE-Pole Attachment Invoices
180 Washington Valley Road
Bedminster, New Jersey 07921

In the event such notice is delivered less than ninety (90) calendar days before January 1 and LICENSEE's annual rental payment is not made at the adjusted amount, LICENSEE shall pay the difference within sixty (60) calendar days of LICENSEE's receipt of such notice, or shall be entitled to a credit against the next annual rental payment, as applicable. Absent such notice, LICENSEE shall pay the annual rental for the then-current year in the same amount as the annual rental payable for the immediately preceding year. In the event FCC 18-133 and/or rules promulgated in accordance with such Order is/are reversed or vacated in whole or in part in a final decision issued by a court of competent jurisdiction, or otherwise amended or vacated by the FCC or federal law, the Parties shall negotiate, in good faith, and attempt to reach a mutually-agreed amendment to this Agreement.

Any adjustments for rental rates for Light Poles in Other Areas shall be made as adopted by City Ordinance or, in the absence thereof, by the mutual written agreement of the Parties.

c. Disputes regarding whether cost studies used by LICENSOR's City Council to adjust application fees or annual rental rates meet the standards established in this Agreement shall be subject to binding arbitration as follows:

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(1) **Scope.** Subject to Paragraph VII.c(2) below, arbitration shall be conducted to consider whether cost studies used by the LICENSOR’s City Council to adjust annual rental rates meet the standards established in this Agreement in Paragraph VII. b, above (or in the case of arbitration related to application fees, Paragraph II f.). The arbitrator(s) shall consider only whether the City Council correctly applied the applicable standards in this Agreement and, unless the Parties mutually agree otherwise, may not be used to change the standards or conduct a de novo rate setting process, or establish final rates. No disputes arising under this Agreement except those relating to rental rates or application fees are subject to arbitration, unless mutually agreed by the Parties in writing. No arbitration demand may be lodged until such time as the LICENSOR’s City Council issues its final determination.

(2) **Condition Precedent.** Unless the Parties agree otherwise, disputes must be submitted to mediation prior to conducting arbitration. Either Party may initiate mediation by providing written notice to the other. The mediation shall be conducted by a single neutral mediator appointed by the Parties. The Parties shall attempt in good faith to agree to a mediator who is competent by virtue of education and experience and who does not have any current or past substantial business or financial relationships with any Party to the mediation (except prior mediation). If the controversy or claim is not resolved by mediation within ninety (90) calendar days of such initial notice or such other period as the Parties may agree upon in writing, either Party may give notice in writing that the controversy or claim shall be decided by arbitration.

(3) **Service of Arbitration Demand.** Either Party may serve a demand for arbitration on the other. If LICENSEE makes such a demand on the LICENSOR, it must be served on the Sioux Falls Mayor and the Sioux Falls City Attorney.

(4) **Arbitration Procedure.** The arbitration shall be conducted before a single neutral arbitrator appointed by the Parties. If the Parties fail to agree upon a single arbitrator within twenty (20) calendar days of the referral of the dispute to arbitration, each party shall choose one arbitrator who shall sit on a three-member arbitration panel, along with a third member who shall be chosen by the two selected arbitrators. The arbitrators shall be competent by virtue of education and experience in the subject of the arbitration and shall not have any current or past substantial business or financial relationships with any party to the arbitration (except prior arbitration). Once the third arbitrator is selected, the arbitration panel will select one of the arbitrators to be the chair of the arbitration panel. The arbitration shall be conducted using the South Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure and South Dakota Rules of Evidence. The arbitrator(s) shall have jurisdiction and authority to interpret, apply, or determine compliance with the standards established in this Agreement insofar as shall be necessary to the determination of issues properly before the arbitrators. In making the decision, the arbitrators shall issue appropriate written findings of fact and conclusions of law. The arbitrators shall not have jurisdiction or authority to add to, detract from, or alter the provisions of this Agreement or any applicable law or rule of civil procedure.

(5) **Discovery.** Discovery may be conducted as provided under the rules
governing civil actions in the circuit courts of the State of South Dakota. All discovery
issues shall be determined by order of the arbitrators upon motion made to them by either
Party. When a Party claims discoverable information is proprietary information or a trade
secret, it shall bring the matter to the attention of the arbitrator(s), who shall make such
protective orders as are reasonable and necessary or as are otherwise provided by law.

(6) **Continuation of Performance.** Pending the final decision of the arbitrators,
the Parties will diligently proceed with the performance of all obligations, including the
payment of all sums, required by this Agreement.

(7) **Costs.** Unless the arbitrator(s) determine a Party should be awarded fees,
costs, or expenses as against the other for its defense against meritless or frivolous claims
or responding to oppressive or unduly burdensome discovery requests, each Party shall
pay one-half of each arbitrator’s fees, costs, and expenses incurred in connection with the
arbitration proceeding. Each Party, however, shall pay its own employee, expert
consultant and attorney fees, as well as its costs of exhibits and other incidental costs.

(8) **Enforcement.** In the event the arbitrator(s) issue an order finding that the
City Council failed to apply the applicable standards in this Agreement when establishing
rental rates or application fees, the arbitrator(s) shall remand the matter to the
LICENSOR’s City Council to establish rates conforming to the applicable standards. In
the event the City Council should fail to comply with such order, it may be enforced in
court. Further, any orders as to the scope or appropriateness of a request for, or response
to discovery of the arbitrator(s) may be enforced in court. Venue and jurisdiction of
matters to be enforced in court shall be as provided in Article XXVII of this Agreement.

(9) **Venue.** All arbitration proceedings shall take place in the State of South
Dakota, unless mutually agreed by the Parties. The arbitration shall be held at a location
agreed upon by the Parties. In the event of failure to agree, the arbitrator(s) shall
determine the most cost effective and convenient location.

(10) **Compromise and Settlement.** Unless the arbitration decision exceeds the
authority conferred by this Agreement, the arbitration decision shall be deemed to be a
settlement for all purposes in the future.

d. Unless and to the extent provided otherwise in the applicable Supplement,
LICENSEE shall install or procure electrical and fiber optic lines and equipment at its own
expense, and the use of such services will be metered or otherwise charged by third-party
providers and paid by LICENSEE to such providers separately from any electric service or other
services obtained and used by LICENSOR for LICENSOR’s street lighting. However, if
LICENSEE installs facilities on any Sites that are within LICENSOR’s electric service territory,
LICENSEE will establish a retail customer account with LICENSOR the same as its other
customers, each Site will be separately metered, and LICENSEE will adhere to the terms of
service and rates established by LICENSOR’s Ordinances, with the charges to be billed by
LICENSEOR, and paid to LICENSOR monthly, along with finance charges for any past due
amounts or payments as required under such Ordinances. In the event LICENSEE fails to timely
pay charges billed by the LICENSOR for electricity and finance charges, the LICENSOR may
terminate electric service for the Site, consistent with the service conditions for any other commercial electric customer served by LICENSOR.

e. LICENSEE shall be permitted at any time during the Term of each Supplement to install, maintain, and/or provide access to and use of, as necessary (during any power interruption at a Site), a temporary, portable power source to keep LICENSEE's communications facility operational, along with all related equipment and appurtenances within or on the Site, in such locations as reasonably approved by LICENSOR, so long as such temporary power source and related equipment and appurtenances do not interfere with snow removal, street maintenance resurfacing, repair, or rehabilitation, or construction or repairs on the applicable Property, impede traffic, impede sight lines, cause a nuisance, or violate generally applicable Ordinances or Code Standards of the LICENSOR then in effect. If the Property, or alternate property owned and operated by the LICENSOR in the immediate area of the Site, will not accommodate such portable power source, related equipment, and appurtenances, it shall be LICENSEE's responsibility to locate auxiliary sites and secure any permits or permissions for such other property, at its sole expense. LICENSOR will not be responsible for theft, vandalism, or damage to any such temporary equipment.

f. On all Supplements with a Commencement Date other than January 1st, the first year's rent shall be prorated to the end of the calendar year in which the Commencement Date occurs. Similarly, for all Supplements that expire or otherwise terminate on a date other than December 31st, the rent shall be prorated from the beginning of the year to the end of the month in which the Supplement expires or otherwise terminates. Subsequent to the initial payment of pro-rated rents in the year of the Commencement Date, the rent due hereunder for all subsequent years shall be paid in annual installments prior to January 1st of each succeeding year. If any annual rental payment due under this Agreement and the applicable Supplement is not received by LICENSOR within thirty (30) days of the date such payment is due, LICENSEE shall pay to LICENSOR, upon receipt of an invoice therefor, a late charge equal to 1.25% of the amount due for each month and/or fraction thereof during which the payment remains due and unpaid.

g. Upon request of the LICENSOR, LICENSEE shall pay rent by means of a bank draft (check) payable to the City of Sioux Falls, with the contract number for this Agreement (as assigned by the LICENSOR) clearly identified on the check. Upon mutual agreement, electronic funds transfer may be used rather than a check, and in such event LICENSOR agrees to provide the documentation and information required by LICENSEE for such purposes.

h. For any party to whom rental payments are to be made, LICENSOR or any successor-in-interest of LICENSOR hereby agrees to provide to LICENSEE: (i) a completed, current version of Internal Revenue Service Form W-9, or equivalent; (ii) complete and fully executed state and local withholding forms, if required; and (iii) other documentation to verify LICENSOR's or such other party's right to receive rental payments as is reasonably requested by LICENSEE. Rent shall accrue in accordance with this Agreement, but LICENSEE shall have no obligation to deliver rental payments until the requested documentation has been received by LICENSOR. Upon receipt of the requested documentation, LICENSEE shall deliver the accrued rental payments as directed by LICENSOR.
VIII. EXTENSIONS

This Agreement and each Supplement shall automatically be extended for one (1) additional five (5) year extension term unless either LICENSOR or LICENSEE terminates the Agreement or Supplement, as applicable, at the end of the initial term by giving the other Party written notice of the intent to terminate at least three (3) months prior to the end of the then-current term. The initial term and extension under this Agreement or a Supplement shall be collectively referred to herein as the "Term." Notwithstanding anything herein, after the expiration of this Agreement, its terms and conditions shall survive and govern with respect to each remaining Supplement then in effect until the expiration or termination of such Supplement.

IX. USE; GOVERNMENTAL APPROVALS

LICENSEE shall use the Sites only for the Approved Use. It is understood and agreed that LICENSEE's license to use the Sites is contingent upon its obtaining and maintaining all of the certificates, permits and other approvals (collectively the "Governmental Approvals") that may be required by any federal, state or other governmental authorities, as well as a satisfactory structural analysis, and a radio frequency analysis as stated in the "ENVIRONMENTAL" provisions, below. LICENSOR shall not interfere with or object to LICENSEE's effort to obtain such approvals. LICENSOR shall not be responsible for any fees or costs associated with such approvals, and shall not be responsible for preparing or filing applications, conducting tests or surveys, or compliance with other specific license application requirements such as compliance, where required, with the National Environmental Policy Act, the National Historic Preservation Act, or any other requirements specific to governmental approvals. In the event that: (i) any application for such Governmental Approvals should be finally rejected; (ii) any Governmental Approval issued to LICENSEE is canceled, expires, lapses, or is otherwise withdrawn or terminated; or (iii) LICENSEE determines that such Governmental Approvals may not be obtained in a timely manner, LICENSEE shall have the right to terminate the applicable Supplement. Notice of LICENSEE's exercise of its right to terminate shall be given to LICENSOR in accordance with the "NOTICE" provisions, below, and shall be effective upon the later of: (a) the receipt of such notice; (b) upon such later date as designated by LICENSEE; or (c) upon LICENSEE's removal of the Equipment as required herein. All rentals paid prior to said termination date shall be retained by LICENSOR. Upon such termination, the applicable Supplement shall be of no further force or effect except to the extent of the representations, warranties, and indemnities made by each Party to the other thereunder, and LICENSEE's obligation to remove its Equipment, conduits, and all personal property from LICENSOR's Site and Property and restore the Site and Property as provided in Article XVI, below. Otherwise, the LICENSEE shall have no further obligations for the payment of rent to LICENSOR for the terminated Supplement.

X. INDEMNIFICATION

a. LICENSEE shall indemnify and hold LICENSOR harmless from and against any claim of liability or loss from personal injury or property damage to the extent resulting from or arising out of any act or omission of LICENSEE, its employees, Contractors, or agents, in connection with this Agreement, including but not limited to LICENSEE's installation of any
Light Pole on a Property or LICENSEE's use of such Property, except to the extent such claims or damages may be due to or caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of LICENSOR, its employees, contractors, or agents. LICENSOR will provide LICENSEE with prompt, written notice of any written claim covered by this indemnification; provided that any failure of LICENSOR to provide any such notice, or to provide it promptly, shall not relieve LICENSEE from its indemnification obligations in respect of such claim, except to the extent LICENSEE can establish actual prejudice and direct damages as a result thereof. LICENSOR will cooperate appropriately with LICENSEE in connection with LICENSEE's defense of such claim. LICENSEE shall defend LICENSOR, at LICENSOR's request, against any claim with counsel reasonably satisfactory to LICENSOR. LICENSEE shall not settle or compromise any such claim or consent to the entry of any judgment without the prior written consent of LICENSOR and without an unconditional release of all claims by each claimant or plaintiff in favor of LICENSOR. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as a waiver of LICENSOR's sovereign or any other immunity or defense available to LICENSOR, or its appointed or elected officials, officers, and employees.

b. LICENSEE shall also indemnify and hold LICENSOR harmless from and against any fines, fees, and/or penalties, whether regulatory, administrative, criminal, or civil, arising from LICENSEE's failure to comply with, or violation of, applicable Laws, except to the extent such noncompliance or violation was due to or caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of LICENSOR, its employees, contractors, or agents.

XI. INSURANCE

a. LICENSEE shall obtain and maintain, at all times during the Term of this Agreement the following types of insurance in the following amounts: (i) Commercial General Liability insurance with a limit of $5,000,000 per occurrence for bodily injury and property damage and $5,000,000 general aggregate including premises-operations, contractual liability, personal injury and products completed operations; and (ii) Commercial Automobile Liability insurance covering all owned, non-owned and hired vehicles with a combined single limit of $5,000,000 each accident for bodily injury and property damage. The Commercial General Liability insurance policy shall include the LICENSOR, its elected and appointed officials, officers, and employees as additional insureds as their interests may appear under this Agreement for any covered liability arising out of LICENSEE's performance or non-performance of Work under this Agreement. Coverage shall be in an occurrence form and in accordance with the limits and provisions specified herein. Upon receipt of notice from its insurer, LICENSEE shall use commercially reasonable efforts to provide the LICENSOR with thirty (30) Business Days' prior written notice of cancellation. LICENSEE shall be responsible for notifying the LICENSOR of such cancellation. Coverage under this provision shall be reviewed annually by LICENSOR and additional types of coverage or limits may be required, upon written notice to LICENSEE, consistent with the LICENSOR's requirements for similarly situated licensees or leases of LICENSOR. LICENSEE shall also maintain a $5,000,000 umbrella policy.

b. Within forty five (45) days after both Parties have signed this Agreement, and prior to each anniversary date thereafter, LICENSEE shall deliver to LICENSOR the required
certificate(s) of insurance and a copy of the blanket additional insured endorsement, which shall state the following:

(1) the policy number; name of insurance company; name and address of the agent or authorized representative; name and address of insured; policy expiration date; and specific coverage amounts; and

(2) that LICENSSEE's Commercial General Liability insurance policy is primary as respects any other valid or collectible insurance that the LICENSOR may possess, including any self-insured retentions the LICENSOR may have; and any other insurance the LICENSOR does possess shall be considered excess insurance only and shall not be required to contribute with this insurance.

The certificate(s) of insurance and notices shall be mailed annually on January 1 to the LICENSOR at the address specified in Article XIX below.

c. LICENSSEE shall obtain and maintain at all times during the Term of this Agreement statutory workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance in an amount required by South Dakota law, and employer's liability insurance in an amount of $1,000,000 each accident/disease/policy limit, and shall furnish the LICENSOR with an annual certificate of insurance showing proof of such coverage.

d. Any insurance provider of LICENSSEE shall be admitted and authorized to do business in the State of South Dakota and shall carry a minimum rating assigned by A.M. Best & Company's Key Rating Guide of "A-" Overall and a Financial Size Category of "VII."

e. "Severability of interest" or "separation of insureds" clauses shall be made a part of the Commercial General Liability and Commercial Automobile Liability policies.

XII. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Neither Party shall be liable to the other Party, or any of its respective agents, representatives, or employees, for any lost revenue, lost profits, loss of technology, incidental, punitive, indirect, special or consequential damages, loss of data, or interruption or loss of use of service, even if advised of the possibility of such damages, whether under theory of contract, tort (including negligence), strict liability, or otherwise.

XIII. ONE-CALL RESPONSIBILITY

LICENSSEE shall become a member of South Dakota One-Call if required by SDCL Ch. 49-7A. When provided with notification by the South Dakota One-Call Center, established to comply with South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 49-7A and Administrative Rule Article 20:25, LICENSSEE will provide location markings showing the location of LICENSSEE's Underground Facilities attached and adjacent to Light Poles under this Agreement. LICENSOR shall have no responsibility to provide location markings for LICENSSEE's underground facilities, direct the manner in which such markings are to be made, or to notify or remind LICENSSEE to provide location markings. LICENSSEE shall defend, hold harmless, and indemnify the LICENSOR for
any claims, damages, penalties, and fees levied or charged to LICENSOR which arise from LICENSEE's failure to provide one-call markings or failure to provide adequate markings.

XIV. ANNUAL TERMINATION

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, provided LICENSEE is not in default hereunder beyond applicable notice and cure periods, LICENSEE shall have the right to terminate each Supplement upon the annual anniversary of the Commencement Date of such Supplement provided that three (3) months' prior written notice is given to LICENSOR. Upon such termination, the applicable Supplement shall be of no further force or effect except to the extent of the representations, warranties, and indemnities made by each Party to the other thereunder, and LICENSEE's obligation to remove its Equipment, conduits, and all personal property from LICENSOR's Site and Property and restore the Site and Property as provided in Article XVI, below. At any time following the sixth (6th) anniversary of the Commencement Date of any Supplement, LICENSOR shall have the right to terminate such Supplement upon the annual anniversary of the Commencement Date of such Supplement, provided that three (3) months' prior written notice is given to LICENSEE of such termination. Upon such termination, the applicable Supplement shall be of no further force or effect except to the extent of the representations, warranties, and indemnities made by each Party to the other thereunder, and LICENSEE's obligation to remove its Equipment, conduits, and all personal property from LICENSOR's Site and Property and restore the Site and Property as provided in Article XVI, below.

XV. INTERFERENCE

a. LICENSEE, in the performance and exercise of its rights and obligations under this Agreement and any Supplement, agrees to install Equipment of the type and frequency which will not cause harmful interference which is measurable in accordance with then-existing industry standards, or otherwise interfere in any manner with the equipment of any higher priority users (as set forth in Paragraph III.d) including, but not limited to, the existence and operation of any and all public and private rights of way, sanitary sewers, water mains, storm drains, gas mains, poles, aerial and underground electrical and telephone wires, traffic signals, communication facilities, cable television, location monitoring services, public safety and other then-existing telecommunications equipment, utility, or any municipal property, without the express written approval of the LICENSOR or other higher priority users, or except as otherwise permitted with regard to LICENSOR's Properties pursuant to this Agreement. In the event any LICENSEE Equipment causes such interference, and after LICENSOR has notified LICENSEE of such interference by a written communication and a call to LICENSEE's NOC (at (800) 264-6620), LICENSEE will take all commercially reasonable steps necessary to correct and eliminate the interference including, but not limited to, at LICENSEE's option, powering down the interfering equipment and later powering up the interfering equipment for intermittent testing. The LICENSEE agrees to cooperate with subsequent users of the Premises to resolve issues affecting interference with signals.

b. The LICENSOR agrees that after the LICENSEE has attached Equipment to a specific Site, other tenants, licensees, or Light Pole users who currently have or in the future take
possession of space at the Site, with the exception of any higher priority users, will not be permitted to install new or additional equipment that is of the type and frequency which would cause harmful interference which is measurable in accordance with then-existing industry standards to the then-existing Equipment of LICENSEE or otherwise interfere with the existence and operation of equipment of higher priority users. More specifically, the LICENSOR will attempt to require each subsequent user to provide the LICENSOR with either of the following: (a) a radio frequency interference study carried out by an independent professional radio frequency engineer ("Independent RF Engineer") approved by the LICENSOR showing that such subsequent user's proposed use will not interfere with any existing, licensed communications facilities, LICENSOR's licensed and unlicensed communications facilities, or other higher priority users, if any; or (b) a certificate of compliance from a professional radio frequency engineer employed by or chosen by the subsequent user verifying that the installation by the subsequent user, along with LICENSEE's Equipment, will result in signals that are in compliance with then-existing RF emission requirements of the FCC and that such user's equipment will not cause interference with LICENSEE's, LICENSEE's or any other third party's existing use of the Light Pole on the Site or Property.

c. LICENSOR's obligations with respect to interference by third parties is limited to requiring compliance with the above criteria. The LICENSOR does not warrant that LICENSEE will be free from interference caused by third parties. However, in the event the LICENSEE claims interference by a subsequent user or a prior user claims interference by LICENSEE, the LICENSOR may attempt to facilitate discussions between the parties. Otherwise, LICENSEE and other users must hire their own professional radio frequency engineers or engage in dispute resolution against the other (including court action, as necessary).

d. Where agreed by LICENSEE and any other user(s), determinations as to the occurrence of harmful interference may be made by an Independent RF Engineer (as defined in Paragraph XV.b), which agreement would also address the party responsible for the costs of the Independent RF Engineer's analysis. If additional dispute resolution is necessary, LICENSOR shall encourage the affected parties to resolve the dispute as quickly and efficiently as possible, at no cost to the LICENSOR.

e. The Parties acknowledge that there will not be an adequate remedy at law for noncompliance with the provisions of this Article, and therefore, either Party shall have the right to equitable remedies, such as, without limitation, injunctive relief and specific performance.

XVI. REMOVAL AT END OF TERM

LICENSEE shall, upon expiration of the Term of a Supplement, or within ninety (90) days after any earlier termination, remove its Equipment, conduits, fixtures, and all personal property and restore the Site to its original condition, reasonable wear and tear and damage by fire or other casualty or third parties excepted. LICENSOR agrees and acknowledges that all of the Equipment, conduits, fixtures, and personal property of LICENSEE shall remain the personal property of LICENSEE, and LICENSEE shall have the right to remove the same at any time during the Term. All Light Poles, conduit, and pole boxes of LICENSOR are and shall remain property of LICENSOR. If at such time for removal LICENSEE fails to remove its Equipment,
LICENSEE shall pay rent at 150% of the then-existing monthly rate, or the existing monthly pro-rata basis if based upon a longer payment term, until such time as the removal of the antenna structure, fixtures, and all personal property are completed. However, if LICENSEE's Equipment, conduits, fixtures, and all personal property are not removed within six (6) months of expiration of the Term of a Supplement, or any earlier termination, and are not thereafter removed within sixty (60) calendar days of LICensor's written notice to LICENSEE that such items have not yet been removed, such items shall automatically become property of LICensor, and LICensor shall dispose of items as it desires without any compensation to LICENSEE.

XVII. NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY - CONDITIONAL GRANT

LICENSOR makes no representation or warranty regarding the condition of its title to the Property or its right to grant to LICENSEE use or occupation thereof under this Agreement. The license granted herein is "AS IS, WHERE IS." LICENSOR is entering into this Agreement, and LICENSEE's use of the Property is subject to LICENSEE's own investigation and acceptance. LICENSEE's rights granted pursuant to this Agreement are subject and subordinate to all limitations, restrictions, and encumbrances relating to LICENSOR's interest in the Property that may affect or limit LICENSOR's right to grant those rights to LICENSEE. This Agreement is not an Easement and does not create or grant any rights to LICENSEE except as stated herein.

XVIII. ASSIGNMENT

This Agreement and each Supplement under it may be sold, assigned, or transferred by the LICENSEE without any approval or consent of the LICENSOR to the LICENSEE’s principal, affiliates, subsidiaries of its principal, or to any entity which acquires all or substantially all of LICENSEE’s assets in the market defined by the FCC in which the Sites are located by reason of a merger, acquisition or other business reorganization. LICENSEE shall provide written notice of any such sales, assignments, or transfers within sixty (60) calendar days thereof. As to other circumstances, this Agreement and each Supplement may not be sold, assigned, or transferred without the prior written consent of LICENSOR, not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned, or delayed. No change of stock ownership, partnership interest or control of LICENSEE shall constitute an assignment hereunder. In the event of any sale, assignment, or transfer, LICENSEE shall not be relieved of any of its obligations under this Agreement or any of the Supplements whose term has not expired or otherwise terminated at the time of such sale, assignment, or transfer, except to the extent otherwise provided in writing by the Parties.

XIX. NOTICES

All notices hereunder must be in writing and shall be deemed validly given if sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by commercial courier, provided the courier’s regular business is delivery service and provided further that it guarantees delivery to the addressee by the end of the next business day following the courier’s receipt from the sender, addressed as follows (or any other address that the Party to be notified may have designated to the sender by like notice):

Master License Agreement (SC)
City of Sioux Falls, South Dakota
CORE/0762186.2960/134634376.15
LICENSOR: City of Sioux Falls  
Attention: Light Superintendent  
2000 North Minnesota Avenue  
Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57104  

With a copy to:  
City of Sioux Falls  
Attention: City Attorney  
P.O. Box 7402  
224 W. Ninth Street  
Sioux Falls, SD 57117-7402  

LICENSEE: CommNet Cellular Inc.  
d/b/a Verizon Wireless  
Attention: Network Real Estate  
180 Washington Valley Road  
Bedminster, New Jersey 07921  

Notice shall be effective upon actual receipt or refusal as shown on the receipt obtained pursuant to the foregoing. Notwithstanding the above, any demand for arbitration or any summons and complaint served on the LICENSOR must be served on the LICENSOR’s Mayor and City Attorney as provided by law.  

XX. RECORDING AND PUBLIC RECORDS  

Upon request by LICENSEE, LICENSOR agrees to execute a Memorandum of Supplement which LICENSEE may record with the appropriate recording officer. The date set forth in the Memorandum of Supplement is for recording purposes only and bears no reference to commencement of either the Term or rent payments. This Agreement and all Supplements thereto are subject to disclosure as public records under South Dakota law. To the extent permissible under South Dakota laws, LICENSEE may identify information, such as trade secrets, propriety financial records, customer information, or technical information, submitted to the LICENSOR as confidential. LICENSEE shall prominently mark any information for which it claims confidentially with the word "Confidential" on each page of such information prior to submitting such information to the LICENSOR. The LICENSOR shall treat any information so marked as confidential until the LICENSOR receives any request for disclosure of such information. With five (5) Business Days of receiving any such request, the LICENSOR shall provide LICENSEE with written notice of the request, including a copy of the request, at Verizon Wireless – West Territory, Attention: Real Estate Manager, 10801 Bush Lake Road, Bloomington, Minnesota 55438. LICENSEE shall have five (5) Business Days within which to provide a written response to the LICENSOR, before the LICENSOR will disclose any of the requested confidential information. In the event the LICENSOR provides its notice to the LICENSEE more than five days after receipt of a public information request, LICENSOR will extend the period for responding to the public information request, such that the LICENSEE will
have five (5) days to respond. The LICENSOR retains the final discretion to determine whether
to release the requested confidential information, in accordance with applicable laws.

XXI. DEFAULT

In the event there is a breach by a Party with respect to any of the provisions of this
Agreement or a Supplement, or its obligations hereunder or thereunder, the non-breaching Party
shall give the breaching Party written notice of such breach. After receipt of such written notice,
the breaching Party shall have thirty (30) Business Days in which to cure any breach; provided
the breaching Party shall have such extended period as may be required beyond the thirty (30)
Business Days if the breaching Party commences the cure within the thirty (30) Business Day
period and thereafter continuously and diligently pursues the cure to completion. A Party's
failure to cure a breach within the time period set forth herein shall constitute a "Default."

XXII. REMEDIES

a. In the event of a Default by either Party, without limiting the non-defaulting Party
in the exercise of any right or remedy which the non-defaulting Party may have by reason of
such Default, the non-defaulting Party may terminate this Agreement and/or the applicable
Supplement and/or may pursue any remedy now or hereafter available to the non-defaulting
Party under applicable laws or under the judicial decisions of the State of South Dakota. Further,
upon a Default, the non-defaulting Party may, at its option (but without obligation to do so),
perform the defaulting Party's duty or obligation on the defaulting Party's behalf including, but
not limited to, the obtaining of reasonably required insurance policies. The costs and expenses of
any such performance by the non-defaulting Party shall be due and payable by the defaulting
Party within forty five (45) days of invoice therefor.

b. Termination or interpretation of this Agreement is a contract matter and does not
constitute a matter for which an administrative contested case hearing is required under SDCL
Ch. 1-26 or City Ordinance 30.040

XXIII. ENVIRONMENTAL

a. Unless and to the extent waived by LICENSOR in writing, prior to installing any
Light Poles or Equipment on any Site or Property, LICENSEE must obtain, at LICENSEE's cost,
a radio frequency interference study carried out by an Independent RF Engineer for that Site
showing that LICENSEE's use will not interfere with any existing, licensed communications
facilities, or LICENSEOR's licensed and unlicensed communications facilities, or other higher
priority users, if any, provided, however, in lieu of obtaining the services of an Independent RF
Engineer, the LICENSEE may provide a certificate of compliance from a professional radio
frequency engineer employed by or chosen by the LICENSEE verifying that the installation will
be in compliance with then-existing RF emission requirements of the FCC and that LICENSEE's
equipment will not cause interference with LICENSOR's or any other third party's use of the
Light Pole or the Site or Property. When an Independent RF Engineer is utilized, such engineer
shall be approved by the LICENSOR and shall provide its evaluation to LICENSOR and
LICENSEE no later than thirty (30) Business Days after LICENSOR provides its frequencies to
LICENSEE. LICENSEE or the Independent RF Engineer will independently obtain information
on frequencies of third parties. LICENSEE shall not transmit or receive signals at the Property until such evaluation has been satisfactorily completed and demonstrates that such interference will not occur.

b. LICENSEE shall conduct a radio frequency compliance evaluation at a Site following LICENSEE’s initial RF transmissions on the Site. LICENSEE shall be responsible for all costs of the evaluation. LICENSEE shall confirm the results of the evaluation in writing to LICENSOR upon its completion. LICENSOR is not required to conduct radio frequency compliance evaluations with respect to LICENSEE’s Equipment.

c. LICENSEE shall implement all measures at the transmission site required by FCC regulations including, but not limited to, posting signs and markings. LICENSOR shall cooperate with and permit LICENSEE to implement all measures required in order for LICENSEE to fulfill its FCC obligations. LICENSEE agrees that in the event any future party causes the entire Site to exceed FCC radio frequency limits, as measured on the Site, LICENSEE shall not hold LICENSOR liable for such interference or for the cost of any actions required by LICENSEE, if any, under applicable laws to mitigate or reduce the cumulative radio frequency exposure at the Site.

d. LICENSEE shall conduct its business in compliance with all applicable laws governing the protection of the environment or employee health and safety ("EH&S Laws"). LICENSEE shall indemnify and hold harmless LICENSOR from claims to the extent resulting from LICENSEE’s violation of any applicable EH&S Laws, and shall also indemnify and hold harmless LICENSOR to the extent that LICENSEE causes a release of any regulated substance into the environment. LICENSOR shall indemnify and hold harmless LICENSEE, to the extent permitted by law, from claims to the extent resulting from LICENSOR’s violation of any applicable EH&S Laws, and shall also indemnify and hold harmless LICENSEE, to the extent permitted by law, to the extent LICENSOR causes a release of any regulated substance into the environment. The Parties recognize neither Party shall be responsible to the other Party for any environmental condition or issue except to the extent resulting from that Party’s specific activities and responsibilities. In the event that LICENSEE encounters any hazardous substances that do not result from its activities, it shall immediately provide written notice to LICENSOR of such condition, and may relocate its facilities to avoid such hazardous substances to a mutually-agreeable location.

XXIV. CASUALTY

In the event of damage by fire or other casualty to any Site that cannot reasonably be expected to be repaired within forty-five (45) days following the same or which LICENSOR elects not to repair, or if the Site is damaged by fire or other casualty so that such damage may reasonably be expected to disrupt LICENSEE’s operations at the Site for more than forty-five (45) days, then LICENSEE may, at any time following such fire or other casualty, provided LICENSOR has not completed the restoration required to permit LICENSEE to resume its operation at the Site, terminate the Supplement upon fifteen (15) days’ prior written notice to LICENSOR. Any such notice of termination shall cause the Supplement to expire with the same force and effect as though the date set forth in such notice were the date originally set as the
expiration date of the Supplement. The rent shall abate during the period of repair following such fire or other casualty in proportion to the degree to which LICENSEE's Approved Use of the Site is impaired.

XXV. APPLICABLE LAWS

"Laws" means any and all laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, resolutions, judicial decisions, rules, permits, and approvals applicable to LICENSEE's use, including EH&S Laws, that are in force on the date of this Agreement or as lawfully amended or enacted including, without limitation, LICENSOR's City Charter and Code of Ordinances. LICENSEE shall comply with all Laws with respect to LICENSEE's use. This Agreement shall in no way limit or waive either Party's present or future rights under Laws. If, after the date of this Agreement, the rights or obligations of either Party are materially preempted or superseded by changes in Laws, the Parties agree to engage in good faith negotiations to amend the Agreement and/or any applicable Supplement to reflect the change in Laws.

XXVI. FORCE MAJEURE

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, neither LICENSOR nor LICENSEE shall be liable for delay in performance of, or failure to perform, in whole or in part, its obligations pursuant to this Agreement, or any Supplement, due to an event or events reasonably beyond the ability of LICENSEE or LICENSOR to anticipate and control. "Force majeure" includes, but is not limited to, acts of God, incidences of terrorism, war or riots, labor strikes or civil disturbances, earthquakes, fire, floods, explosions, epidemics, tornadoes and work delays caused by waiting for utility providers to service or monitor or provide access to either (i) LICENSOR's Light Poles to which LICENSEE's Equipment is attached or to be attached, or (ii) conduits in which LICENSEE's facilities are located or to be located.

XXVII. MISCELLANEOUS

This Agreement and the Supplements that may be executed from time to time hereunder contain all agreements, promises, and understandings between the LICENSOR and the LICENSEE regarding this transaction, and no oral agreement, promises, or understandings shall be binding upon either the LICENSOR or the LICENSEE in any dispute, controversy, or proceeding. This Agreement may not be amended or varied except in a writing signed by both Parties. This Agreement shall extend to and bind the permitted successors and assigns hereeto. The failure of either Party to insist upon strict performance of any of the terms or conditions of this Agreement, or to exercise any of its rights hereunder, shall not waive such rights, and such Party shall have the right to enforce such rights at any time. The performance of this Agreement and each Supplement shall be governed, interpreted, construed, and regulated by the laws of the state in which the Site is located without reference to its choice of law rules. Except as provided in Paragraph VII.c, venue and jurisdiction for disputes arising under this Agreement shall be in the Second Circuit Court of Minnehaha County, South Dakota or the United States District Court for the District of South Dakota, as applicable.
XXVIII. CONDEMNATION

If the whole or any part of any Property shall be taken by any public authority under the power of eminent domain, or is sold to any entity having the power of eminent domain under threat of condemnation, then the term of this Agreement or the applicable Supplements shall cease as of the date of the granting of the petition or the date of the closing. All rentals payable or paid to said termination date shall be paid to, or retained by, LICENSOR, as applicable. Any award, compensation, or damages shall be paid to and be the sole property of LICENSOR, but nothing herein shall preclude LICENSEE from claiming against the condemning authority with respect to moving expenses and loss of personal property, and, if applicable, receiving an award therefor.

XXIX. APPROPRIATIONS

This Agreement extends beyond the current municipal fiscal year. LICENSOR will use reasonable efforts to obtain and maintain funds sufficient to cover the LICENSOR's services or obligations under the Agreement and any Supplement(s), including making provision for such services or obligations to the extent necessary in each proposed annual budget submitted for approval in accordance with applicable procedures of LICENSOR. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the decision whether or not to budget or appropriate funds is solely within the discretion of the then-current governing body of LICENSOR. If funds are not budgeted or appropriated in any future fiscal year for services or obligations of the LICENSOR under this Agreement during said fiscal year, this Agreement imposes no obligation on the LICENSOR with regard to such services or obligations for that fiscal year; provided, however, LICENSOR shall be obligated for services or obligations budgeted or appropriated during any prior or future fiscal year. LICENSOR shall not be in Default under this Agreement to the extent of any services or obligations for which funds have not been budgeted or appropriated, and no right of action or damages shall accrue to the benefit of LICENSEE as a result thereof. However, in such event and with LICENSOR's approval, not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned, or delayed, LICENSEE may perform, at its cost, installation, replacement, maintenance, or repair services or obligations which LICENSOR is unable to perform with regard to LICENSOR's Light Poles to which LICENSEE's Equipment is then attached.

XXX. NONDISCRIMINATION

LICENSEE shall comply with the provisions of Chapter 98 of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Sioux Falls, prohibiting discrimination because of race, color, sex, creed, religion, ancestry, national origin, or disability. This Section shall be binding on all of LICENSEE's subcontractors or suppliers.

[Remainder of this Page Intentionally Blank-Signatures on Following Page]
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have set their hands as of the day and year first above written.

LICENSOR:

City of Sioux Falls, South Dakota

By: ____________________________
Name: ____________________________
Title: Mayor
Date: 2-9-19

Attest: __________________________________________
Denise D. Tucker
Ass't City Clerk

LICENSEE:

CommNet Cellular Inc. d/b/a Verizon Wireless

By: ____________________________
Name: ____________________________
Title: Director - Network Field Engineering
Date: 12/9/2018
EXHIBIT A
LICENSE SUPPLEMENT

1. This License Supplement ("Supplement"), is made this ______ day of ____________, 20__, between the City of Sioux Falls, South Dakota, with its principal offices located at 224 West 9th Street, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57104 ("LICENSOR"), and CommNet Cellular Inc. d/b/a Verizon Wireless, whose principal place of business is One Verizon Way, Mail Stop 4AW100, Basking Ridge, New Jersey 07920 ("LICENSEE").

2. Master License Agreement. This Supplement is a Supplement as referenced in that certain Master License Agreement between LICENSOR and LICENSEE, dated the ______ day of ____________, 2018, LICENSEE Contract No. ______ (the "Agreement"). All of the terms and conditions of the Agreement are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof without the necessity of repeating or attaching the Agreement. In the event of a contradiction, modification, or inconsistency between the terms of the Agreement and this Supplement, the terms of the Agreement shall govern. Capitalized terms used in this Supplement shall have the same meaning described for them in the Agreement unless otherwise indicated herein.

3. Site. LICENSOR hereby leases to LICENSEE certain spaces on and within LICENSOR's Property located at <INSERT SITE ADDRESS>, including, without limitation, approximately ______ square feet of Equipment space on the Light Pole. The Equipment and cabling space are as shown on Exhibit 1, attached hereto and made a part hereof. [ALTERNATE LANGUAGE TO INCLUDE FOR USE OF REPLACEMENT LIGHT POLE: LICENSOR shall deliver the Site to LICENSEE in a condition ready for LICENSEE's construction of its improvements and clean and free of debris. Notwithstanding the foregoing, LICENSOR makes no representations or warranties to LICENSEE with regard to the condition or structural capacity of LICENSOR's Light Pole. LICENSEE acknowledges and agrees that LICENSOR delivers the Site and Light Pole for LICENSEE's use in its current "AS IS, WHERE IS" condition.]

☐ Check here to confirm that the Light Pole is owned by the LICENSOR.

4. Term. The Commencement Date and the Term of this Supplement shall be as set forth in Article VII of the Agreement.

5. Consideration. Annual rent for this Supplement shall be $175.00 payable in annual installments, and subject to adjustment by LICENSOR, as set forth in Article VII of the Agreement. ALL RENTAL PAYMENTS MUST PROMINENTLY IDENTIFY THE LICENSOR'S CONTRACT NUMBER, ______, FOR THE AGREEMENT.

6. Utilities. [INCLUDE ALTERNATIVE LANGUAGE AS NEEDED]

7. Site Specific Terms. (Include any Site-specific terms)

   a. [ALTERNATE LANGUAGE TO INCLUDE FOR REPLACEMENT LIGHT POLES: Light Pole Replacement by LICENSEE. LICENSEE agrees to construct,
at its cost, LICENSOR's Light Pole on the Site according to the location, size, and specifications contained within the final Construction Plans as approved in writing by LICENSOR. LICENSOR shall deliver the Site to LICENSEE in a condition ready for LICENSEE's construction of its improvements and clean and free of debris. LICENSEE acknowledges and agrees that LICENSOR delivers the Site for LICENSEE's use in its current "AS IS, WHERE IS" condition. LICENSEE agrees that the Light Pole will be constructed in a good and workmanlike manner in accordance with the approved plans and specifications unless otherwise approved in writing by LICENSOR, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned, or delayed.]
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have set their hands as of the day and year first above written.

LICENSOR:

City of Sioux Falls, South Dakota

By: [EXHIBIT ONLY - NOT FOR EXECUTION]

Print Name: ________________________________
Title: ________________________________
Date: ________________________________

LICENSEE:

CommNet Cellular Inc. d/b/a Verizon Wireless

By: [EXHIBIT ONLY - NOT FOR EXECUTION]

Print Name: ________________________________
Title: ________________________________
Date: ________________________________

Master License Agreement (SC)  City of Sioux Falls, South Dakota  Exhibit "A"
CORE/0762186.2960/154634376.15  Page 3 of 4
EXHIBIT 1

Site Plan
(Include Map, Light Pole Diagram, Site Plan, Survey and Table for each Light Pole Location)
The most remote emergency room: Life and death in rural America

By Eli Saslow

November 16, 2019 at 6:00 p.m. CST

SIOUX FALLS, S.D. — A flashing red light summoned Dr. Brian Skow to his third emergency of the afternoon, and he hurried to a desk in a suburban office building. He sat in front of an oversize computer monitor, which showed a live video feed from inside a hospital room in eastern Montana. Two nurses were leaning over a patient on a stretcher, checking for a pulse, and squeezing oxygen out of a bag and into the patient’s lungs.

“T’m Doctor Skow,” he said, waving into a camera attached to his computer, introducing himself as the presiding emergency physician even though he was seated more than 700 miles away. “How can we help you today?”

“We have a female patient, comatose and unresponsive,” one of nurses in Montana said. The nurse was short of breath, and she looked up at the camera mounted to the wall of the exam room as she attached monitors to the patient’s chest. “She’s a known diabetic. Blood sugar over 600. I — I don’t really know. I haven’t seen a whole lot of this.”
“You’re doing great,” Skow said. “We’ll walk through it together. That’s why we’re here.”

As hospitals and physicians continue to disappear from rural America at record rates, here is the latest attempt to fill a widening void: a telemedicine center that provides remote emergency care for 179 hospitals across 30 states. Physicians for Avera eCare work out of high-tech cubicles instead of exam rooms. They wear scrubs to look the part of traditional doctors on camera, even though they never directly see or touch their patients. They respond to more than 15,000 emergencies each year by using remote-controlled cameras and computer screens at what has become rural America’s busiest emergency room, which is in fact a virtual ER located in a suburban industrial park.

At the cubicle to Skow’s left, another doctor was examining a head injury in Kansas. To his right, a physician monitored a possible heart attack at a critical-access hospital in Minnesota. Meanwhile, Skow used a remote control to move the high-resolution camera in Montana, zooming in to check the patient’s pupils for dilation and using a microphone to listen for breathing sounds.
“If she’s in respiratory failure, we need to take over her airway,” Skow told the nurse. “Let’s get all hands on deck.”

He watched on the monitor as a few more nurses and a physician assistant came into the hospital room to prepare for an emergency intubation. They needed to insert a tube down the patient’s throat to put her on a ventilator, but first that would require sedating and temporarily paralyzing her with medication, which meant she would no longer be capable of breathing on her own.

“Let’s get her down nice and hard,” Skow said, instructing the nurse to give the sedative first and then the paralytic. He zoomed in to check a bedside monitor that showed the patient’s oxygen level at 100 percent and then switched over to another camera adjacent to the breathing tube that allowed him to see down the inside of the patient’s throat.
“So there’s the epiglottis,” he said, directing the nurse as she tried to navigate the breathing tube past the tongue and into the windpipe. “There are your vocal cords. You’ve got a nice view right there. Do you see it?”

“There’s a lot of blood in the airway,” the nurse said.

“Yeah, I see that, too,” Skow said. He switched to another camera to check the patient’s oxygen level on the bedside monitor and watched as it dropped to 95 percent, 93 percent, then 90. If the patient were deprived of oxygen for too long, it could cause permanent brain damage or heart failure. He switched back to look down the patient’s throat. “Can you advance a bit further?” he asked the nurse. “You’ve almost got it. Just an inch?”
He watched the nurse maneuver the breathing tube as he drummed his fingers against his knee. During his own bedside shifts at the hospital in Sioux Falls, a city of 180,000, Skow had performed dozens of similar intubations under what he had come to think of as the standard conditions of an urban trauma center. He usually had another emergency physician nearby to provide backup, plus a trauma surgeon, a cardiologist, an anesthesiologist, and a team of up to 20 residents, ER nurses, and paramedics competing for space at the patient’s bedside. But now on the screen in rural Montana, Skow counted a total of five people in the room. None were doctors. None had significant experience performing emergency intubations.

He moved the camera again to check the patient’s oxygen level. Eighty-five percent. Seventy-six and dropping faster.

“Let’s bag up and give it another shot,” he said, instructing the nurses to pause the intubation and squeeze air by hand into the patient’s lungs. Skow asked them to try intubating again with a smaller breathing tube, and then he looked again through the camera into the patient’s throat.

“You’re right at the cords now. Can you advance just a bit?” he asked, inching his hands forward to demonstrate as the nurse did the same.
“Yes. That’s it!” he said, watching as the tube slid into position and the oxygen level began to rise. One of the nurses at the bedside looked up at the camera and gave a thumbs up. “Thanks,” she said.

“That’s all you,” Skow said. “I didn’t even touch her.”

* * *

If anything defines the growing health gap between rural and urban America, it’s the rise of emergency telemedicine in the poorest, sickest, and most remote parts of the country, where the choice is increasingly to have a doctor on screen or no doctor at all.

The number of ER patients in rural areas has surged by 60 percent in the past decade, even as the number of doctors and hospitals in those places has declined by up to 15 percent. Dozens of stand-alone ERs are fighting off bankruptcy. Hundreds of critical-access hospitals either can’t find a doctor to hire or can’t afford to keep one on site. Often it is a nurse or a physician assistant left in charge of a patient, and for the most severe cases many of them now hit a red button on the wall that connects directly to Sioux Falls.
In less than a decade, the virtual hospital has grown from a few part-time employees working out of a converted storage room into one of the country’s most dynamic 24-hour ERs, where a rural health-care crisis plays out on screen. Each month the monitors show an average of 300 cardiac episodes, 200 traumatic injuries, 80 overdoses and 25 burns. There are patients suffering from heat stroke in South Texas and frostbite in Minnesota — sometimes on the same day. There are drowning deaths in summer, gunshot wounds during hunting season, car accidents on icy roads, and snakebites in spring.

And now there was a video call coming into the office park from the latest hospital to seek virtual help, a critical-access facility in Onawa, Iowa, which had just finished installing its cameras a few hours earlier.

“Are we live?” asked Karla Copple, the hospital’s director of emergency services. She stood in an empty hospital room in Onawa, a farming town of 3,000 on the Missouri River, and looked up at a screen on the wall.

“Yes, I can see you,” said a nurse at the virtual hospital. “How are you today?”

“Just making a test call,” Copple said. “It’s all working?”
She had been trying to set up a partnership with the virtual hospital for the last year, ever since a car crash in Onawa sent four patients to the ER in critical condition when there was only one registered nurse on site. The hospital had a few doctors on staff, but they usually commuted into Onawa from their homes in Omaha, which was an hour away.

“In emergencies, every second counts!” read an introductory brochure from the virtual hospital, and Copple began researching telemedicine and sharing data with her staff. Doctors at the virtual hospital could begin treating a patient an average of 21 minutes faster than doctors on call, who often lost time driving from home to the hospital. Telemedicine helped hospitals retain and recruit doctors because it gave them more support and allowed for more time off. It also allowed hospitals to treat more patients on site rather than having to transfer them to bigger facilities, resulting in increased billing charges and more hospital income.
Late in the summer, Onawa had signed a subscription deal with the virtual hospital for the standard annual rate of about $70,000 per year. A charitable foundation offered to pay $170,000 to help cover initial equipment and technology costs, and an IT crew spent the next months outfitting two trauma rooms with fiber-optic cables, cameras and a microphone over the exam table, which Kopple was talking into now.

“You can hear me?” she asked.

“Loud and clear,” the nurse said. “We can hear you from anywhere in the room. These microphones are amazing.”

“Okay then,” Copple said. “Next time it’ll be for real.”

* * *

There are 15 doctors and 30 emergency nurses who rotate through shifts at the virtual hospital, and while all of them have trained for years inside regular ERs, nothing compared to the intensity of the industrial park. During one 24-hour shift, they often saw more critical cases on screen than most ER doctors encountered in a month: an average of one severe heart attack each shift, one suicide attempt, two pediatric emergencies, three traumatic injuries, four intubations, and five patients whose hearts had already stopped beating and needed immediate resuscitation.

“Do you feel a pulse?” Dr. Kelly Rhone was asking into the camera one morning, as she watched a team of nurses perform CPR on a middle-aged cancer patient at a small hospital in North Dakota. The patient’s shirt had been ripped in half, and his body shook from the force of the CPR compressions.

“Pulse?” Rhone asked again.

“I don’t have one,” a nurse said.
“Pupils?” Rhone asked.

“Fixed and dilated,” the nurse said.

“Okay. Let’s do one of epi,” Rhone said, instructing them to inject the patient with epinephrine, a medication used as a last resort to restart the heart. She zoomed in on a camera to look at a bedside monitor of the patient’s vital signs and counted off the seconds using a clock at her desk. An emergency nurse sat next to her in the office park and worked on a separate computer to arrange for helicopter transport to a trauma center, in case the patient’s heart started beating.

“Nice CPR,” Rhone told the nurses in the room. “You’re doing great.”

“I’m going to go talk to the wife,” one of the nurses said to Rhone, pointing toward the hallway. “She’s kind of hysterical. Any update you want me to give her?”

“Just that we’re still working on it,” Rhone said, even though she already suspected how this would end. There was statistically almost no chance the patient could be revived after several minutes without a heartbeat. “Tell her we’re doing everything we can.”

She ordered another injection of epinephrine and watched as the nurses injected him. She called out for another pulse check, and watched as the nurses in the room found none. She zoomed in to see the patient’s cardiac monitor and saw a flat line indicating no cardiac activity. “Eight minutes since arrival,” she told the nursing staff, as they continued CPR. “Twelve minutes since arrival,” she said. “Would his wife like a chance to come in?”
She believed one of the worst things she could do was withdraw care too quickly. Even if she already knew the patient was dead, she wanted the medical staff in the room to come to that realization on its own time. The hospital served a community of fewer than 2,000, which meant someone on the nursing team probably knew the patient personally. Rhone wanted staff members to feel they had done everything they could.

“Fifteen minutes since arrival,” she said, hoping to urge them toward a decision, and after another moment a few of the nurses stopped administering CPR, stepped back from the bed and went into the hallway to get the patient’s wife. Rhone watched her come in and kneel at the bedside. She watched as the wife gripped her husband’s jeans and buried her head into his chest. “Oh, God. That’s it. That’s it,” the wife said, as Rhone pushed her chair back from the computer monitor and checked the clock on her desk.

“It’s 11:06 a.m.,” she said quietly, speaking to one of the nurses in the room, so she could mark that down as the official time of death.

She watched as a paramedic pulled a white sheet over the patient’s body. Everyone in the room circled around the bed, and the wife started to pray. Her prayers turned to cries and her cries became louder, until after a few seconds the camera felt to Rhone like an intrusion, and she reached to her desk and switched the monitor off.

* * *

“Is that TV talking?” asked Silas Gruen, age 4. He adjusted his glasses and sat up on his hospital bed in Abilene, Kan., looking at a television screen mounted on the wall. He could see a woman in blue scrubs smiling at him as she typed into a keyboard.

“I think that’s actually your doctor,” said his mother, Amy.
“My doctor’s a TV?”

“Well, kind of,” Amy said, but before she could explain more the doctor on TV was talking again.

“So what exactly brought you in here today?” the doctor asked.

“You mean in here?” Amy asked, pointing down at the floor of the only hospital within 40 miles of her house, where she knew many of the employees. A sign near the doorway read, “Local Care Is Loving Care,” and soybean fields stretched in neat rows out the window. There was no doctor on site at the hospital during the day, so a physician assistant was attaching monitors to her son’s chest and pricking his finger for a blood sample while a nurse tried to distract him by offering a juice box.

This was the first time Amy had seen a virtual doctor in the ER, but at the moment she was more concerned about what had been happening that morning. She took a step closer to the screen and explained that Silas had woken up with nausea and a fever — common symptoms that concerned her because of his complex medical history. He had been born with a cleft lip and an eye condition, which meant they traveled every few months to find the specialized medical care that didn’t exist in most rural areas. Silas’s primary-care doctor was an hour away. He had regular appointments with specialists across the state. Already this morning, Amy had taken him to a walk-in clinic and then to the hospital, where a physician assistant who saw him had pushed the red button.

The doctor on the screen introduced herself as Katie DeJong. She said she could see on the bedside monitors that Silas’s blood sugar was dangerously low. She asked the physician assistant to give him medication and a chest X-ray, and then she turned her attention back to Amy, who was holding her son’s hand and sitting on the edge of his hospital bed.

“What do you think, Mom?” she said. “What’s your intuition?”
“He doesn’t seem like himself,” Amy said. She watched DeJong take notes on the screen. All Amy could see was a doctor, a nurse, and a blank yellow wall behind them. “Where are you, anyway?” she asked. “Kansas City?”

“Actually, South Dakota.”

“South Dakota?”

“Yep. Believe it or not.”

Amy rubbed Silas’s back and waited for DeJong to finish her evaluation. “My concern here with the blood sugar is we don’t know what’s causing it,” DeJong said. She explained that Silas needed further blood testing, specialized scans and maybe even an endocrine specialist — none of which was available at the moment in Abilene.

“I would definitely go ahead and transfer this,” DeJong said to the physician assistant in the room, and a little while later Amy and Silas were riding through soybean fields in an ambulance on their search for adequate medical care again, as a new wave of emergencies took their place on the monitors in Sioux Falls.

A farmer had fallen into a grain elevator and injured his head.

A drug addict was foaming at the mouth and turning blue.

A woman with pneumonia and a life-threatening sepsis infection was lying motionless on her hospital bed as her oxygen levels dropped.

“Who is our most experienced emergency provider in the room?” DeJong asked, speaking to five staff members surrounding the patient with sepsis, who was rolling her head from side to side and had signs of a possible brain bleed. They needed to protect her airway by inserting a breathing tube.
“Who has the most experience to perform the intubation?” DeJong asked again, louder this time, and finally a nurse stepped away from the bedside and looked up at the camera.

“I can try,” she said.

“Great,” DeJong said. “That’s terrific.”

She moved her camera around the hospital room, zooming into cabinets and drawers to help point out necessary supplies for the staff to gather at the bedside. She ordered them to give the patient a sedative and then a paralytic. Then she held up her fingers to the camera to demonstrate the best technique for intubation.

“You’re doing great,” she said, as she watched the nurse try to insert a breathing tube for what DeJong could tell was probably the first time. The nurse leaned over the patient’s throat, twisting the tube back and forth without advancing it down the airway.

“I’m not exactly sure what I’m seeing,” the nurse said.

“No problem,” DeJong said, as the patient’s oxygen levels began to drop on the bedside monitor. “Let’s bag up and try again.”

“I still can’t seem to advance it through,” the nurse said, on a second attempt, as the patient’s oxygen level dipped again.

“That’s okay,” DeJong said. “This is hard. Is there a more experienced provider who wants to make our next try?”
“I think I almost had it,” said the more experienced provider, after taking over and failing on the next attempt. They had been trying to intubate for 15 minutes. A nurse stepped away from the bedside and rubbed sweat from his head. “We’re doing fine,” DeJong said. “We just need to focus on technique.” She held up a pencil and pretended it was a breathing tube to demonstrate. She tilted her neck to show the proper position of the patient’s head.

They began another attempt as she moved the camera around the hospital room, hovering over the patient’s throat and zooming in on the oxygen levels, pushing the boundaries of technology and bumping up against its limitations. She wanted to reach into the screen. She wanted to be at the bedside. She wanted to be using her own hands to intubate, but instead she was 400 miles away, and for the moment all she could do was remain calm and reassuring as she pressed in closer to the monitor.

“You’re doing great,” she said, as the tube began to slide into place. “You’re giving the patient everything you can.”

**Eli Saslow**

Eli Saslow is a reporter at The Washington Post. He won the 2014 Pulitzer Prize for Explanatory Reporting for his year-long series about food stamps in America. He was also a finalist for the Pulitzer Prize in Feature Writing in 2013, 2016 and 2017. Follow [Twitter](https://twitter.com)