

Schatz_Substitute (as modified 4-29)



AMENDMENT NO. _____

Calendar No. _____

Purpose: To improve the bill.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—119th Cong., 1st Sess.**S.** _____

To enhance the use by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
Administration of artificial intelligence for weather fore-
casting, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on _____ and
ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended
to be proposed by Mr. SCHATZ

Viz:

1 Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-
2 lowing:

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Transformational Arti-
5 ficial intelligence to Modernize the Economy against Ex-
6 treme Weather and Wildfires Act” or the “TAME Ex-
7 treme Weather and Wildfires Act”.

8 **SEC. 2. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FOR WEATHER FORE-**
9 **CASTING.**

10 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1 (1) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The term “ar-
2 tificial intelligence”—

3 (A) has the meaning given that term in
4 section 5002 of the National Artificial Intel-
5 ligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9401);
6 and

7 (B) includes machine learning, neural net-
8 works, and natural language processing.

9 (2) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE WEATHER
10 MODEL.—The term “artificial intelligence weather
11 model” means a weather model based primarily on
12 artificial intelligence technology to project future
13 Earth system conditions based on machine learning
14 using weather forecasting training datasets.

15 (3) CURATE.—The term “curate”, with respect
16 to a dataset, means—

17 (A) to collect and maintain the dataset—

18 (i) to ensure and document its quality;

19 and

20 (ii) to provide metadata on its prove-
21 nance; and

22 (B) to update the dataset periodically, as
23 appropriate and practicable.

24 (4) NUMERICAL WEATHER MODEL.—The term
25 “numerical weather model” means a weather model

1 based primarily on coupled Earth System processes
2 that uses numerical computation to forecast future
3 Earth system conditions.

4 (5) OBSERVATIONAL DATA.—The term “obser-
5 vational data” means data and metadata from ac-
6 tual observations of environmental conditions, in-
7 cluding remote sensing and in situ platforms.

8 (6) SEASONAL, SUBSEASONAL, UNDER SEC-
9 RETARY, WEATHER ENTERPRISE.—the terms “sea-
10 sonal”, “subseasonal”, “Under Secretary”, and
11 “weather enterprise” have the meanings given those
12 terms in section 2 of the Weather Research and
13 Forecasting Innovation Act of 2017 (15 U.S.C.
14 8501).

15 (7) SYNTHETIC DATA.—The term “synthetic
16 data” means data produced from a model or statis-
17 tical method in order to fill gaps in observational
18 data.

19 (8) WEATHER DATA.—The term “weather
20 data” means information used to track and predict
21 weather conditions and patterns, including forecasts,
22 observations, and derivative products from such in-
23 formation.

24 (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is—

1 (1) to improve accuracy and timeliness of
2 weather, water, and space weather forecasts and ef-
3 fective dissemination of critical information;

4 (2) to strengthen analytic capacity to inform re-
5 source deployments in response to and to mitigate
6 harm from weather, water, wildfires, and space
7 weather hazards through the mandated exploration
8 and use of artificial intelligence by Federal agencies;

9 (3) to strengthen public-private partnerships to
10 accelerate adoption and outcomes of the use of arti-
11 ficial intelligence in response to and to mitigate such
12 harm; and

13 (4) to strengthen public-private partnerships in
14 highly technical, high-risk, and high-reward fields re-
15 lated to weather, water, wildfires, and space weather
16 forecasts.

17 (c) EARTH SYSTEM FORECASTING AND INFORMA-
18 TION DELIVERY.—

19 (1) TRAINING DATASETS.—Not later than 4
20 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
21 Under Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary
22 of Energy, the Administrator of the National Aero-
23 nautics and Space Administration, the Director of
24 the National Science Foundation, the Director of the
25 National Center for Atmospheric Research, the

1 Interagency Council on Advancing Meteorological
2 Services, other appropriate Federal advisory commit-
3 tees as determined by the Under Secretary, and such
4 other technical experts as the Under Secretary con-
5 siders appropriate, shall develop and curate com-
6 prehensive weather forecasting training datasets
7 with relevant Earth system data, quality informa-
8 tion, and metadata necessary for weather fore-
9 casting.

10 (2) USE OF EXISTING DATASETS.—In order to
11 speed the development of the weather forecasting
12 training datasets required under paragraph (1), the
13 Under Secretary shall assess, and to the greatest ex-
14 tent practicable build on, existing Earth system rea-
15 nalysis datasets of the Federal Government.

16 (3) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE WEATHER
17 MODEL.—

18 (A) GLOBAL MODEL.—In carrying out this
19 subsection, the Under Secretary, in consultation
20 with appropriate Federal advisory committees
21 as determined by the Under Secretary, may de-
22 velop and test a global weather model based on
23 artificial intelligence technologies utilizing data
24 of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
25 ministration to the extent possible.

1 (B) REGIONAL AND LOCAL MODELS.—In
2 addition to a global weather model under sub-
3 paragraph (A), the Under Secretary may exper-
4 iment with regional and local weather models
5 based on artificial intelligence technologies.

6 (4) USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TO DIS-
7 SEMINATE INFORMATION.—In coordination with an
8 artificial intelligence weather model or models devel-
9 oped under paragraph (3), the Under Secretary may
10 explore the use of artificial intelligence to enhance
11 the dissemination of information with respect to
12 weather and wildfire risks and evaluate the effective-
13 ness of communication for improved public under-
14 standing and preparedness.

15 (5) CONTINUED SUPPORT FOR OBSERVATIONS,
16 BASIC RESEARCH, AND NUMERICAL WEATHER MOD-
17 ELS.—Notwithstanding the requirements of this sub-
18 section, the Under Secretary shall continue to sup-
19 port and advance the activities of the National Oce-
20 anic and Atmospheric Administration—

21 (A) to collect and acquire traditional and
22 novel observational data relevant for artificial
23 intelligence and numerical weather, water, and
24 space weather forecasting;

1 (B) to advance research on the Earth sys-
2 tem and numerical weather model forecasting;

3 (C) to develop and advance numerical
4 Earth system modeling for predictions;

5 (D) to develop weather model data post-
6 processing techniques; and

7 (E) to improve data assimilation tech-
8 niques.

9 (6) OBSERVING SYSTEM COVERAGE.—In car-
10 rying out this subsection, the Under Secretary may
11 evaluate the use of cost functions in data-driven ma-
12 chine learning model training to balance inequities
13 in observing system coverage and data poor areas.

14 (7) UNCERTAINTY QUANTIFICATION RE-
15 SEARCH.—In carrying out this subsection, the Under
16 Secretary may develop uncertainty quantification re-
17 search for the purpose of accurate environmental
18 risk and hazard communications of probabilistic pre-
19 dictions and forecasts.

20 (8) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the
21 date of the enactment of this Act, and not less fre-
22 quently than every 2 years thereafter through 2035,
23 the Under Secretary shall submit to the Committee
24 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
25 Senate and the Committee on Science, Space, and

1 Technology of the House of Representatives a report
2 on the activities conducted under this subsection.

3 (d) ADVANCED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE APPLICA-
4 TIONS FOR WEATHER FORECASTS AND INFORMATION DE-
5 LIVERY.—The Under Secretary shall explore advanced ap-
6 plications of artificial intelligence to improve weather fore-
7 casts and information delivery, such as by—

8 (1) improving data assimilation;

9 (2) accounting for coupled Earth system proc-
10 esses;

11 (3) improving readiness and preparedness to
12 combat wildfires, mitigation of the risk from
13 wildfires, and improving safety for firefighters and
14 communities at risk from wildfires;

15 (4) using artificial intelligence weather models
16 to generate ensemble forecasts to more accurately
17 assess flow-dependent forecast uncertainties; and

18 (5) improving impact-based decision support for
19 greater societal benefits based on those forecasts.

20 (e) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ON USE OF ARTIFICIAL
21 INTELLIGENCE WEATHER, WATER, AND SPACE WEATH-
22 ER MODELS.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall
24 provide—

1 (A) technical assistance, data access, and
2 support for forecasters, scientists, social sci-
3 entists, and engineers to test and evaluate the
4 use and effectiveness of the artificial intel-
5 ligence models of the National Oceanic and At-
6 mospheric Administration, including within the
7 testbeds of the Administration;

8 (B) best practices on providing forecasts
9 based on outputs from artificial intelligence
10 weather models and numerical weather models,
11 or a combination thereof; and

12 (C) support for emergency managers to
13 make operational decisions based on outputs
14 from artificial intelligence weather models and
15 numerical weather models, or a combination
16 thereof.

17 (2) ASSESSMENT OF WEATHER MODELS.—

18 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary
19 shall support the development of a common
20 framework for the assessment of numerical
21 weather models and artificial intelligence weath-
22 er models by comparing model output and ob-
23 servational data over a period of time in the
24 past through the use of such methodologies as
25 the Under Secretary considers appropriate.

1 (B) BEST PRACTICES.—In carrying out
2 this paragraph, the Under Secretary may de-
3 velop and disseminate best practices in collabo-
4 ration with—

5 (i) the National Institute of Standards
6 and Technology, the National Aeronautics
7 and Space Administration, the National
8 Science Foundation, and the Department
9 of Energy;

10 (ii) academic and research institu-
11 tions; and

12 (iii) the private sector.

13 (3) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—In carrying out
14 this subsection, the Under Secretary may provide
15 technical assistance, best practices, and support re-
16 quired under paragraph (1) through the National
17 Weather Service.

18 (4) INDEPENDENT STUDY ON THE IMPACTS OF
19 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE WEATHER, WATER, AND
20 SPACE WEATHER MODELS.—The Under Secretary
21 may enter into an agreement with the National
22 Academy of Sciences or another entity as determined
23 appropriate by the Under Secretary to assess the
24 impacts of artificial intelligence weather models on
25 the weather enterprise and make recommendations

1 to improve the integration of such models in oper-
2 ational forecasting.

3 (f) PARTNERSHIPS FOR TRANSFORMATIONAL INNO-
4 VATION.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary may
6 explore novel structures for partnerships with pri-
7 vate, academic, and international entities for re-
8 search and development of transformative innovation
9 in weather forecasting and other environmental fore-
10 casts—

11 (A) to further the understanding of weath-
12 er, water, wildfires, and space weather, and
13 their societal impact;

14 (B) to advance the science of weather and
15 water forecasting, including seasonal and sub-
16 seasonal forecasting; and

17 (C) to develop, evaluate, and transition ar-
18 tificial intelligence weather, water, and hazard
19 forecasting applications to operations.

20 (2) CO-INVESTMENT.—Subject to applicable
21 law, the Under Secretary may consider and adopt
22 novel co-investment strategies with the private aca-
23 demic and international sectors to carry out para-
24 graph (1), including—

1 (A) non-Federal Government contributions
2 to resource and support high-risk, high-return
3 research and development in environmental
4 forecasting, data science, artificial intelligence,
5 and related fields;

6 (B) shared rights to intellectual property
7 from research and development activities under
8 this subsection; and

9 (C) other approaches to sharing resources
10 and results under this subsection.

11 (g) AVAILABILITY OF DATASET.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall
13 develop and implement a plan to make available to
14 the public, at no cost and subject to applicable law
15 and policy, the following:

16 (A) Operational artificial intelligence
17 weather models developed by the National Oce-
18 anic and Atmospheric Administration.

19 (B) Artificial intelligence weather models
20 that are not operational models, including ex-
21 perimental and developmental models, as the
22 Under Secretary determines appropriate.

23 (C) Applicable information and documenta-
24 tion for artificial intelligence weather models

1 described in subparagraphs (A) and (B), includ-
2 ing a description of intended model outputs.

3 (D) Subject to subsection (i), all data
4 owned by the Federal Government and data
5 that the Under Secretary has the legal right to
6 redistribute that are associated with artificial
7 intelligence weather models made available to
8 the public pursuant to the plan and used in
9 operational forecasting by the Administration,
10 including—

11 (i) relevant metadata; and

12 (ii) data used for operational artificial
13 intelligence weather models used by the
14 Administration.

15 (2) ACCOMMODATIONS.—In developing and im-
16 plementing the plan under paragraph (1), the Under
17 Secretary may make such accommodations as the
18 Under Secretary considers appropriate to ensure
19 that the public release of any artificial intelligence
20 weather model, information, documentation, or data
21 pursuant to the plan does not jeopardize—

22 (A) national security;

23 (B) intellectual property or redistribution
24 rights, including under titles 17 and 35, United
25 States Code;

1 (C) any trade secret or commercial or fi-
2 nancial information subject to section 552(b)(4)
3 of title 5, United States Code;

4 (D) any models or data that are otherwise
5 restricted by contract or other written agree-
6 ment; or

7 (E) the mission of the Administration to
8 protect lives and property.

9 (3) REPORT.—

10 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
11 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
12 Under Secretary shall submit to Congress a re-
13 port, in both unclassified and classified form,
14 regarding the risks to the economic and intellec-
15 tual security of the United States from foreign
16 countries of concern through access by those
17 countries to weather data in the United States.

18 (B) ELEMENTS.—The report required
19 under subparagraph (A) shall include—

20 (i) a full analysis of the national, in-
21 tellectual, and economic security implica-
22 tions for the United States with respect to
23 intellectual property theft or cyber or
24 human espionage through access to weath-
25 er data; and

1 (ii) conclusions of the Under Sec-
2 retary and recommendations for legislative
3 and administrative action, if any.

4 (C) FOREIGN COUNTRY OF CONCERN DE-
5 FINED.—In this paragraph, the term “foreign
6 country of concern” has the meaning given that
7 term in section 9901 of the William M. (Mac)
8 Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act
9 for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4651).

10 (h) RETENTION OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EXPER-
11 TISE.—Subject to applicable law, the Under Secretary
12 may consider novel methods to recruit, retrain, and retain
13 expert personnel to support activities under this section,
14 including by—

15 (1) using methods to be competitive with sala-
16 ries outside the Federal Government;

17 (2) developing staff exchange programs and
18 training programs; and

19 (3) leveraging applicable hiring and retention
20 strategies authorized for Federal agencies.

21 (i) PROTECTION OF NATIONAL SECURITY INTER-
22 ESTS.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
24 provision of this section, the Under Secretary, in
25 consultation with the Secretary of Defense, as ap-

1 appropriate, may withhold models or data used under
2 this section if the Under Secretary determines doing
3 so to be necessary to protect the national security
4 interests of the United States.

5 (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
6 section shall be construed to supersede any other
7 provision of law governing the protection of the na-
8 tional security interests of the United States.

9 (j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
10 authorized to be appropriated to the Under Secretary to
11 carry out this section—

12 (1) for fiscal year 2026, \$105,000,000; and

13 (2) for each of fiscal years 2027 through 2030,
14 \$25,000,000.