113TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.	
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To require the Federal Trade Commission to prescribe regulations regarding the collection and use of personal information obtained by tracking the online activity of an individual, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Rockefeller (for himself and Mr. Blumenthal) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To require the Federal Trade Commission to prescribe regulations regarding the collection and use of personal information obtained by tracking the online activity of an individual, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Do-Not-Track Online
 - 5 Act of 2013".

1	SEC. 2. REGULATIONS RELATING TO "DO-NOT-TRACK"
2	MECHANISMS.
3	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
4	date of the enactment of this Act, the Federal Trade Com-
5	mission shall promulgate—
6	(1) regulations that establish standards for the
7	implementation of a mechanism by which an indi-
8	vidual can simply and easily indicate whether the in-
9	dividual prefers to have personal information col-
10	lected by providers of online services, including by
11	providers of mobile applications and services; and
12	(2) rules that prohibit, except as provided in
13	subsection (b), such providers from collecting per-
14	sonal information on individuals who have expressed,
15	via a mechanism that meets the standards promul-
16	gated under paragraph (1), a preference not to have
17	such information collected.
18	(b) Exception.—The rules promulgated under para-
19	graph (2) of subsection (a) shall allow for the collection
20	and use of personal information on an individual described
21	in such paragraph, notwithstanding the expressed pref-
22	erence of the individual via a mechanism that meets the
23	standards promulgated under paragraph (1) of such sub-
24	section, to the extent—
25	(1) necessary to provide a service requested by
26	the individual, including with respect to such service,

1	basic functionality and effectiveness, so long as such
2	information is anonymized or deleted upon the provi-
3	sion of such service; or
4	(2) the individual—
5	(A) receives clear, conspicuous, and accu-
6	rate notice on the collection and use of such in-
7	formation; and
8	(B) affirmatively consents to such collec-
9	tion and use.
10	(c) Factors.—In promulgating standards and rules
11	under subsection (a), the Federal Trade Commission shall
12	consider and take into account the following:
13	(1) The appropriate scope of such standards
14	and rules, including the conduct to which such rules
15	shall apply and the persons required to comply with
16	such rules.
17	(2) The technical feasibility and costs of—
18	(A) implementing mechanisms that would
19	meet such standards; and
20	(B) complying with such rules.
21	(3) Mechanisms that—
22	(A) have been developed or used before the
23	date of the enactment of this Act; and
24	(B) are for individuals to indicate simply
25	and easily whether the individuals prefer to

1	have personal information collected by providers
2	of online services, including by providers of mo-
3	bile applications and services.
4	(4) How mechanisms that meet such standards
5	should be publicized and offered to individuals.
6	(5) Whether and how information can be col-
7	lected and used on an anonymous basis so that the
8	information—
9	(A) cannot be reasonably linked or identi-
10	fied with a person or device, both on its own
11	and in combination with other information; and
12	(B) does not qualify as personal informa-
13	tion subject to the rules promulgated under
14	subsection $(a)(2)$.
15	(6) The standards under which personal infor-
16	mation may be collected and used, subject to the
17	anonymization or deletion requirements of sub-
18	section (b)(1)—
19	(A) to fulfill the basic functionality and ef-
20	fectiveness of an online service, including a mo-
21	bile application or service;
22	(B) to provide the content or services re-
23	quested by individuals who have otherwise ex-
24	pressed, via a mechanism that meets the stand-
25	ards promulgated under subsection (a)(1), a

1	preference not to have personal information col-
2	lected; and
3	(C) for such other purposes as the Com-
4	mission determines substantially facilitates the
5	functionality and effectiveness of the online
6	service, or mobile application or service, in a
7	manner that does not undermine an individual's
8	preference, expressed via such mechanism, not
9	to collect such information.
10	(d) Rulemaking.—The Federal Trade Commission
11	shall promulgate the standards and rules required by sub-
12	section (a) in accordance with section 553 of title 5,
13	United States Code.
14	SEC. 3. ENFORCEMENT OF "DO-NOT-TRACK" MECHANISMS.
15	(a) Enforcement by Federal Trade Commis-
16	SION.—
17	(1) Unfair or deceptive acts or prac-
18	TICES.—A violation of a rule promulgated under sec-
19	tion 2(a)(2) shall be treated as an unfair and decep-
20	tive act or practice in violation of a regulation under
21	section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commis-
22	sion Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)) regarding unfair
23	or deceptive acts or practices.
24	(2) Powers of commission.—

1	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
2	subparagraph (C), the Federal Trade Commis-
3	sion shall enforce this Act in the same manner
4	by the same means, and with the same jurisdic-
5	tion, powers, and duties as though all applicable
6	terms and provisions of the Federal Trade
7	Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were in-
8	corporated into and made a part of this Act.
9	(B) Privileges and immunities.—Ex-
10	cept as provided in subparagraph (C), any per-
11	son who violates this Act shall be subject to the
12	penalties and entitled to the privileges and im-
13	munities provided in the Federal Trade Com-
14	mission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.).
15	(C) Nonprofit organizations.—The
16	Federal Trade Commission shall enforce this
17	Act with respect to an organization that is not
18	organized to carry on business for its own profit
19	or that of its members as if such organization
20	were a person over which the Commission has
21	authority pursuant to section 5(a)(2) of the
22	Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.
23	45(a)(2)).
24	(b) Enforcement by States —

1	(1) In general.—In any case in which the at-
2	torney general of a State has reason to believe that
3	an interest of the residents of the State has been or
4	is threatened or adversely affected by the engage-
5	ment of any person subject to a rule promulgated
6	under section 2(a)(2) in a practice that violates the
7	rule, the attorney general of the State may, as
8	parens patriae, bring a civil action on behalf of the
9	residents of the State in an appropriate district
10	court of the United States—
11	(A) to enjoin further violation of such rule
12	by such person;
13	(B) to compel compliance with such rule;
14	(C) to obtain damages, restitution, or other
15	compensation on behalf of such residents;
16	(D) to obtain such other relief as the court
17	considers appropriate; or
18	(E) to obtain civil penalties in the amount
19	determined under paragraph (2).
20	(2) CIVIL PENALTIES.—
21	(A) CALCULATION.—Subject to subpara-
22	graph (B), for purposes of imposing a civil pen-
23	alty under paragraph (1)(E) with respect to a
24	person that violates a rule promulgated under
25	section 2(a)(2), the amount determined under

1	this paragraph is the amount calculated by mul-
2	tiplying the number of days that the person is
3	not in compliance with the rule by an amount
4	not greater than \$16,000.
5	(B) MAXIMUM TOTAL LIABILITY.—The
6	total amount of civil penalties that may be im-
7	posed with respect to a person that violates a
8	rule promulgated under section 2(a)(2) shall
9	not exceed \$15,000,000 for all civil actions
10	brought against such person under paragraph
11	(1) for such violation.
12	(C) Adjustment for inflation.—Be-
13	ginning on the date on which the Bureau of
14	Labor Statistics first publishes the Consumer
15	Price Index after the date that is 1 year after
16	the date of the enactment of this Act, and an-
17	nually thereafter, the amounts specified in sub-
18	paragraphs (A) and (B) shall be increased by
19	the percentage increase in the Consumer Price
20	Index published on that date from the Con-
21	sumer Price Index published the previous year.
22	(3) Rights of federal trade commis-
23	SION.—
24	(A) Notice to federal trade commis-
25	SION —

1	(i) In general.—Except as provided
2	in clause (iii), the attorney general of a
3	State shall notify the Federal Trade Com-
4	mission in writing that the attorney gen-
5	eral intends to bring a civil action under
6	paragraph (1) before initiating the civil ac-
7	tion.
8	(ii) Contents.—The notification re-
9	quired by clause (i) with respect to a civil
10	action shall include a copy of the complaint
11	to be filed to initiate the civil action.
12	(iii) Exception.—If it is not feasible
13	for the attorney general of a State to pro-
14	vide the notification required by clause (i)
15	before initiating a civil action under para-
16	graph (1), the attorney general shall notify
17	the Federal Trade Commission imme-
18	diately upon instituting the civil action.
19	(B) Intervention by federal trade
20	COMMISSION.—The Federal Trade Commission
21	may—
22	(i) intervene in any civil action
23	brought by the attorney general of a State
24	under paragraph (1); and
25	(ii) upon intervening—

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1	(I) be heard on all matters aris-
2	ing in the civil action; and
3	(II) file petitions for appeal of a
4	decision in the civil action.
5	(4) Investigatory powers.—Nothing in this
6	subsection may be construed to prevent the attorney
7	general of a State from exercising the powers con-
8	ferred on the attorney general by the laws of the
9	State to conduct investigations, to administer oaths
10	or affirmations, or to compel the attendance of wit-
11	nesses or the production of documentary or other
12	evidence.
13	(5) Preemptive action by federal trade
14	COMMISSION.—If the Federal Trade Commission in-
15	stitutes a civil action or an administrative action
16	with respect to a violation of a rule promulgated
17	under section 2(a)(2), the attorney general of a
18	State may not, during the pendency of such action,
19	bring a civil action under paragraph (1) against any
20	defendant named in the complaint of the Commis-
21	sion for the violation with respect to which the Com-
22	mission instituted such action.
23	(6) Venue; service of process.—
24	(A) Venue.—Any action brought under
25	paragraph (1) may be brought in—

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1	(i) the district court of the United
2	States that meets applicable requirements
3	relating to venue under section 1391 of
4	title 28, United States Code; or
5	(ii) another court of competent juris-
6	diction.
7	(B) Service of Process.—In an action
8	brought under paragraph (1), process may be
9	served in any district in which the defendant—
10	(i) is an inhabitant; or
11	(ii) may be found.
12	(7) ACTIONS BY OTHER STATE OFFICIALS.—
13	(A) In general.—In addition to civil ac-
14	tions brought by attorneys general under para-
15	graph (1), any other officer of a State who is
16	authorized by the State to do so may bring a
17	civil action under paragraph (1), subject to the
18	same requirements and limitations that apply
19	under this subsection to civil actions brought by
20	attorneys general.
21	(B) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this
22	subsection may be construed to prohibit an au-
23	thorized official of a State from initiating or
24	continuing any proceeding in a court of the

1	State for a violation of any civil or criminal law
2	of the State.
3	SEC. 4. BIENNIAL REVIEW AND ASSESSMENT.
4	Not later than 2 years after the effective date of the
5	regulations initially promulgated under section 2, the Fed-
6	eral Trade Commission shall—
7	(1) review the implementation of this Act;
8	(2) assess the effectiveness of such regulations,
9	including how such regulations define or interpret
10	the term "personal information" as such term is
11	used in section 2;
12	(3) assess the effect of such regulations on on-
13	line commerce; and
14	(4) submit to Congress a report on the results
15	of the review and assessments required by this sec-
16	tion.